CBD's Asia Pacific Regional Workshop on Programme of Work on Protected Areas

12-15th October, 2009

Wildlife Institute of India: Mandate, Activities & Accomplishments

Wednesday, 14 October, 2009

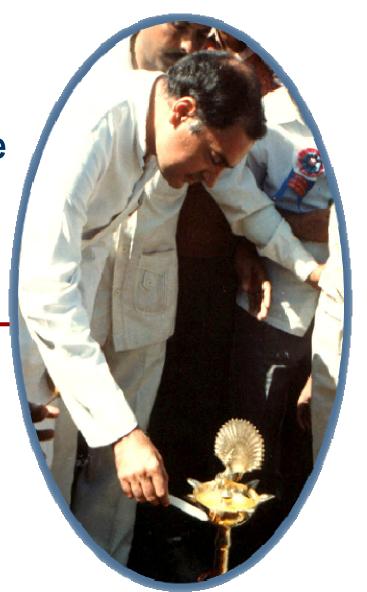


BACKGROUND

- Established as an attached office in May, 1982.
- Granted autonomous status by the Union Cabinet in November, 1985.

OUR MISSION.....

To nurture the development of Wildlife Science and promote its application in conservation, in consonance with our cultural and socio-economic milieu

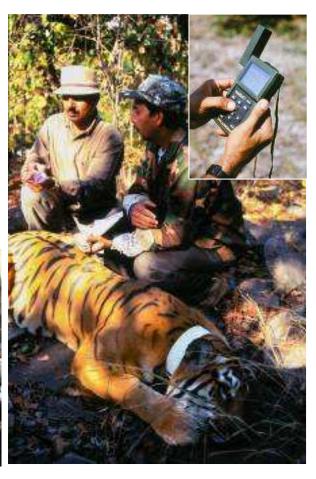


MANDATE.....

To build capacity through training, education and research in the field of wildlife conservation







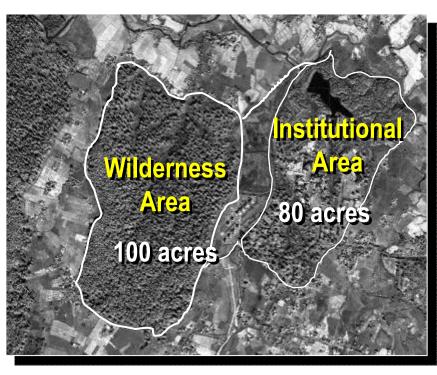
GLIMPSES OF CAMPUS BIODIVERSITY













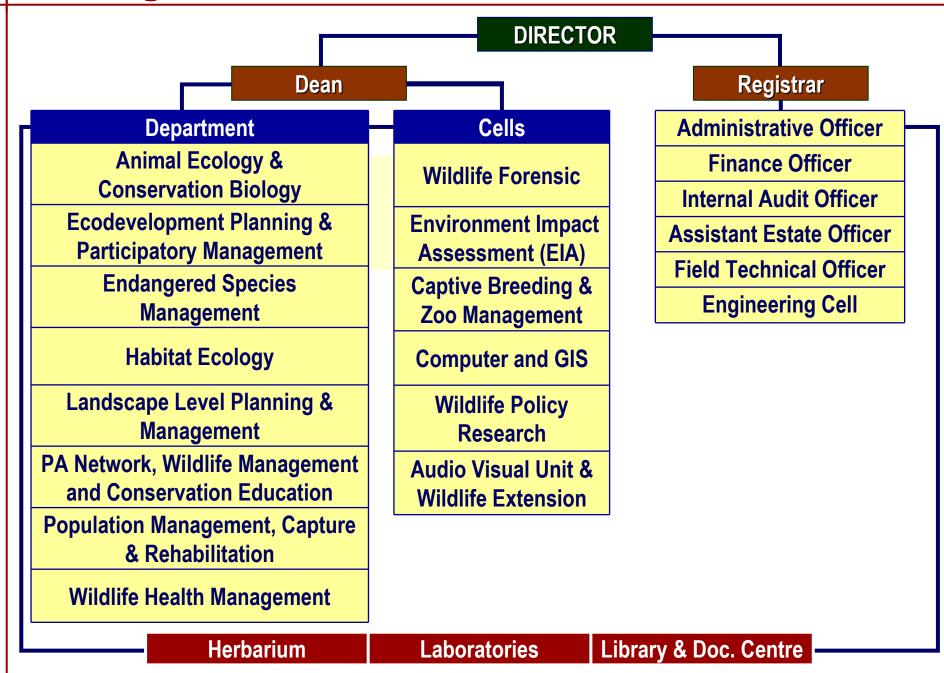


- → ~ 540 spp. of vascular plants
- ◆ 309 species of birds
- 20 species of mammals
- ◆ 7 species of snakes
- ♦ 4 spp. of turtles
- ♦ 10 spp. of fish
- ◆ 32 species of butterflies
- 15 species of moths

