Ref.: SCBD/OES/AD/cv/62943 5 May 2008

NOTIFICATION

Draft programme of the High Level Dialogue with Parliamentarians during the ninth meeting of the Conference of the Parties to the Convention on Biological Diversity (COP-9)

Dear Madam/Sir,

Please refer to my earlier notification 2008-033 (Ref.: SCBD/OES/AD/ab/62943)\(^1\), dated 28 March 2008, concerning the participation of Parliamentarians in the ninth meeting of the Conference of the Parties (COP 9) to be held from 19 to 30 May 2008 in Bonn, Germany.

At the initiative of the Environment Committee of the German Parliament, and in collaboration with the Secretariat, a high-level dialogue on Biodiversity and Parliamentarians will be organized on Tuesday 27 May, from 3.00 to 6.00 p.m. Please find enclosed the draft programme of the event.

This dialogue aims to highlight the important role of Parliamentarians in biodiversity conservation and its sustainable use, as well as underline the engagement of Parliamentarians across the world toward the enhanced phase of implementation of the Convention. To this end, we hope to conclude the event with the adoption of the Bonn Declaration on Parliamentarians and Biodiversity. I am pleased to share with you the draft Declaration.

As mentioned in the previous notification, I would like to encourage you to include Parliamentarians in your delegation, and communicate their names and coordinates to the Secretariat, as well as to Ms. Maryanne Odera of the Federal Ministry for the Environment, Nature Conservation and Nuclear Safety of Germany, at maryanne.odera@bmu.bund.de (telephone: +49-228-305-4464), so that they can participate in the above meeting.

Please accept, Madam/Sir, the assurances of my highest consideration.

Ahmed Djoghlaf
Executive Secretary

Enclosures


To: CBD National Focal Points
HIGH-LEVEL DIALOGUE ON THE ROLE OF PARLIAMENTARIANS IN BIODIVERSITY ISSUES

Tuesday, 27 May 2008 - from 3:00 p.m. to 6:00 p.m.

Maritim Hotel, salon Schumann, ground floor
Godesberger Allee, 53175 Bonn

Justification

Parliamentarians play a crucial role in the enhanced phase of implementation of the Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD), for three main reasons:

• As developers and monitors of government legislation, strategies, policies and budgets, they propose, amend and adopt legal instruments that translate the consensus reached internationally under the Convention into tangible actions at the national and local levels, and decide on the allocation of resources to these ends;

• As communicators with their constituencies, and guardians of the public will and conscience, parliamentarians educate the general public on the importance of biodiversity and bring the concerns of citizens to the debate in the houses;

• Parliamentarians can also strengthen the mandate of CBD National Focal Points, in their mandate to promote the implementation of its decisions and activities. The areas of influence of parliamentarians can reach beyond Ministries of Environment or of International Affairs, by integrating and mainstreaming biodiversity issues into national development strategies, programmes and plans.

Moreover, with the increase in democratic governments world-wide, the role and power of parliamentarians with regard to environmental issues is becoming ever more significant.

Background

The Convention has identified Parliamentarians as a major group since its inception. A cooperation agreement was signed between the United Nations and the Inter-Parliamentary Union in 1996 (Annex of document A/51/402). In the United Nations Millennium Declaration (Resolution 55/2) and the 2005 World Summit Outcome (Resolution 60/1), Heads of State and Government resolved to strengthen further cooperation between the United Nations and national parliaments through the Inter-Parliamentary Union in all fields of work of the United Nations.
Several resolutions from the Inter-Parliamentary Union concern biodiversity. A resolution adopted unanimously by the 111th Assembly in Geneva, October 2004, on the role of Parliamentarians in preserving biodiversity, recognizes that the CBD is the principal international instrument addressing the conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity. It calls on governments to take more effective action in implementing the Convention in order to achieve the target set by the World Summit on Sustainable Development of reducing significantly the current rate of biodiversity loss by 2010, and urges parliamentarians to take action on ensuring that the objectives of the Convention on Biological Diversity are integrated into national sectoral and cross-sectoral programmes and policies. During the 114th Assembly in 2006, another resolution was passed on the role of parliaments in environmental management and in combating global degradation of the environment. A Presidential Declaration on Climate Change was endorsed during the 116th Assembly in 2007, expressing concerns over the adverse impact of climate change and calling for progress in awareness raising among parliaments related in particular to avoidance of deforestation, financial mechanisms, and the transfer of appropriate and environmentally sound technology. Climate change was also proposed as an emergency item during this year’s 118th Assembly of the Inter-Parliamentary Union.

In 2006, the Executive Secretary of the CBD called upon all parliamentarians to join the global effort to significantly reduce the rate of biodiversity loss by 2010 (http://www.cbd.int/doc/speech/2006/sp-2006-03-28-parliamentarians-en.pdf). The Secretariat of the Convention has also created a webpage providing information on the role of Parliamentarians in biodiversity issues (http://www.cbd.int/parliamentarians/).

The high-level dialogue on Parliamentarians and Biodiversity

Aware of the importance of biodiversity and acknowledging the ninth meeting of the Conference of the Parties of the CBD, the Environment Committee of the German Parliament will exceptionally hold its session in Bonn on 27 May 2008. On this occasion, the Executive Secretary has called upon all Parties to nominate Parliamentarian delegates to participate in a meeting with the German parliamentarians on 27 May 2008 in order to further promote the role of parliamentarians in biodiversity conservation and sustainable use (see notification 2008-033 available at: http://www.cbd.int/doc/notifications/2008/ntf-2008-033-parliamentarians-en.pdf). The Bonn Declaration on Biodiversity and Parliamentarians, demonstrating the commitment of parliamentarians toward the achievement of the objectives of the Convention, will be released at this time.

