Note by the Bureau of the ICCP on technical issues associated with the implementation of the Pilot Phase of the Biosafety Clearing-House

A. Background

At its first meeting, held in Montpellier, France, from 11 to 15 December 2000, the Intergovernmental Committee for the Cartagena Protocol on Biosafety (ICCP) recommended the development of a pilot phase of the Biosafety Clearing-House (BCH) established by Article 20 of the Protocol. The ICCP identified a number of elements and steps to guide the development of this pilot phase whose objectives were defined by the Committee as follows: i) to build experience and provide feedback for the development of a functional and accessible internet based BCH, and to identify alternatives to the electronic system; ii) to identify and address capacity needs of countries with respect to the BCH (see report of the ICCP meeting as contained in document UNEP/CBD/ICCP/1/9, annex 1).

The ICCP mandated the Bureau to provide management oversight of the development and implementation of the pilot phase of the BCH and to draw upon appropriate technical advisory expertise to facilitate this development and implementation.

The present note contains recommendations made by a liaison group meeting of technical experts on the BCH convened at the initiative of the Executive Secretary from 19 to 20 March 2001 to provide advice on technical issues associated with the implementation of the pilot phase of the BCH. At its meeting held on 21 March 2001, the Bureau endorsed these recommendations and requested the Secretariat to convey them (as information note) to all Governments and invite feedback in order to ensure transparency in the development of the pilot phase of the BCH.

B. Recommendations

I. Guiding Principle

The prototype should be scalable and flexible so as to be able to accommodate future needs. The BCH should also include a disclaimer regarding the information it provides during the pilot phase.

II. Establishment of Central Portal

- Make the central portal available to users as soon as possible
- In the design of the central portal, use the elements referred to in Attachment 1

III. Central Database

- Associate all data in the system with comprehensive set of metadata
- Use a controlled vocabulary for the metadata descriptors
- Where possible draw descriptors from multi-lingual thesauruses to assist in future use of all six official UN languages
- Use information exchange protocols to allow interoperability among databases
- Continue to develop common formats along the lines of those attached (Attachment 2, Attachment 3) for review by the ICCP
- Bureau and make them available to countries for submission of information
- Develop a tool-kit to assist in the establishment of national databases, based on the common formats

IV. Partnerships

Partners with mandatory information (e.g. OECD/UNIDO)

In order to become partners with the BCH, these partners must follow specific guidelines for information sharing:

- Countries must indicate the partner institution which is responsible for hosting the specific information
- Partner institution must conform to the BCH interoperability standards including the "availability" of a "minimum" set of data fields/data sets
- Partners must guarantee maintenance, 24 hour/7 day availability and open access
- If availability "standards" are not reached or if partner does not wish to continue to provide information to BCH, all data/information subject to this partnership will be transferred to BCH/Secretariat

Partners with "non-mandatory" information (e.g. ICGEB)

- Partnership will be sought to "add value"
- Partners must follow specific guidelines for information sharing such as interoperability standards

V. Non-Electronic Access

- Options should address both provider and user
- Options should be country-driven (i.e. respond to country needs)
- · First priority should focus on mechanisms to input data
- Prepare guidelines and templates to assist in the input of data (see Section II)

VI. Review

The attached indicators (Attachment 4) are a good basis for evaluation. They will be kept open for the independent review.

Biosafety Clearing-House: Central portal

Introduction to the BCH

- Background information
- Site map
- Glossary
- Frequently Asked Questions

National Focal Points

Competent National Authorities

National laws, regulations and guidelines

- Summary of regulatory system
 - · Links to laws, regulations and guidelines
 - Bilateral and multilateral agreements

Decisions

- Decisions taken under the Advance Informed Agreement procedure
- Decisions on living modified organisms for food, feed and for processing
- Domestic decisions on environmental releases

Risk assessments

Biosafety research

• Link to ICGEB Biosafety bibliographic database and others

Biosafety Roster of Experts

Capacity-building projects

Search facilities

- Search by country or region
- Search by organism and trait
- Advanced search

Related web sites

- Links to OECD/UNIDO and other relevant national, regional and international databases and resources
- Cartagena Protocol on Biosafety
- Link to Protocol home page