WII - Governance

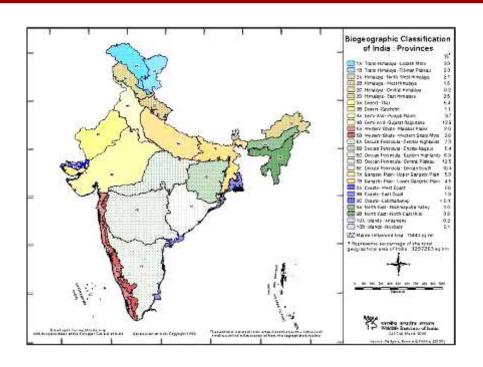
WII-Society (45 Members)	Chaired by Hon'ble Minister of Environment & Forests, Government of India
WII-Governing Body (21 Members)	Chaired by Secretary, Ministry of Environment & Forests, Government of India
WII-Finance Committee (5 Members)	Chaired by Director General of Forests & Special Secretary, MoEF
WII-Training, Research & Academic Council (25 Members)	Chaired by an eminent person in the field of wildlife nominated by President, WII Society

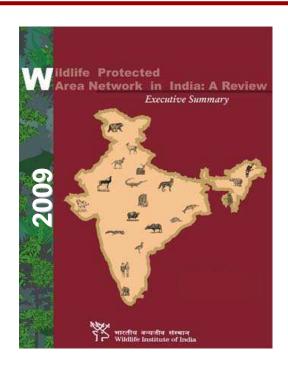
WII-Organisational Structure



Our Activities & Accomplishments

Biodiversity Conservation through PA Network Planning





Category	1988			2009		
	Nos.	Area (km²)	%	Nos.	Area (km ²)	%
National Parks	54	21,003	0.64	99	39,155	1.19
Wildlife Sanctuaries	372	88,649	2.70	513	118,417	3.60
Community Reserve	-	-		3	17.8	0.005
Conservation Reserve	-	-	-	43	1155	0.035
Protected Areas	426	109,652	3.34	658	158,745	4.83

Management Effectiveness Evaluation of PAs...

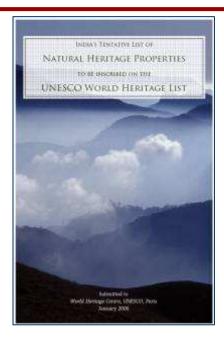
How secure are Protected Areas...?

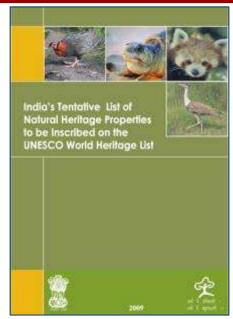


Element Name	No. of Criteria	Criteria		
Context	03	Site values, Threats, Biotic pressures		
Planning	09	Zonation, Management Plan, Stakeholders, Habitat Management, Protection, Human-Wildlife Conflict, Landscape Management		
Inputs	05	Human Resources, Infrastructure, Funds, NGO inputs		
Process	05	Trained Manpower, HRD, Livelihoods		
Outputs	04	Dissemination, Visitor Services, Maintenance schedule		
Outcomes	06	Population Trends, Threats abatement, Community relationship		

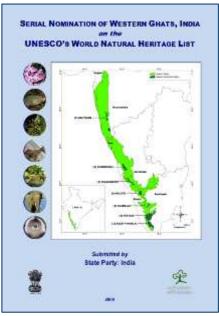
Salient contributions...

Preparation of India's
 Tentative List of Natural
 World Heritage Properties





 Preparation of Dossier for the Western Ghats for nomination as World Heritage Site



Regular Courses for in-service forest officials

- 9-month Postgraduate Diploma Course in Wildlife Management
 - 30 courses; 556 professionals including 85 foreign trainees from 15 countries



 24 courses; 431 professionals including 63 foreign trainees from 14 countries



FOREIGN TRAINEES IN POSTGRADUATE DIPLOMA COURSE

- Afghanistan
- Bangladesh
- Bhutan
- China
- Cambodia
- Kazakistan
- Laos, PDR
- Malaysia

- Maldives
- Myanmar
- Nepal
- Palestine
- Sri Lanka
- > Tanzania
- Vietnam

FOREIGN TRAINEES IN CERTIFICATE COURSE

≻Bangladesh

≻ Mauritius

Bhutan

≻Nepal

≻China

≻Pakistan

≻Cambodia

≻Singapore

≻Indonesia

≻Sri Lanka

≻Laos, PDR

≻Vietnam

≻Malaysia

≻Zambia

Customized Training Programmes...

