







Regional Workshop for Central Asia and Central and Eastern Europe on the Preparation of the Fifth National Report

Minsk, Belarus 20 - 24 January 2014





Position yourself

Question 1:

How directly involved are you with the preparation of your country's national report?

Position yourself

Question 2:

At what stage is your country in the NBSAP revision/development process?

Position yourself

Question 3:

How useful are national reports to your national planning processes?









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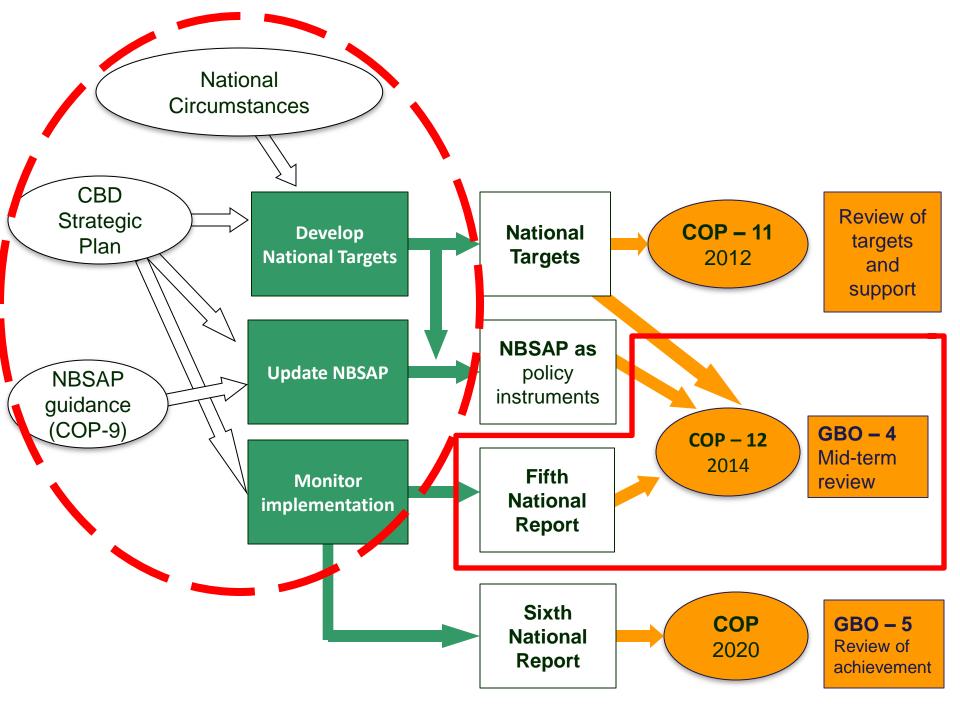
Objectives

 National reports: Share experiences on national reporting and begin planning for the 5th National Report

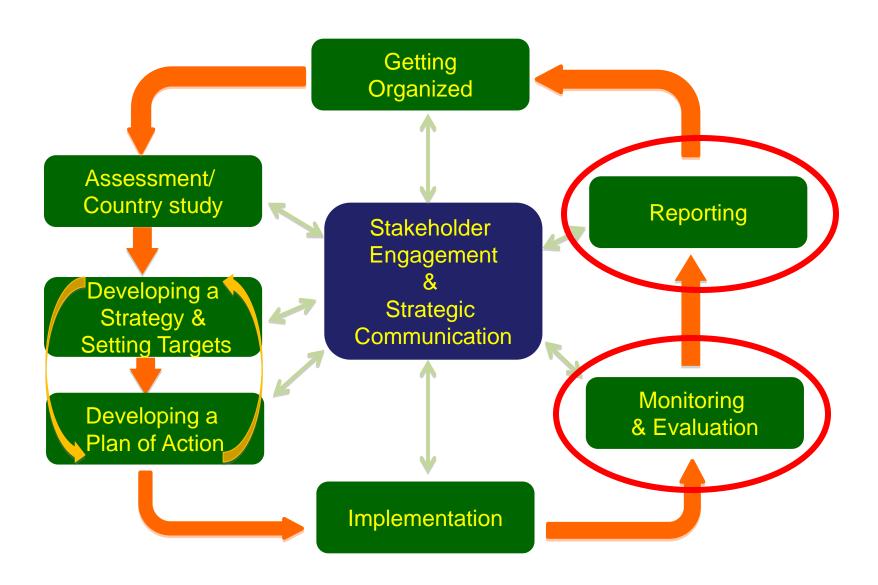
 Global Biodiversity Outlook: Share case studies for possible use in GBO-4 and discuss links between the 5th National Reports and GBO-4







NBSAP Development Process



Strategic goal A. Address the underlying causes of biodiversity loss

- Target 1: By 2020, People are aware of the values of biodiversity and the steps they can take to conserve and use it sustainably.
- Target 2: By 2020, biodiversity values are integrated into national and local development and poverty reduction strategies and planning processes and national accounts ...
- Target 3: By 2020, incentives, including subsidies, harmful to biodiversity are eliminated, phased out or reformed
- Target 4: By 2020, Governments, business and stakeholders have plans for sustainable production and consumption and keep the impacts resource use within safe ecological limits.