Attachment 2
Draft Common Format for Movement of LMOs for direct use as food, feed or for processing (LMO-FFPs) (information required under article 11 from Annex II)

a) Applicant details:	Name	<text entry=""></text>
-7PF Gomito.	Organization	<text entry=""></text>
	Postal address	<text entry=""></text>
	Country	<text entry=""></text>
	Telephone	<text entry=""></text>
	Facsimile	<text entry=""></text>
	Email	<text entry=""></text>
b) Responsible authority details:	Name	<text entry=""></text>
	Organization	<text entry=""></text>
	Postal address	<text entry=""></text>
	Country	<text entry=""></text>
	Telephone	<text entry=""></text>
	Facsimile	<text entry=""></text>
	Email	<text entry=""></text>
c) Identity of living modified	Name	<text entry=""></text>
organism:	Identity	<text entry=""></text>
d) Description of living modified		<text entry=""></text>
organism:	Technique used for modification	<pre><controlled for<="" pre="" vocabulary=""></controlled></pre>
	a standard and tot modification	common techniques: plasmid
		carried by Agrobacterium
		tumefaciens, biolistic methods.
		electric shock (poration), osmotic
		shock, other> and <text -<="" entry="" td=""></text>
		for further detail>
	Resulting characteristics of the	<controlled for<="" p="" vocabulary=""></controlled>
	living modified organism	common characteristics:
	_	agronomic properties, antibiotic
		resistance, bacterial resistance,
{		fungus resistance, herbicide
		tolerance, insect resistance,
		marker gene, nematode
		resistance, product quality, virus
		resistance, other> and <text entry<="" td=""></text>
		- for further detail>
e) Unique identification of the	Unique identifier	<controlled agreed<="" p="" vocabulary:=""></controlled>
living modified organism:		international standards>
f) Recipient and/or parental	Taxonomic status	<controlled agreed<="" p="" vocabulary:=""></controlled>
organism:		international standards>
	Common name	<controlled p="" vocabulary="" with<=""></controlled>
	7	thesaurus>
	Point of collection or acquisition	<geographic coordinates=""> or</geographic>
		<text entry=""></text>
	Characteristics of recipient and/or parental organism related to	<text entry=""></text>
	biosafety	
g) Centres of origin and centres	Centres of origin of recipient	<pre><controlled: country="" pre="" region<=""></controlled:></pre>
of genetic diversity:	and/or parental organism	name>
	Centres of genetic diversity of	<pre><controlled: country="" pre="" region<=""></controlled:></pre>
	recipient and/or parental	name>
	organisms	

	Description of the habitats where the recipient and/or parental organisms may persist or proliferate	<text entry=""></text>
h) Donor organism(s):	Taxonomic status	controlled vocabulary: international agreed standards>
	Common name	<pre><controlled thesaurus="" vocabulary="" with=""></controlled></pre>
	Point of collection or acquisition	<pre><geographic coordinates=""> or <text entry=""></text></geographic></pre>
	Characteristics of donor organism related to biosafety	<text entry=""></text>
i) Approved uses:	Approved uses of the living modified organism	<text entry=""></text>
j) Risk assessments	A previous and existing risk assessment report consistent with Annex III	link: see separate format>
k) Handling, storage, transport and use (include packaging, labelling, documentation, disposal and contingency procedures, where appropriate)	Suggested methods for safe handling	<text entry=""></text>
	Suggested methods for safe storage	<text entry=""></text>
	Suggested methods for safe transport	<text entry=""></text>
	Suggested methods for safe use	<text entry=""></text>

Attachment 3

Draft Common Format for Biosafety Laws, Regulations & Guidelines (Article 20.3a)

1) Country:	<controlled cbd:="" country="" from="" list="" vocabulary=""></controlled>	
2) Jurisdiction:	<controlled cbd:="" country="" from="" list="" vocabulary=""> and <text e.g.<="" entry,="" p=""></text></controlled>	
	Scotland and Wales>	
3) Title of document:	<text act="" e.g.="" entry,="" gene="" national="" technology="" ugandan=""></text>	
4) Type of document:	<controlled from="" law="" national="" national<="" p="" protocol:="" vocabulary=""></controlled>	
	regulation / national guideline>	
5) Subject area:	<controlled and<="" from="" p="" pharmaceuticals="" protocol:="" transit="" vocabulary=""></controlled>	
	contained use / LMOs for intentional	
	introduction into the environment / LMOs for use as food or feed or for	
	processing / Handling, transport, packaging and identification, etc.> or	
	<controlled <="" contained="" from="" other="" p="" sources:="" use="" vocabulary=""></controlled>	
	Field trial / Placing on the market / Transit / Other>	
6) Objective:	<text "the="" act="" contribute="" e.g.="" ensuring<="" entry="" is="" objective="" of="" p="" this="" to=""></text>	
	an adequate level of protection in the field of the safe transfer, handling	
	and use of living modified organisms resulting from modern	
	biotechnology that may have adverse effects on the conservation and	
	sustainable use of biological diversity, taking also into account risks to	
	human health, and specifically focusing on transboundary	
	movements.">	
7) Scope:	<text "these="" apply="" e.g.="" entry="" regulations="" td="" the="" to="" transboundary<=""></text>	
	movement, transit, handling and use of all	
	living modified plants that may have adverse effects on the	
	conservation and sustainable use of biological diversity, taking also	
0) 5	into account risks to human health.">	
8) Date of entry into force:	<standard date="" format:="" yyyy-mm-dd=""></standard>	
9) Amendments:	<text and="" cross-reference="" entry="" link=""></text>	
10) Official languages available:	<controlled e.g.="" english,="" french,="" urdu="" vocabulary:=""></controlled>	
11) Other translations and their	<text entry=""></text>	
status:		
12) Location of document texts:	<specific address<="" e.g.="" entry:="" html="" hyperlink="" of="" or="" p="" pdf="" street="" types=""></specific>	
	and/or official Gazette reference>	
13) Regulatory contact:	<standard address="" address,="" contact="" details:="" email="" fax,="" name,="" phone,=""></standard>	
14) Any other relevant	<text entry=""></text>	
information:		