- Customs & Central Excise Probationers Training Course (3 weeks)
- Zoo Management Course (2 & 3 weeks)
- IFS Compulsory Course (1 & 2 weeks)
- Sensitization Programmes for Central Military and Para-military Organizations
- Study tours for PA managers of neighboring countries

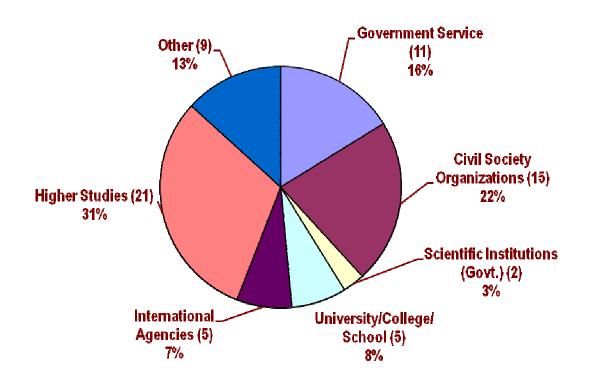






2-year Masters Course in Wildlife Science

- Courses completed 11
- Students passed out 93









- 145 Research Projects completed (1986-2009)
- 43 On-going Research Projects
- 77 Ph.D. thesis awarded
- 8 Ph.D. thesis submitted
- 37 Ph.D. thesis ongoing





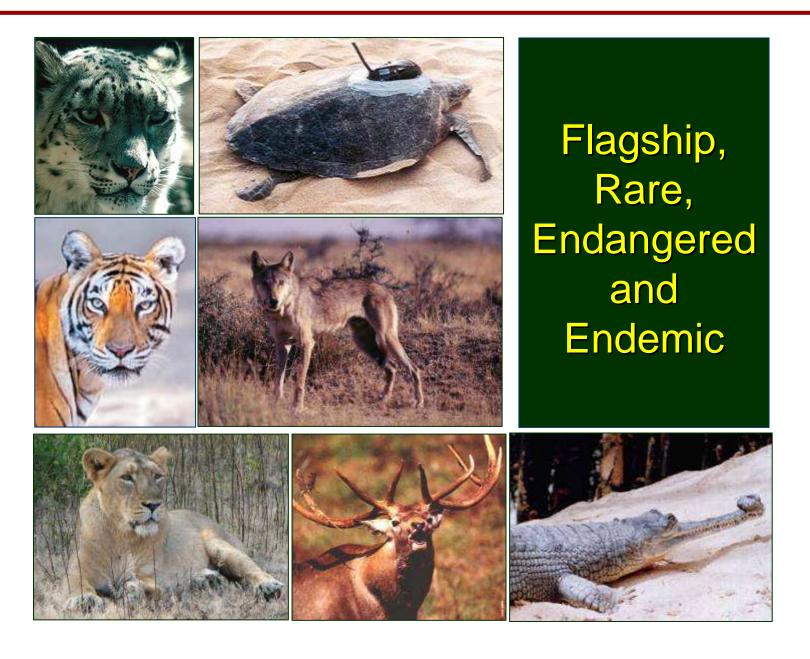






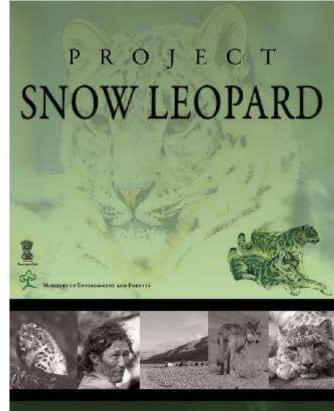
Species Conservation through Science

Conservation of Species



Management of Large Carnivores: Snow Leopard











Management of Large Carnivores: Tiger

 Population Dynamics, Dispersal, Metapopulation structure and Monitoring of Tiger, Co-predators, Prey and Habitat

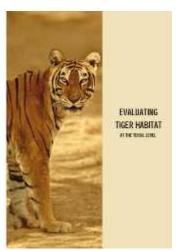


 Comparison of tiger population estimation methods using Pugmark, Camera Trap and DNA based analysis.











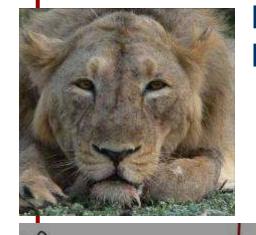
Management of Large Carnivores: Lion

Ungulate Habitat Ecology, Population Structure,

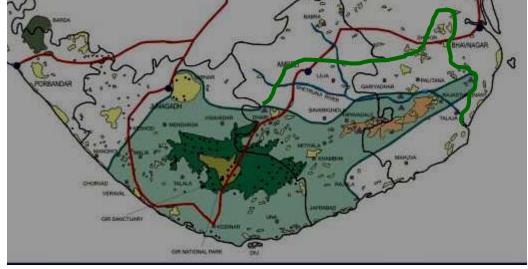
Social Organization,

Metapopulation Dynamics, Socio Economic

Dependence and Conflict, and Monitoring









Biology and Conservation of Endangered Sangai...



