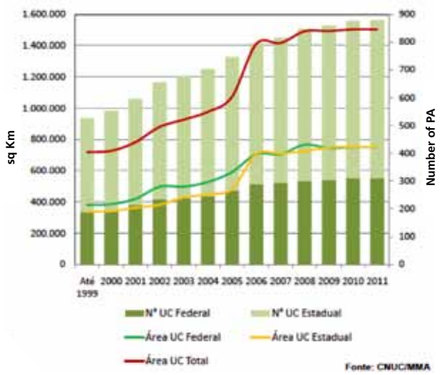
In the last 10 years, Brazil doubled the number and extension of protected areas



Operational resources for PA's management have become insufficient compared to this extraordinary growth

Ministério do Meio Ambiente
Departamento de Áreas Protegidas - DAP
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W/3 Norte - Brasília - DF
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The SNUC has:

- 11 RAMSAR sites **(66,000 sq.km)**
- 6 Biosphere Reserve Nucleus areas – UNESCO **(135,000 sq.km)**
- **11** Protected areas recognized as **World Heritage Sites**
- The **largest river archipelagoes in the world**: Mariua, with 700 islands and the Anavilhanas National Park, both on the Negro River
- The **largest protected area** of tropical forests – the Grão Pará Ecological Station, with over **42,000 sq.km** – same size as Holland

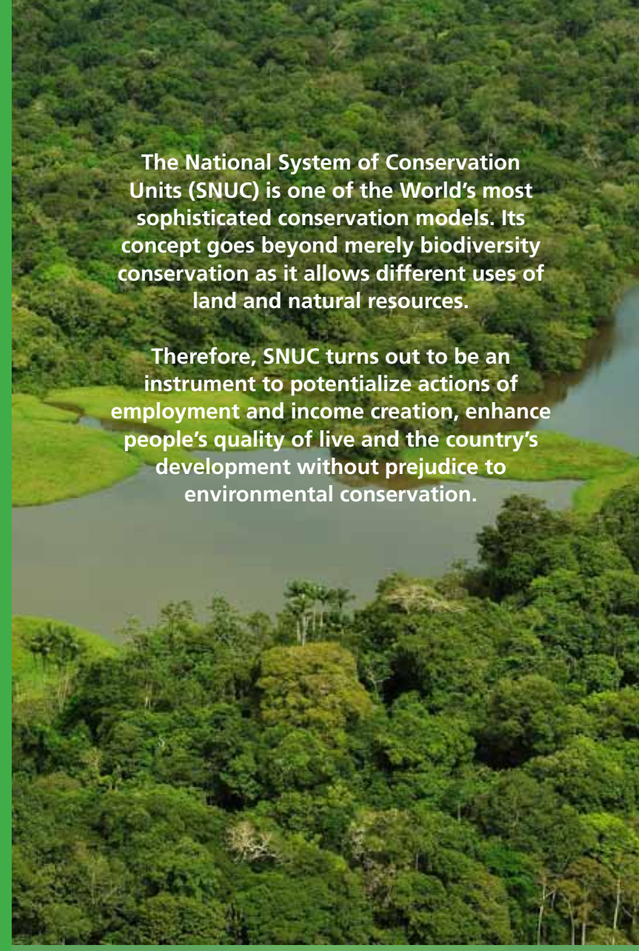
Ministério do Meio Ambiente

GOVERNO FEDERAL BRASIL PAÍS RICO É PAÍS SEM POBREZA

SNUC-LifeWeb Initiative Calling for Partnerships

Sistema Nacional de Unidades de Conservação da Natureza SNUC - 10 anos

LifeWeb
Partnerships for financing protected areas



The National System of Conservation Units (SNUC) is one of the World's most sophisticated conservation models. Its concept goes beyond merely biodiversity conservation as it allows different uses of land and natural resources.

