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MAKING THE CASE

Ecosystem Valuation to Inform Decision Making

RICHARD WAITE, LAURETTA BURKE, AND ERIN GRAY

Photo: Katina Rogers.

Why value ecosystem services?







Photos: Richie Deisterheft (forest and river), Mark Lehigh (farmland), Kenny Mitchell (beach).



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Coastal Capital – Studies 2005-11





Coastal Capital – Studies 2005-11



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Coastal Capital – Impacts?





Main research questions

- Which coastal valuation studies have informed decision making in the Caribbean?
- What made those studies successful in informing decision making?



Use of coastal ecosystem valuation in decision making in the Caribbean

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Use of coastal economic valuation in decision making in the Caribbean: Enabling conditions and lessons learned

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ARTICLEINFO	ABSTRACT
Article history: Received 3 February 2014 Received in revised form 28 June 2014 Accepted 26 July 2014	Caribbean economies depend on coastal ecosystem services, including tourism, fisheries, and shoreline protection. However, coastal ecosystems continue to degrade due to human pressures. Many pressures arise from decisions that fail to take fail range of ecosystem values and benefits into account. Economic valuation can contribute to better-informed decision making about coastal resource use and development. More than 100 studies in the Caribbean contain monetary values of coastal ecosystem goods and
Knywords: Coastal Marine Valuation Caribbean Decksion Policy	services. However, only a minority of these studies have had an observable influence on policy, management, or investment decisions. Through a series of interviews, we identified 17 valuation studies that have directly influenced decision making. Due to the difficulty of tracking influence, our review was not exhaustive. These UT 'success stories' highlight the potential for economic valuation to improve decision making. Building on literature on the challenges of integrating science into policy, we used these 17 cases to identify enabling conditions for informing decision making. These conditions include a dear policy question, strategic choice of study area, strong stakeholder engagement, effective communications, access to decision makers, and transparency in reporting results.

Our findings suggest that valuation practitioners can and should do more to ensure that valuation studies inform decision making

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1. Introduction

Perhaps the greatest rationale for conducting economic valuation - which puts a monetary value on ecosystems such as coral reefs or mangroves - is to encourage recognition of ecosystem services and their benefits in political and economic decision making. Valuation can be an influential tool to inform holistic decision making around development planning, conservation, and provision of public goods and services.¹ Because of its promise, economic valuation is increasingly emphasized in public policies, regulations, and investment decisions. The Economics of Ecosystems and Biodiversity study (TEEB), initiated by the G8+5 environment ministers; the World Business Council for Sustainable Development's guide to corporate ecosystem valuation; and the World Bank's Wealth Accounting and the Valuation of Ecosystem

Services (WAVES) partnership are but three recent global examples.

In the Wider Caribbean Region,3 there is also growing interest in economic valuation to inform smart choices about coastal conservation and management. For example, the Jamaican National Environment and Planning Agency is currently working to incorporate economic valuation into its environmental impact assessments, and the Caribbean Large Marine Ecosystem (CLME) project - which is working to promote an ecosystem-based management approach throughout the region - is gathering marine economic valuation data to support policy making.4 Furthermore, over the past 30 years, valuation literature on the Caribbean's coastal and marine resources has increased substantially. There are now more than 100

Low observed use so far \bullet

But, 20+ case studies offer lots of lessons



Valuation supports protected area establishment St. Maarten, Haiti, Cuba, Bahamas, USA



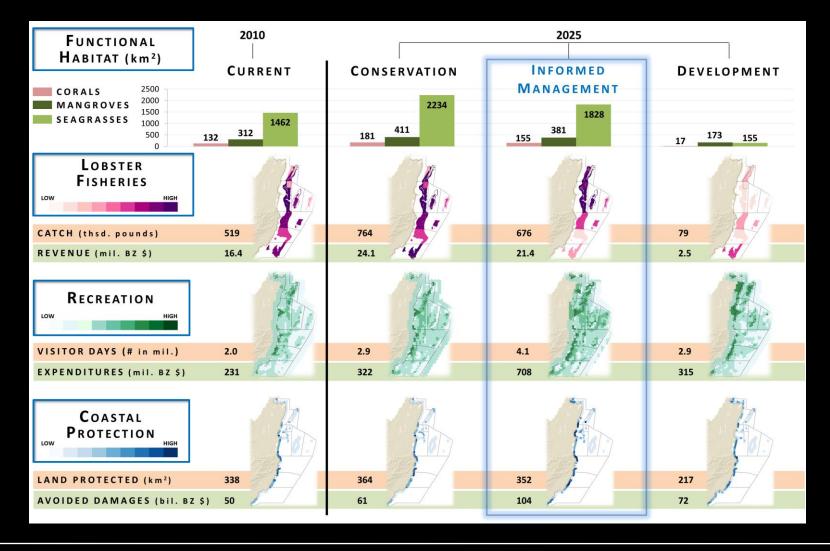


Valuation supports damage claims Belize, Jamaica, St. Eustatius, St. Maarten, USA