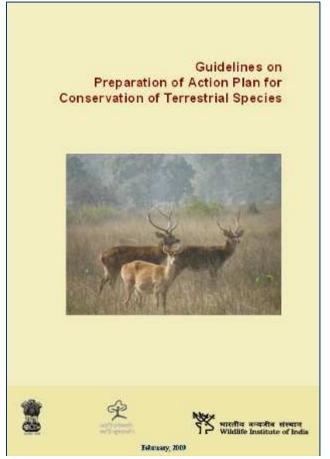
 Population dynamics, conservation genetics and behavior of Sangai Deer in Manipur.



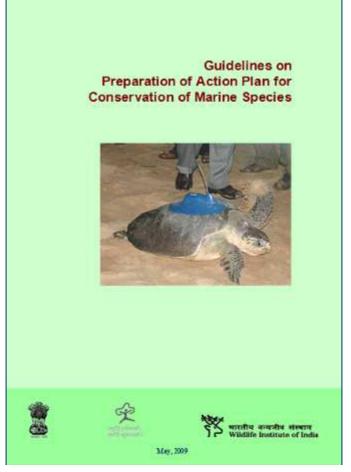


Formulation of Species Action Plans...



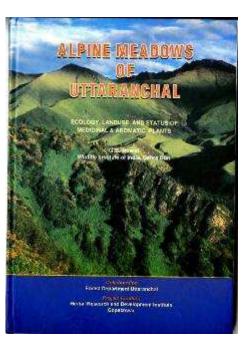


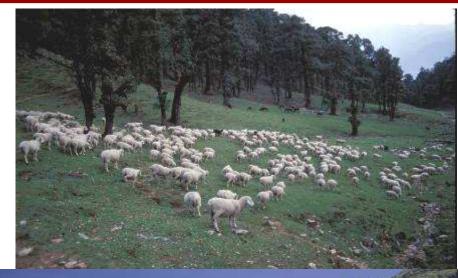




Ecology & Management of Alpine Habitats









The Terai Arc Landscape Conservation...

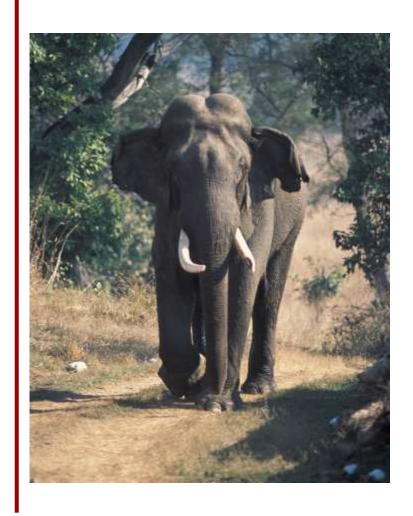


Terai Arc Landscape: Composition



Terai Arc Landscape: Significance

Listed as a *Globally Important* ECOREGION, contains diverse mammalian assemblage, including threatened and obligate species.



The Flagship Species, dominates the conservation agenda



Terai Arc Landscape: Significance

Home to <u>Obligate Species</u>, confined to isolated habitats, are facing local extinction. Landscape approach offers hope for these species