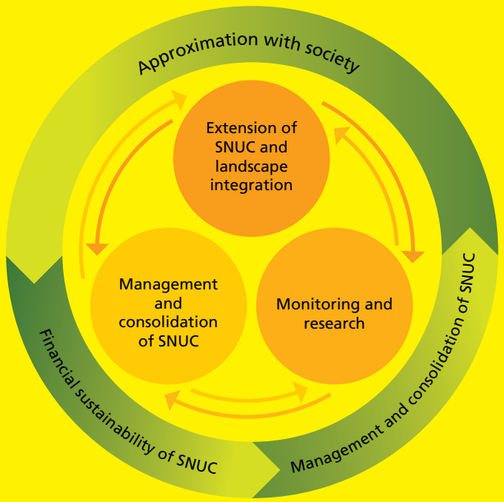
Therefore, SNUC turns out to be an instrument to potentialize actions of employment and income creation, enhance people's quality of live and the country's development without prejudice to environmental conservation.

SNUC's Highlights

- the National System of Conservation Units (SNUC) is the 4th largest PA system in the world, with roughly 1600 units, covering **1.5 million sq.Km** – corresponding to the area of France, Portugal, Spain and Germany altogether
- contemplates **all Brazilian Biomes** with the Amazon, Cerrado and the Atlantic Rain Forest as the most protected ones
- has contributed, from 2003 until 2008, with nearly **75%** towards the overall growth of the **global protected area network** (Global Biodiversity Outlook; GBO-3)
- in the Amazon region, PA often serve as **"green barriers"** to deforestation
- **carbon stocks** are estimated to be approximately **15gt**, representing considerable contributions to climate regulation on a regional/continental scale

These challenges are outlined in the National Strategy for Consolidating and Extending the SNUC, established by the Brazilian Ministry of Environment-MMA. The strategy will consider:

- better use of financial and cooperation opportunities provided by GEF, LifeWeb and others;
- mainstream smaller projects in order to maximize impacts and reduce transaction costs.



LifeWeb
Partnerships for financing protected areas

Become a SNUC-LifeWeb Partner

LifeWeb is a partnership platform that strengthens financing for protected areas to conserve biodiversity, secure livelihoods and address climate change, through implementation of the CBD Programme of Work on Protected Areas.
During CBD COP in Nagoya/Japan-2010, Brazil has submitted an expression of interests for a project called "Consolidating the SNUC".
Based on lessons learned and results from relevant projects such as PPG7, Ecological Corridors, Atlantic Rain Forest Protection, Cerrado Sustainable Use Project and in association with a GEF-5-Project promoting continental PA – called GEF-TER, **the Brazilian government is launching the SNUC-LifeWeb initiative and calls for partnerships**.

The SNUC-LifeWeb Project

- ***Proponent:***
  Ministry of the Environment – Brazil (MMA) in cooperation with its executing entities ICMBio, IBAMA and in partnership with State environmental agencies
- ***Time frame:***
  5 years 2012 – 2017 (starting phase)
- ***Scale:***
  all biomes

Lines of intervention during the starting phase

- organizational strengthening and capacity building on all levels of SNUC
- implementing modern management instruments (e.g. adaptive management plans) and basic infrastructure
- implementing nation wide communication campaigns to promote broad recognition of protected areas as natural assets and to stimulate social co-responsibility for their conservation
- establishing strategies and mechanisms to provide SNUCs financial sustainability

In association with the GEF-TER Project, the SNUC-LifeWeb Project will share

- outsourcing of management routines and use of accredited service providers to enhance government action
- financial arrangements enabled do manage public and private funds.

Joint efforts with global impacts
opportunities and advantages of cooperation

- implementation of international conventions such as the Convention on Biological Diversity, Convention on Climate Change
- strengthening alliances of countries committed with environmental sustainability
- contributions to climate change mitigation, conservation of PA's carbon stock
- possibility to consider public contributions as "official development aid"-ODA
- development of new modes of public-private cooperation and knowledge exchange
- contribuitions to implement the "green economy" concept

SNUC - LifeWeb		
Overall costs (US$)	External Contributions (US$)	Counterpart funds (US$)
230,000,000 (Expression of Interest to LifeWeb/CBD)	25,000,000 (German Gov. – BMU)	115,000,000 Government budgets (federal and participating states) Private sector contributions
	90,000,000	**Financial GAP**
GEF - TER		
120,000,000	33,000,000 (GEF 5) Requested	87,000,000 Government and private funds