Strategic goal B. Reduce the direct pressures on biodiversity and promote sustainable use

- Target 5: By 2020, the rate of loss of all natural habitats, including forests, is at least halved and where feasible brought close to zero, and degradation and fragmentation is significantly reduced.
- Target 6: By 2020 all stocks managed and harvested sustainably, so that overfishing is avoided
- Target 7: By 2020 areas under agriculture, aquaculture and forestry are managed sustainably, ensuring conservation of biodiversity.
- Target 8: By 2020, pollution, including from excess nutrients, has been brought to levels that are not detrimental to ecosystem function and biodiversity.
- Target 9: By 2020, invasive alien species and pathways are identified and prioritized, priority species are controlled or eradicated, and measures are in place to manage pathways to prevent their introduction and establishment.
- Target 10: By 2015, the multiple anthropogenic pressures on coral reefs, and other vulnerable ecosystems impacted by climate change or ocean acidification are minimized, so as to maintain their integrity and functioning.

Strategic goal C: To improve the status of biodiversity by safeguarding ecosystems, species and genetic diversity

- Target 11: By 2020, at least 17 per cent of terrestrial and inland water, and 10 per cent of coastal and marine areas are conserved through systems of protected areas......
- Target 12: By 2020 the extinction of known threatened species has been prevented and their conservation status, particularly of those most in decline, has been improved and sustained.
- Target 13: By 2020, the genetic diversity of cultivated plants and farmed and domesticated animals and of wild relatives is maintained,

Strategic goal D: Enhance the benefits to all from biodiversity and ecosystem services

- Target 14: By 2020, ecosystems that provide essential services, including services are restored and safeguarded,
- Target 15: By 2020, ecosystem resilience and the contribution of biodiversity to carbon stocks has been enhanced, through conservation and restoration, including restoration of at least 15 per cent of degraded ecosystems,
- Target 16: By 2015, the Nagoya Protocol on Access and Benefits Sharing is in force and operational

Strategic goal E. Enhance implementation through participatory planning, knowledge management and capacity building

- Target 17: By 2015 each Party has developed, adopted as a policy instrument, and has commenced implementing an effective, participatory and updated NBSAP.
- Target 18: By 2020, the traditional knowledge, innovations and practices of indigenous and local communities and their customary use, are respected.
- Target 19: By 2020, knowledge, the science base and technologies relating to biodiversity, its values, functioning, status and trends, and the consequences of its loss, are improved, widely shared and transferred, and applied.
- Target 20: By 2020, the mobilization of financial resources for effectively implementing the Strategic Plan for Biodiversity 2011-2020 from all sources,, should increase substantially.

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- Target 1: By 2020, People are aware of the values of biodiversity and the steps they can take to conserve and use it sustainably.
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Goal A: Underlying causes

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 - legally and applying ecosystem based approaches, so that are respected.

 - overfishing is avoided, recovery plans and measures are in
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Workshop Methods:

- Work in Plenary
- Field trip on Thursday
- Country and organization presentations
- Group Work
- Other informal sessions







Workshop Outcomes:

- Identification of information for the national report
- Draft outlines for each of the chapters of the report
- Draft timeline for the preparation of the report
- Tools and approaches which can be applied nationally when preparing the fifth national report







Workshop Format:

- Interactive, dynamic
- Responding to your needs
- Open, frank, informal
- Nothing gets into the report that you do not want in the report







11 a.m 12.30 p.m.	Experiences and lessons learned from the preparation of the fourth national report
12.30 p.m. – 2 p.m.	Lunch break
2 p.m. – 3:30 p.m.	Process of preparing the fifth national report-linking it with updating NBSAPs
3:30. p.m. – 4 p.m.	Coffee break
4 p.m 5 p.m.	Development of the fourth edition of the Global Biodiversity Outlook







Expectations:

 Please note your personal expectations from this workshop on a post-it note and stick it to the flipchart sheet







Secretariat of the Convention on Biological Diversity

World Trade Centre
413 St. Jacques street, Suite 800
Montreal, Quebec, Canada H2Y 1N9
Tel. 1 (514) 288 2220
secretariat@cbd.int
www.cbd.int