[+ name of submitter and date of submission to BCH]

Review of the pilot phase of the BCH

Suggested indicators for success:

Elements	Indicators
Principles	
Development to be guided by principles of inclusiveness, transparency and equity	 Number and variety (regional balance, access to Internet-based and non-electronic information, etc.) of governments participating in the pilot phase Number and variety (regional balance, access to Internet-based and non-electronic information, etc.) of governments providing information to the BCH
Objectives	
To build experience and provide feedback for the development of a functional and accessible Internet based BCH	Number and regional balance of governments participating in the pilot phase Internet usage statistics
To identify alternatives to the electronic system	 Identification of alternatives to the electronic system Effectiveness of the alternative mechanisms implemented
Identify and address capacity needs of countries with respect to the BCH	 Consultation with countries Identification of capacity needs of countries Establishment of mechanisms to address capacity needs
Characteristics	
Amenable to rapid development User-friendly, searchable and understandable	 Responses to changing requirements Efficient search facilities Effective guidelines for use of system Standard key words / meta-data
Efficient mechanism for implementation of the requirements of the Protocol	 Inclusion of information required to implement the Protocol Consultation with countries
Information to facilitate decision-making	Inclusion of the following information: Information under the AIA procedures Information on focal points Information of national competent authorities National legislation Decisions Risk assessment reports Use of scientific information
Information for Article 11, paragraph 1 (LMO-FFPs)	Inclusion of information specified in Annex II of the Protocol
Access to the roster of experts	 Availability of roster of experts Searchability of roster of experts
Elements required to implement the	e pilot phase
Central portal	 Establishment of central portal Consultation with countries

Central database	Establishment of the central database
	Information from countries without a national database
	Information sent from countries without an electronic infrastructure
	Information required to implement Article 11, paragraph 1
	Searchable indexes of information to facilitate decision-making.
	including that required under the Advance Informed Agreement
	procedure
Linkage of central portal to	Number and regional distribution of national, regional and
national, regional and	international databases/nodes identified and linked
international databases/nodes	Level of interoperability between databases
Common formats for	Creation of common formats for data reporting for major
information	categories of information
	Consultation with countries
Recommendations in the Annex	
Administrative	Creation of appropriate administrative arrangements with relevant international organizations
	Use of existing information systems as models for implementing
	the obligations under Article 10 and 11, paragraph 1 of the
	Biosafety Protocol
Access of all countries to	Use of best practices
existing databases	
Oversight and management	Consultation with Bureau
Technical implementation	Use of appropriate technical advisory expertise
	Number and regional balance of Governments facilitating
Manitoring and mari-	establishment of linkages to the BCH
Monitoring and review	ICCP-2 report on the progress of the pilot phase
	Outcome of independent review of the pilot phase
Capacity building	Outcome of technical experts meeting to review the pilot phase
Capacity building	 Number and regional balance of governments who have submitted their priority needs to the Executive Secretary regarding capacities
	Identification of capacity-building needs of those countries to be linked to the Biosafety Clearing-House
	Identification of measures to establish a capacity-building
	programme addressing those needs
	Preparation of report analyzing identified capacity-building and
	financial requirements of countries in the specified categories
	Circulation of the above information to the appropriate
T	organizations with a role in capacity-building
Languages	Ability of pilot phase to enable the use of all six official United
Decourse	Nations languages at a later stage
Resources	Amount of financial support and appropriate technical assistance
	received from developed country governments and other donors

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Project plan	Inclusion of the following elements in the pilot phase:
	Establishment of the central portal
	Creation of appropriate administrative arrangements and partnerships with other international organizations and governments
	Identification of relevant databases and resources, and links established where appropriate
•	Establishment of central database(s)
	Identification and development of appropriate common information formats and search mechanisms
	 Incorporation of mechanisms for adapting existing systems to conform to BCH requirements
	 Preparation of a report assessing the capacities of all interested governments
	Development of a mechanism for non-electronic information- sharing
Гiming	Initiation of all elements of the project plan within one month of availability of resources
Work plan	Development of a work plan for completion of all tasks in a timeframe that allows for relevant consideration by ICCP-2
Government submission of appropriate information	Time taken for governments to submit appropriate information (no later than three months after ICCP-1)