In support of this initiative, Parliamentarian Mrs. Isler Béguin proposed a resolution to the European Parliament, adopted on 24 April 2008, on preparations for the Bonn biodiversity meetings. The resolution expresses deep concerned at the continued loss of biodiversity and at the EU's ever increasing ecological footprint, which extends the impact on biodiversity well beyond the borders of the EU, and welcomes the initiative taken at the ninth meeting of the Conference of the Parties of the CBD, to convene a high-level dialogue with parliamentarians, expressing its support for involving parliamentarians as a major group in the effective implementation of the three objectives of the Convention;
HIGH-LEVEL DIALOGUE ON THE ROLE OF PARLIAMENTARIANS IN BIODIVERSITY ISSUES

PRELIMINARY PROGRAMME

3.00 p.m. Opening remarks
President of COP 9

3.00 p.m. - 4.30 p.m. Interventions
- Ms. Petra Bierwirth, President of the Environment Committee of the German Parliament
- Mr. Ahmed Djoghlaf, Executive Secretary of the Convention on Biological Diversity
- Ambassador John Ashe, Chairman of the Group of 77
- Mr. Ander B. Johnsson, Secretary-General of the Inter-Parliamentary Union
- Mr. Adam C. T. Matthews, Secretary-General, GLOBE International Secretariat
- Ms. Marie Anne Isler Béguin, EU Parliament
- Representative of the Canadian Parliament
- Representative of the Japanese Parliament
- The Honourable Netumbo Nandi-Ndaitwah (Mrs.) Minister of Environment and Tourism, Namibia

4.30 p.m. – 5.30 p.m. Discussion

5.30 p.m. – 6.00 p.m. Reading and adoption of the Bonn Declaration on Parliamentarians and Biodiversity
Bonn Declaration on
PARLIAMENTARIANS AND BIODIVERSITY

We, the Parliamentarians participating in the meeting on Parliamentarians and Biodiversity held in Bonn, Germany, on 27 May 2008, at the occasion of the ninth meeting of the Conference of the Parties to the United Nations Convention on Biological Diversity,

Deeply concerned by the unprecedented rate of loss of biodiversity of our planet and its far-reaching environmental, social, economic and cultural impacts, exacerbated by the effects of climate change, and concerned also that the consequences of biodiversity loss and ecosystem disruption affect all of us but that the poor are the most immediately vulnerable, and that this poses a significant barrier to development, and in particular to the achievement of the Millennium Development Goals,

Reaffirming that healthy ecosystems provide goods and services that support the well-being of all humans, including social, economic and cultural benefits, and that biodiversity underpins the sustained provisioning of these benefits,

Recalling the adoption of the 2010 biodiversity target during the 2002 World Summit on Sustainable Development in Johannesburg, aiming to significantly reduce the rate of biodiversity loss at the local, national and global levels, as a contribution to poverty alleviation and to the benefit of all life on Earth,

Recognizing the essential role of parliamentarians in translating the consensus reached internationally under the Convention on Biological Diversity into tangible actions at the national level, giving biodiversity a more prominent position in the political mainstream and integrating it more closely into the national policy-making and legislative processes and into budgetary frameworks,

Welcoming the resolution adopted during the 111th Assembly of the Inter-Parliamentary Union in Geneva, Switzerland, on 1 October 2004, on the role of parliaments in preserving biodiversity, supporting the commitment of the 2002 World Summit on Sustainable Development to achieve a significant reduction in the current rate of loss of biological diversity by 2010,

Further recalling the resolution adopted during the 114th Assembly of the Inter-Parliamentary Union in Nairobi, Kenya, on 12 May 2006, on the role of parliaments in environmental management and in combating global degradation of the environment,

Welcoming the initiative of the Environment Committee of the German Parliament to hold its regular session on 27 May 2008 in Bonn, with the participation of the parliamentarians attending the ninth meeting of the Conference of the Parties to the Convention on Biological Diversity,
1. **Reaffirm** our commitment to contribute actively to the implementation of the three objectives of the Convention on Biological Diversity and to the achievement of the 2010 biodiversity target aimed at reducing substantially the rate of loss of the biodiversity of our planet, as well as to the global commitment made by Parties during the eighth meeting of the Conference of the Parties in Curitiba, Brazil, to reach agreement on an International Regime on access and benefit sharing before 2010;

2. **Recognize** our responsibility to take the necessary legislative, administrative and/or policy actions needed at the national level to honour the obligations of the Convention and to mainstream biodiversity considerations into the development agenda through the implementation of specific legislation, policies and budgetary frameworks, as necessary;

3. **Reiterate** our resolve to build the political will necessary to decrease the rate of loss of biodiversity by 2010 and beyond that date by increasing the level of awareness at all governmental levels and among policy makers on the importance of biodiversity;

4. **Encourage** the Governing Council of the Inter-Parliamentary Union and GLOBE International to support, through the establishment of appropriate mechanisms, world-wide parliamentary dialogue on biodiversity;

5. **Request** the Executive Secretary of the Convention on Biological Diversity to enhance awareness about biodiversity issues among parliamentarians by showcasing case studies focusing on experiences related to the conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity at the Convention’s website;

6. **Encourage** the convening, in 2010, of a meeting of parliamentarians of the Parties to the Convention to mark the celebration of the International Year on Biodiversity.

Bonn, Germany, 27 May 2008.