**Template for the review of the document on linkages between the post-2020 global biodiversity framework and the 2030 agenda for sustainable development**

**TEMPLATE FOR COMMENTS**

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| ***Comments*** | | | |
| **Page** | **Paragraph** | **Comment** | |
| 0 | 0 | This is an example of an entry of a general comment | |
| 14 | 23 | This is an example of a specific comment on Page 14 Paragraph 23 | |
| 3 | Goal C | Do fairly and equitably shared benefits considered in this goal arise only from “Utilization” of Genetic resources in the Nagoya Protocol sense? Shouldn’t it consider fairly and equitably shared benefits coming from a wider origin (i. e. not only “utilization”), in order to support all the SDGs enlisted? | |
| 7 | Target7 | This target could be linked to SDG 2 in general besides SDG 13.  (e.g. *Target 2.4 By 2030, ensure sustainable food production systems and implement resilient agricultural practices that increase productivity and production, that help maintain ecosystems, that strengthen capacity for adaptation to climate change, extreme weather, drought, flooding and other disasters and that progressively improve land and soil quality*.  *Target 2.5 By 2020, maintain the genetic diversity of seeds, cultivated plants and farmed and domesticated animals and their related wild species, including through soundly managed and diversified seed and plant banks at the national, regional and international levels, and promote access to and fair and equitable sharing of benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and associated traditional knowledge, as internationally agreed*  *Indicators: 2.4.1 Proportion of agricultural area under productive and sustainable agriculture; 2.5.1 Number of plant and animal genetic resources for food and agriculture secured in either medium- or long-term conservation facilities; 2.5.2 Proportion of local breeds classified as being at risk of extinction*)  On comments, last column, it would be relevant to signal out that one of the key mechanisms to achieve adaptability and resilience to climate change is through harboring and protecting genetic diversity in general of all species, and in particular of such species that are cultivated, including their wild relatives, not only in ex situ conditions but also in situ conditions, as well as protecting and promoting the forms of life that enhance them. | |
| 10 | Target 9 | We agree with the comments, but it might help making it explicit that small scale farmers provide public goods in the form of food supply to a large proportion of the world population, which should be valued and accounted for, as well as evolutionary services, especially in those parts of the world where native crops and/or their wild relatives are present. These provisions must be recognized and supported, so that what these people accomplish is well rewarded and becomes a better dignified way of living. | |
| 13 | Target 12 | It might be necessary to urge the different competent international organizations to look into why benefit sharing is still a rather weakly implemented idea and how to manage in fortifying it. An example would be the Multilateral System under the Treaty of FAO. | |
| 16 | Target 15 | *Target 2.4 By 2030, ensure sustainable food production systems and implement resilient agricultural practices that increase productivity and production, that help maintain ecosystems, that strengthen capacity for adaptation to climate change, extreme weather, drought, flooding and other disasters and that progressively improve land and soil quality*. Might also be linked to this Target. To eliminate unsustainable consumption patterns, food production should be considered too | |
| 18 | Target 17 | The comment should include explicitly to enhance agrobiodiversity. | |
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|  |  | Additional rows can be added to this table by selecting “Table” followed by “insert” and “rows below” | |

*Comments should be sent by e-mail to* [*secretariat@cbd.int*](mailto:secretariat@cbd.int) *by 25 July 2020*