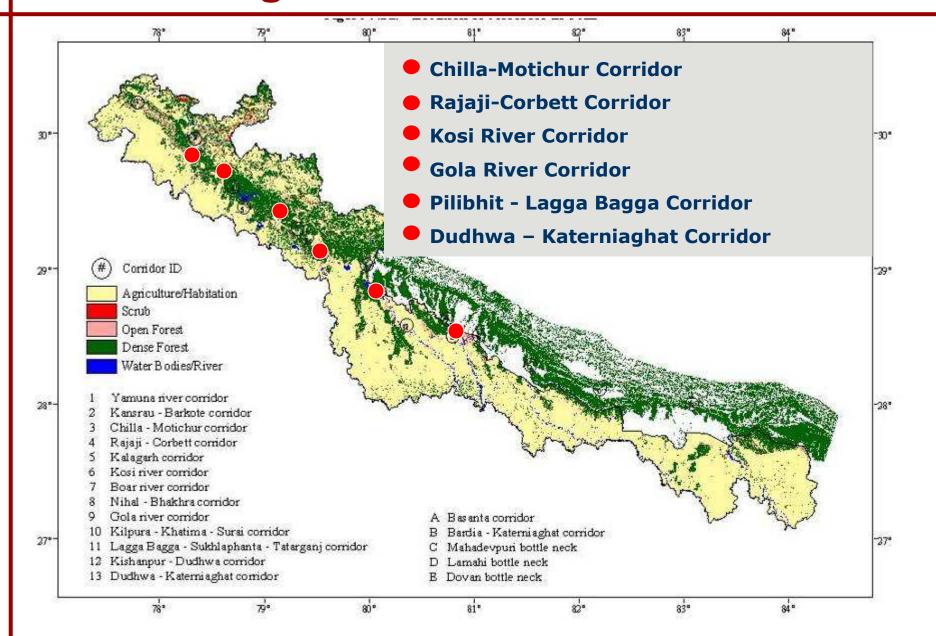






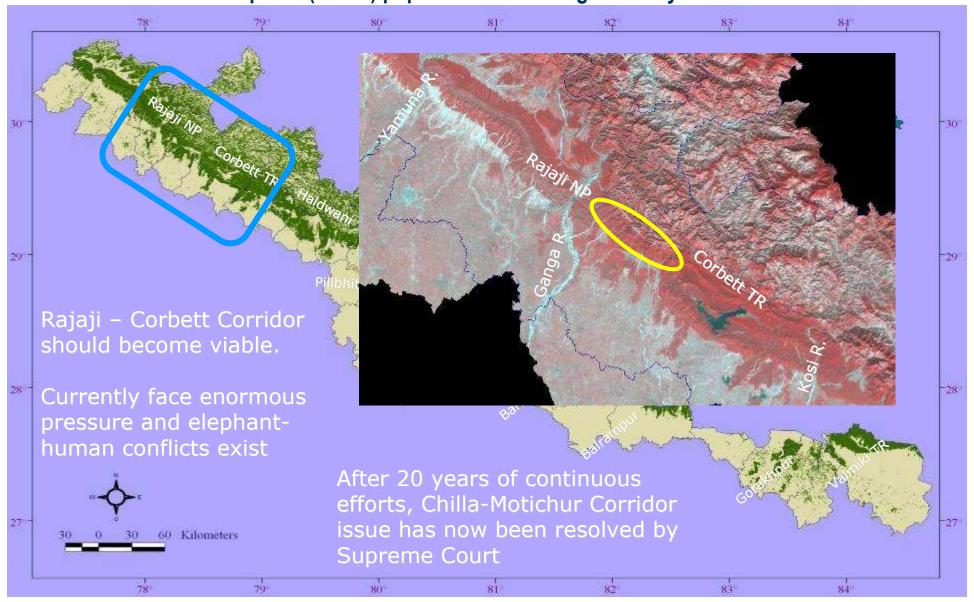


Habitat Fragmentation and Corridors



Rajaji-Corbett Landscape Unit

Largest contiguous forest, containing large Tiger (>150) and Elephant (>1000) populations that are genetically distinct



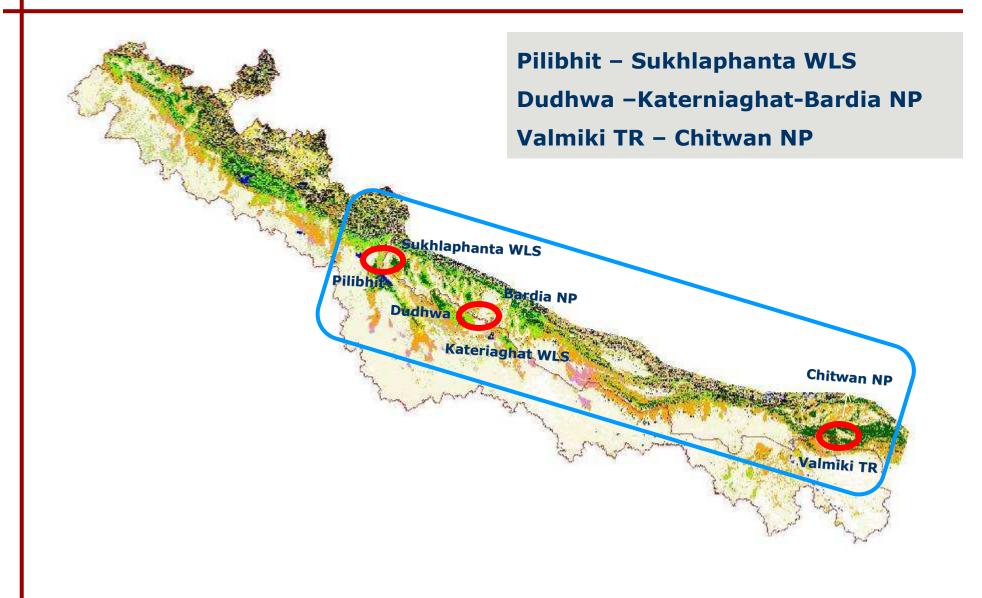


Rajaji-Corbett Landscape Unit

Recovery of Tiger Population in Rajaji National Park after relocation of Gujjars

TIGER ID	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
RT − 001 ♂					
RT − 002 ♀					
RT − 003 ♀					
RT − 004 ♀					
RT – 005 ♀					
RT − 006 ♂					
RT − 007 ♀					
RT − 008 ♀					
RT – 009 ♀	K .		**************************************		
RT − 010 ♀	A State of the Sta	JA 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11			
RT − 012 ♂					
RT − 013 ♀	The Parket				
RT − 014 ♀	The White	The state of			
RT − 022 ♂	E. Land Jane	The Reservoir			
RT − 023 ♀		The state of the s			
RT – 024 ♀			J. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.		

