

Group 1

Policy Coherence at National Level

Main Components of an Integrated Approach

- High Level Political Commitment
 - PM's Panel on Climate Change {India, Singapore (DPM)}
 - Inter Ministerial body
 - Representatives: Policy makers, NGOs, civil society, etc., so that it is participatory and holistic
- Framework Mechanism – Terms of Reference
- Identify areas affected due to CC
 - Biodiversity (forests & agriculture), water, livelihoods, energy

Main Components of an Integrated Approach (contd)

- **Strategies/Action Plan** (National Action Plan on Climate Change)
 - Knowledge for CC
 - Sustainable agriculture
 - afforestation
 - Financial Mechanism
 - Implementation Framework (timelines)
 - Objectives of REDD
 - Conflict resolution
 - Awareness building

Opportunities and Challenges in Integrated Policy Approach

Challenges

- Conservation vs. Development
- Financial Mechanism
- Coordination (among different sectors)
- Information/Database
- Clean technology

Opportunities and Challenges in Integrated Policy Approach (contd)

- Conflict between sectors for achieving their goals (priorities of government)
- Lack of capacity
- Pace of REDD development too fast
- Governance Issues: National development plans to be revised in view of new initiatives
- Rights of local community

Opportunities and Challenges in Integrated Policy Approach (contd)

Opportunities

- Incentives (Both challenge and opportunity)
- Benefit sharing (Both challenge and opportunity)
- Meeting ground for CDM/REDD plus

Coherence Between Forest Related Strategies

- Review of existing strategies, identify conflict areas and find solutions
- New draft for REDD to take into account existing policies
- Whether countries need new REDD policy - finances associated

Preparation of REDD Pilot and Demonstration Activities – Cooperation Between NFPs

- Also achieving objectives of other processes
- Coordination mechanism
- Resolving technical issues

Thanks