Restoration prioritisation and opportunities in the Czech Republic



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Capacity-building workshop for the Europe region on ecosystem conservation and restoration to support achievement of the Aichi Biodiversity Targets

International Academy for Nature Conservation (INA), Isle of Vilm, Germany

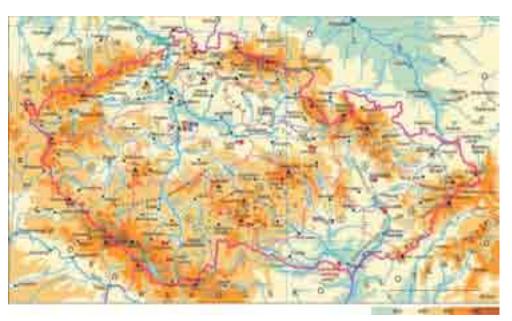
2-6 June 2014



- Outline of the presentation:
- Landscape development in what is now the Czech Republic
- ➤ Post-mining area restoration
- > Former military training area restoration
- ➤ Water ecosystem restoration
- > Forest ecosystem restoration
- > Ecosystem restoration and climate change

- The Czech
 Republic covers
 78,867 km²
- The population is 10.5 million inhabitants (2014)
- EU Member State since 2014









- √ 1838 first protected area had been declared by a private owner
- ✓ By the 1950s, a mosaic of extensively used farmland and forest habitats was developed





- In the 1950s, shift to farmer cooperatives (kolkhozs): large block of arable land
- Heavy industry had been developed

- In the 1970s, intensive mass agricultural production
- High level of contamination by pollutants (e.g., the Black Triangle)



 A mere 17% of the Czech Republic's territory is covered with natural or near-natural habitats

 Miko & Hošek (eds.): State of nature and the landscape in the Czech Republic (2009)





Ecosystem restoration aims at

- Post-mining and postindustrial sites
- Forests
- Wetlands incl. water streams
- Grasslands
- Abandoned military areas

Opinions:

- ☐ Technical reclamation
- □Natural succession
- □Combination of both the approaches





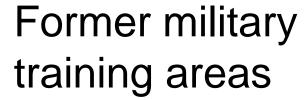
Post-mining areas

•Extensive open-cast brown coal mining spoil heaps in Northern Bohemia

Black coal mining spoil heaps in Northern Moravia

Uranium mining





- Extreme local contamination by various chemicals
- Examples of the extensively used landscape with unique habitats

- Grasslands are threatened by natural succession of shrubs and trees
- Man-made management imitating periodical military training





- Spontaneous succession in abandoned karst quarries result in the same species richness as technical reclamation, but in there are more threatened species
- Tropek et al., J. appl. Ecol., 47, 139-147, 2010



- The Water System Restoration Programme
- 1994 2010
- Subvention programme/subsidi ary scheme
- Managed by the NAC CR

Forest ecosystem restoration

- Dead forests in areas affected by air pollution
- Native v. nonnative species
- Troubles with some elements in soils



- Main policy documents:
- ➤ State Environmental Policy of the Czech Republic 2012 2020 (2012)
- ➤ State Nature Conservation and Landscape Protection Programme of the Czech Republic (updated 2009)
- ➤ National Biodiversity Strategy of the Czech Republic (updated 2009)

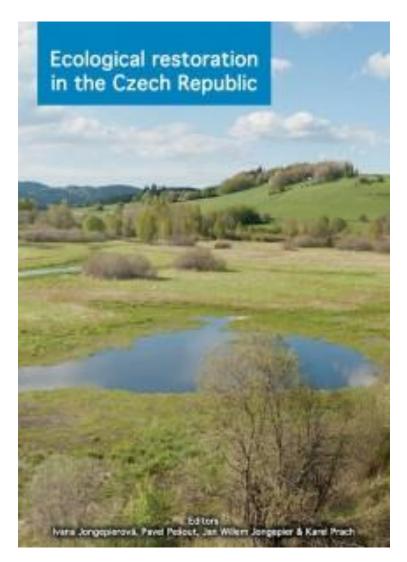


 Near-natural restoration vs. technical reclamation of mining sites in the Czech Republic

Řehounková, Řehounek & Prach eds. (2011)

Ecosystem
 restoration in the
 Czech Republic

Jongepierová, Jongepier & Prach eds. (2012)





 I am interested in my future because that is where I am going to spend the rest of my life.

Charles Spencer Chaplin



- Species respond to climate change in three ways:
- Adaptation
 - Following their climate zones either towards the poles or to higher elevations
 - Becoming extinct

- Novel ecosystems
- Restoration of biological corridors
- Restoration of a mosaic of many mesoclimatically and microclimatically different habitat patches





- Climate change mitigation measures
- Peat-bog
 restoration funded
 by the NCA CR
 and by a big
 electricity company
 in northern
 Bohemia



 In July 1997 the three last greater floodplain forest complexes in Moravia kept three times more water than all dams in the watershed of Morava and Odra Rivers combined

Natural processes should be employed as much as possible

- Carbon cycle
- Water cycle
- Flood protection
- Soil protection



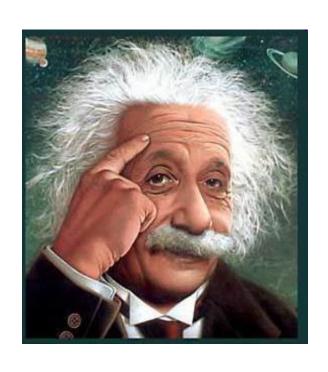
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- Synergies between climate change protection and nature conservation and landscape protection
- The Landscape
 Natural Function
 Restoration
 Programme since
 2009



 Look deep into nature, and than you will understand everything better

Albert Einstein



Thank you very much for your attention

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