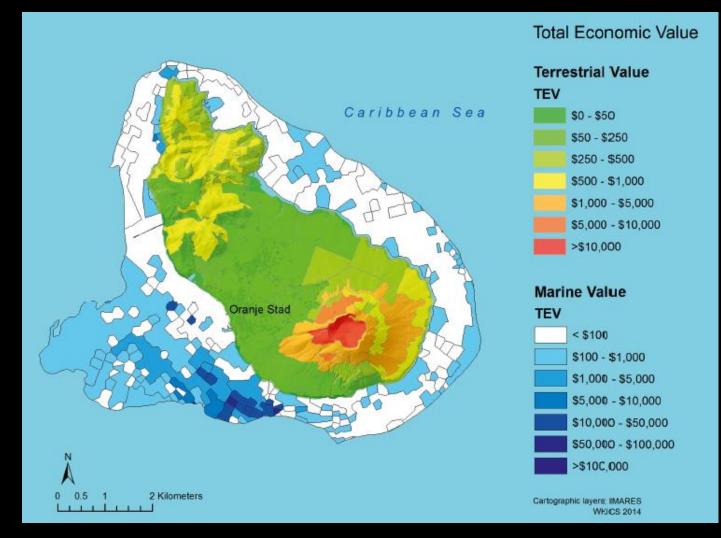
Valuation informs spatial planning Belize



Source: Clarke et al. (2013).



Valuation informs spatial planning St. Eustatius





Valuation unlocks new finance streams Bonaire, Dominican Republic, Mexico, Belize, St. Eustatius, Honduras



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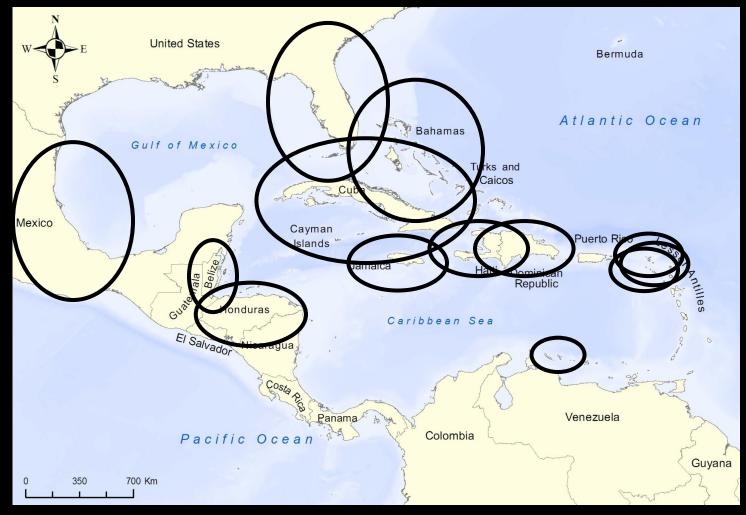
How else have valuation results been used?

- Justify investment in management/conservation/ enforcement
- Justify other policy changes (e.g., fishing regulations, offshore oil drilling ban)
- Raise awareness/highlight economic importance





Valuation results have informed decision making across the Caribbean





Why were these 20+ studies influential? ...enabling conditions for use in decision making

WHAT YOU CAN DO

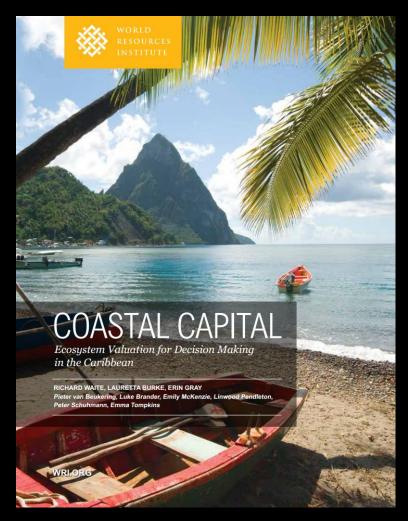
- ✓ Conduct a sound analysis
- Link to a clear policy question (use appropriate methods)
- Engage stakeholders and decision makers
- Value relevant ecosystem services
- ✓ Be transparent
- ✓ Communicate strategically