Habitat Fragmentation in Terai Forests: need for transboundary cooperation

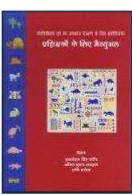


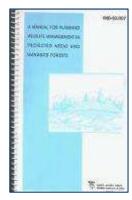
Human Dimensions in Wildlife Conservation

Human Dimensions in Wildlife Conservation

- Shift from exclusive to inclusive approach involving communities
- Emergence of new participatory models in Protected Area Management
 - Kalakad Mundanthurai Tiger Reserve (KMTR)
 - Great Himalayan National Park (GHNP)
 - Periyar Tiger Reserve (PTR)
 - Gulf of Mannar Biosphere Reserve
- National institutional capacity building in landscape conservation









Wildlife Health Management

Teaching & Training

- Modules on Wildlife Health Management and Wildlife Immobilization
- Captive management of wildlife
- Disease investigation and biological sampling
- Emerging and zoonotic diseases

Applied Research

- Sero-epidemiological study on wild and domestic ungulates in Sariska Tiger Reserve
- Infectious diseases of lions
- Investigation of feline-panleucopaenia in tigers
- Mortality investigation of Himalayan musk deer
- Emerging zoonotic diseases









Wildlife Health Management

Advisory Support to State Wildlife Agencies

- Investigation of mortality events
- Medical management of injured wildlife and animals in distress
- Training of frontline staff
- Rescue and rehabilitation of trapped wild carnivores
- Immobilization and radio-collaring
- Species re-introduction

Regional Cooperation and Development of Programs

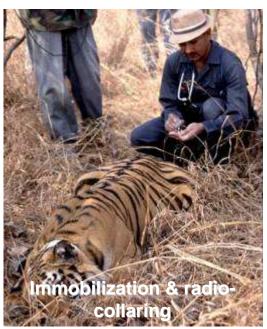
Indian Wildlife Health Cooperative (IWHC)
 Advancement of the capabilities of veterinary colleges to provide diagnosis and investigation of disease outbreaks, information exchange, education and consultation to wildlife managers and veterinarians







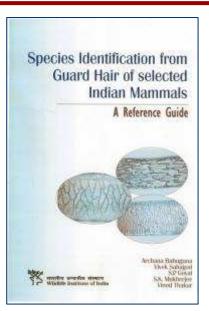


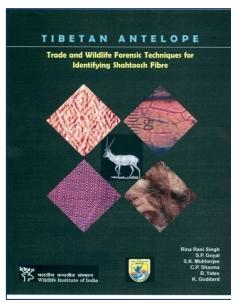


Development of Wildlife Forensics Capability

- Species identification on morphological attributes
- ◆ DNA sequence profile of 65 Indian wild animal species have been prepared for use in species identification









Building Capacity for Biodiversity-inclusive Impact Assessment



Research and Management of Coastal & Marine Biodiversity





Identifying Important Coastal and Marine Biodiversity Areas (ICMBA) of India

State of Coastal and Marine Environment Report

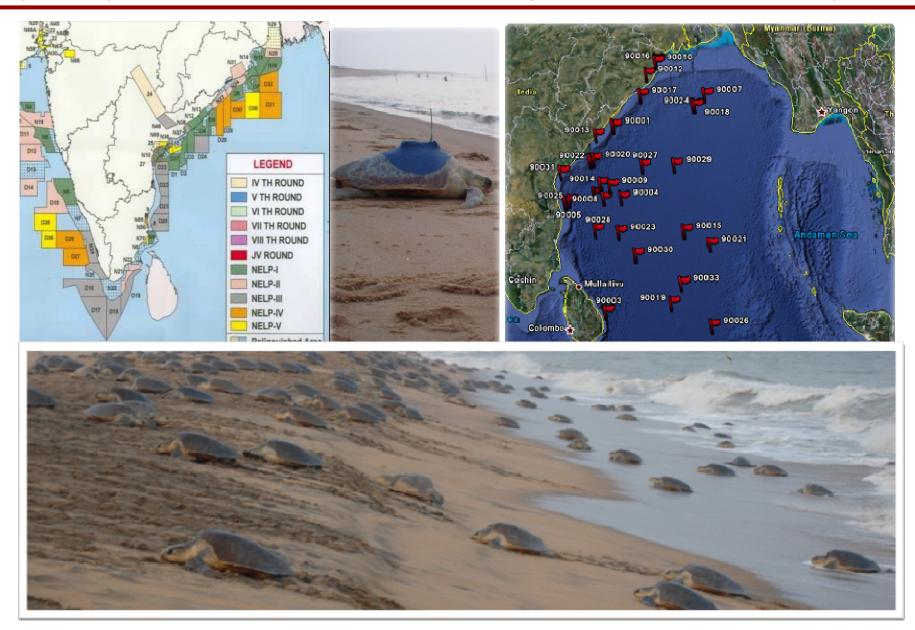


Planning a Network of Marine Protected Areas and Management Plan



Monitoring illegal trade on marine protected species

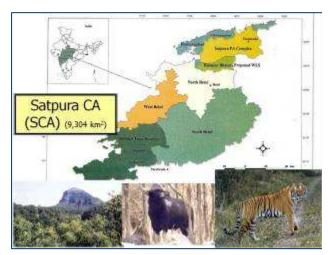
Determining critical habitat requirements of globally migratory marine species for locating developmental projects

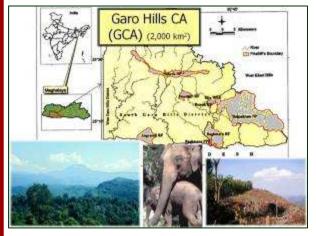


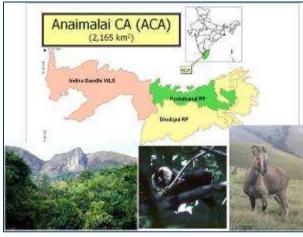
Landscape Level Assessment & Planning

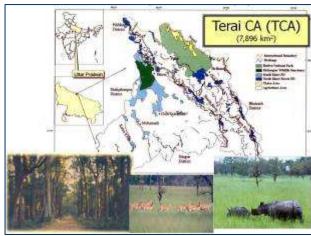
Management of Matrix and integration

with constituent land units (PAs, MFs, Community Lands, etc.)
with stakeholder involvement

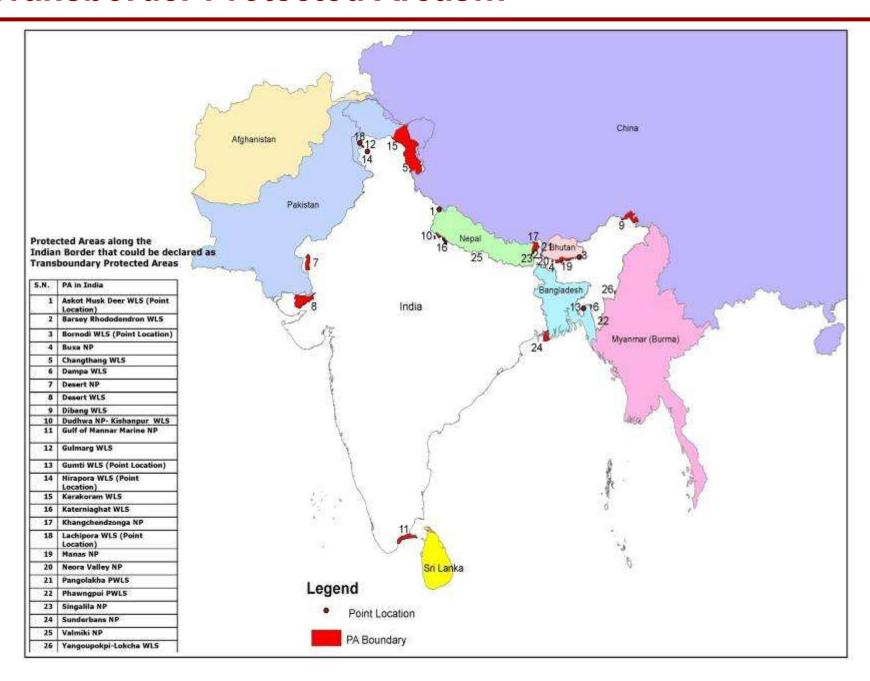




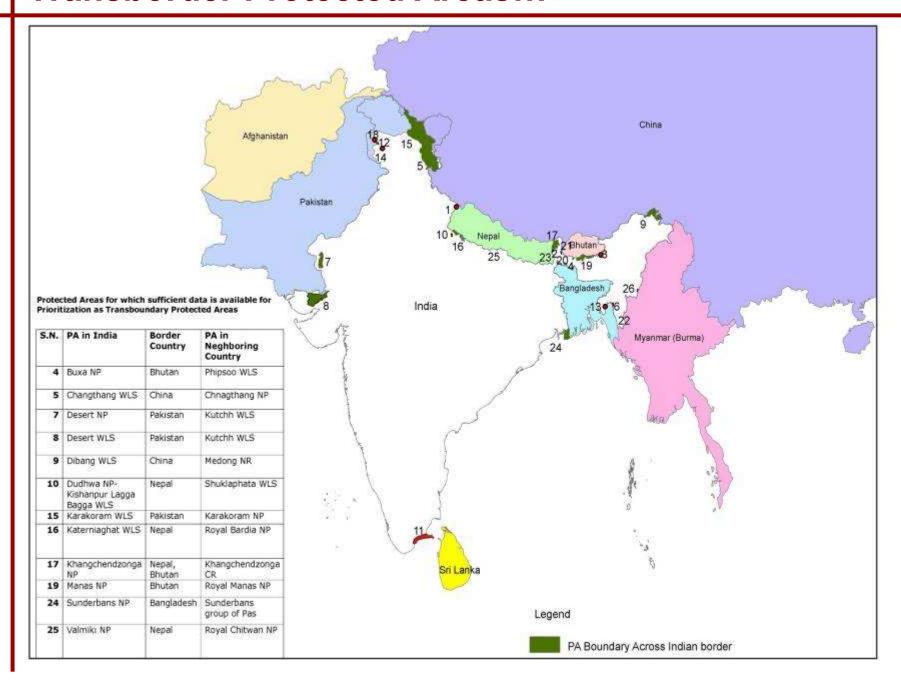




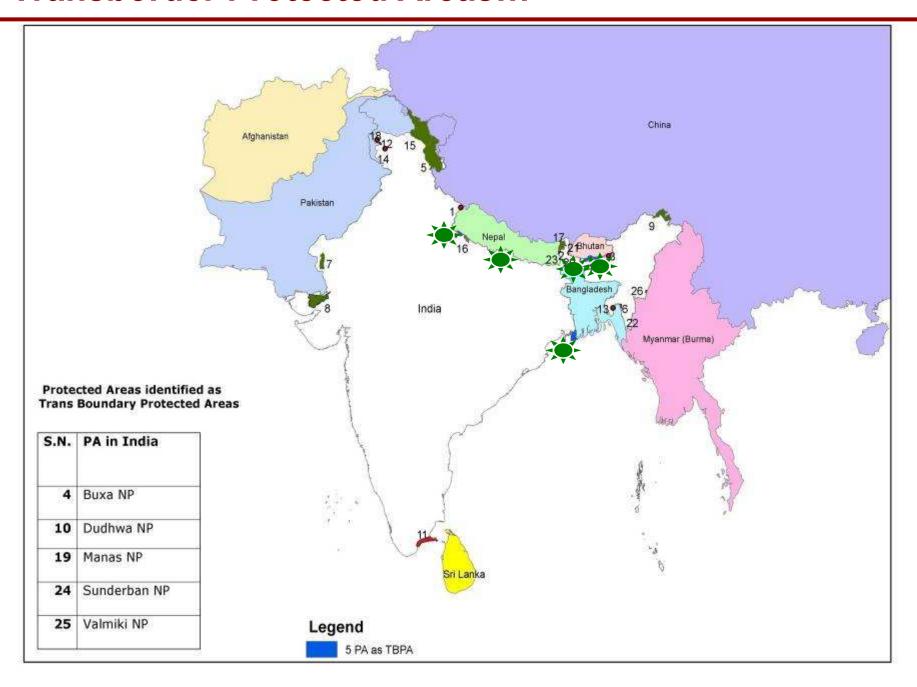
Transborder Protected Areas...



Transborder Protected Areas...



Transborder Protected Areas...



COLLABORATION

- International Centre for Integrated Mountain Development (ICIMOD)
- United Nations Institute for Training and Research (UNITAR)
- UNESCO-United Nations Foundation
- Colorado State University (CSU), USA
- Smithsonian Institution (SI), USA
- International Association of Impact Assessment (IAIA)
- DAIICT, Gujarat
- Central Avian Research Institute
- National Bureau of Animal Genetic Resources (NBAGR)





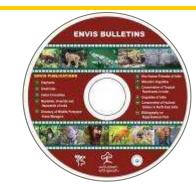


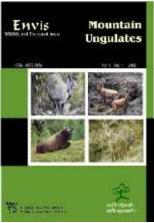


Dissemination of researched information through WII-ENVIS Centre on 'Wildlife & Protected Areas' (1997-2009)

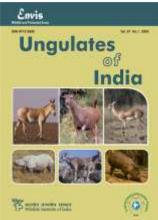
Thematic Bulletins

1.	Elephants	1998
2.	Smaller cats of India	1998
3.	Indian Crocodilians	1999
4.	Mustelids, Viverrids and Herpestids of India	1999
5.	Directory of Wildlife Protected Area Managers	2000
6.	Non-Human Primates of India	2001
7.	Mountain Ungulates	2002
8.	Conservation of Tropical Rain Forests in India	2003
9.	Ungulates of India	2004
10.	Conservation of Hoolock Gibbon	2004
	(Bunopithecus hoolock) in Northeast India	
11.	Bibliography on Rajaji National Park	2006
12.	Galliformes of India	2007
13.	Special Habitats and Threatened Plants	2008











The Way Forward...

- ◆ Enhance research management interface for effective management of wildlife resources
- ◆ Continue to mainstream conservation concerns in development planning

Thank You!