WHAT YOU CAN LOOK FOR

- ✓ Highly threatened ecosystems
- High economic dependence on natural resources
- ✓ Good governance
 - Transparency in decision making
 - Legal framework, enforcement ability
 - Local control over resource management / revenue

New Guidebook:

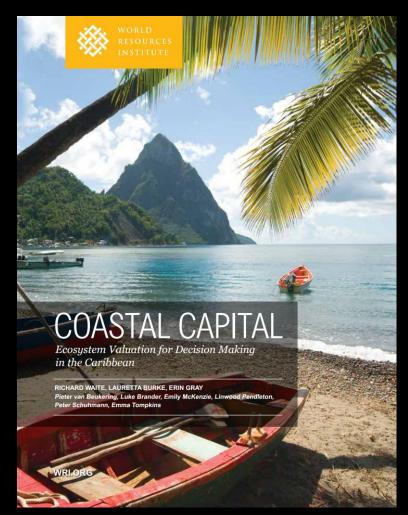
Replicating the enabling conditions



- The CARIBSAVE Partnership
- Centre for Resource Management andactapiten/nuentateStudies (CERMES), University of the West Indies (UWI), Cave Hill, Barbados
- Countservert 2007 ternational
- Conservation Strategy Fund
- Coral Reef Alliance
- Maini角ealdobsystem Services
 Partnershipa(MESP))
- Natural Capital Project
- The Nature Conservancy
- Nicholas Institute for Environmental Policy Solutions, Duke University
- Organization of American States
- United Nations Environment Programme – Caribbean Environment Program (UNEP-CEP)
- University of North Carolina Wiffington
- WWF Conservation Science Network

New Guidebook:

Replicating the enabling conditions



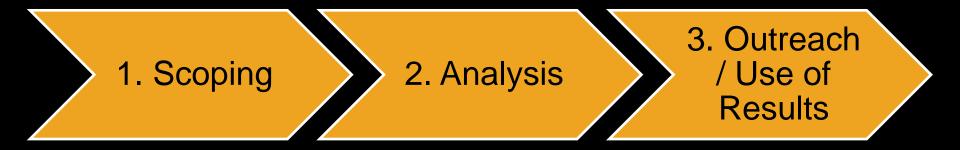
Financial support:

- Margaret A. Cargill Foundation
- Chino Cienega Foundation
- Family Alliance Foundation
- Netherlands Ministry of Foreign Affairs
- United Nations Environment Programme – Caribbean Environment Programme (UNEP-CEP)



New Guidebook:

Replicating the enabling conditions





Phase 1: Scoping

- 1.1 Identify policy question
- 1.2 Consider the context
- 1.3 Review previous valuation studies
- 1.4 Identify and begin to engage stakeholders
- 1.5 Identify decision makers and other target audiences and draft communications strategy

Phase 2: Analysis

- 2.1 Develop scenarios
- 2.2 Analyze changes in ecosystem services
- 2.3 Choose valuation method(s)
- 2.4 Collect and analyze data
- 2.5 Account for risk and uncertainty
- 2.6 Apply decision support tools
- 2.7 Report all valuation results clearly



Phase 3: Outreach and Use of Results

- 3.1 Develop non-technical products for decision makers
- 3.2 Communicate results to decision makers
- 3.3 Share study and results with valuation community
- 3.4 Monitor and assess impact



Steps in conducting ecosystem valuation to inform decision making

Scoping

Analysis

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/ Use of Results

Outreach

- Develop synthesis products for decision makers
- Communicate results to decision makers
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Stakeholder Engagement



Steps in conducting ecosystem valuation to inform decision making

Scoping

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- Develop scenarios
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Analysis

- · Collect and analyze data
- Account for risk and uncertainty
- Develop and apply decision support tools
- Report all valuation results clearly

Outreach / Use of Results

- Develop synthesis products for decision makers
- Communicate results to decision makers
- Share study and results
 with valuation community
- Monitor and assess impact

Stakeholder Engagement



Next steps at WRI...

- Outreach and capacity building
- Pilot applications
- Other opportunities for collaboration...





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Thank you! wri.org/coastal-capital waite@wri.org

Photo: Olivier Langrand.

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