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Biodiversity 2020:

Linking Education Science Policy and Society
Rationale and Action Plan of
the International University Network on
Cultural and Biological Diversity

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Decision VI/19 the CBD-COP agreed on two fundamental principles, recognizing deep challenges that lay, and still lie ahed:

- the three objectives of the CBD "call for social change", and
- <u>"education and public awareness are long-term investments towards this change"</u>



However the COP Decision recognized:

"despite repeated stated support for education and public awareness, education and communication instruments fail to be effectively utilized in the processes of the Convention", underlining that "education and communication instruments are inadequately advised by relevant professional expertise"

Aichi Targets?





Strategic goal A..... and the others....:

"Address the underlying causes of biodiversity loss by mainstreaming biodiversity across government and society"

How to address this target without Education?

What is the role of universities?

Aichi Targets?

Strategic goals B an C:



"Reduce the direct pressures on biodiversity and promote sustainable use" "To improve the status of biodiversity by safeguarding ecosystems, species and genetic diversity

How to address this target without Education and Research?

What is the role of universities?

Aichi Targets?

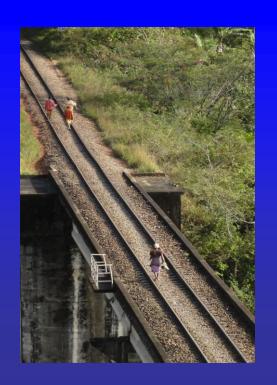
Strategic goals D and E:



"Enhance the benefits to all from biodiversity and ecosystem services" "Enhance implementation through participatory planning, knowledge management and capacity building"

How to address this target without Education, Research and Society?

What is the role of universities?



Learning on the Bridges between Cultures, ecosystems. different perspectives and sectors: education, science, policy, society

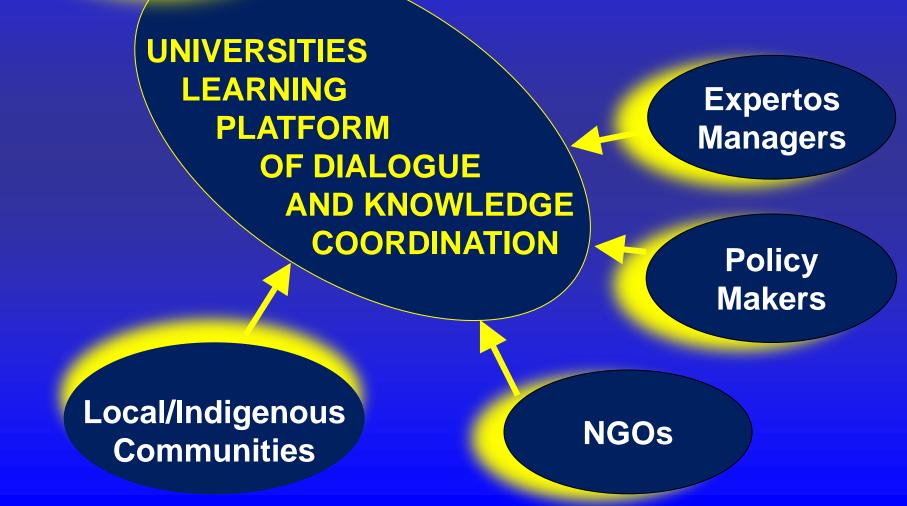
Without losing the details and respecting appropriate timing





CBD POLICY implementation

Communication, education, capacity building and implementation processes should be integrated in a unique long-lasting strategy and action plan that feed the never-ended "life cycle of the CBD"



MEAs, complex interconnections and cross-disciplinary complexity: Science, Policy and Society

Environmental Conservation Development Studies

Environmental, social, economic sustainability

Poverty Alleviation
Livelihood
Green Economy
Promotion of Local Natural Resources
Technology Transfer and
Scientific Cooperation

Capacity Building
Institutional Capacity Building
Multiscale Policy Implementation
Local Management
Cultural Identity

Entry-point: biodiversity, cultural diversity

What theoretical approach and methodology?

The need of a system of studies
Sistematising complexity: science, policy, society

What are the public choices ?
The international policy arena

Biological Cultural Diversity is an educational journey in itself ready to become a transdisciplinary programme of studies opened to local society, indigenous communities, experts. Each aspect of biodiversity has a natural and social science dimension

> **Ecosystem Scenarios** and Functions

Dynamics of Human and **Biological Evolution**

> **Animal** & Plant **Biology**

Utilization of biodiversity Components and Plant/ Animal

Behaviours

Landscape Ecology & Conservation

Economics

Anthropology

Traditional Knowledge, **Scientific Innovations** and Ecological and Chemical **Diversity**

Endemic Species: Unique Experiences and Comparative **Advantages**

Political Science and Development **Studies**

Biochemistry

Genetics

Law

Livelihood, Markets, and Wild Population Dynamics, **Extinctions**

Consumers, Producers, **Cultural Values** and Biodiversity **Richness and** Knowledge



Marketing, Health, Agriculture, and **Genetic Diversity, Breeding and Domesticated Species**







Biodiversity education is a learning process that integrates natural science, social science and society





Learning from People

Learning with People

Learning for People



Learning from People

Biodiversity education is a learning process that integrates natural science, social science and society

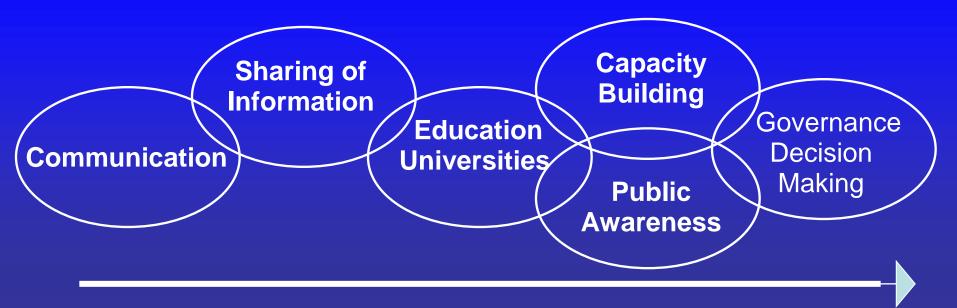


Learning with People



Learning for People

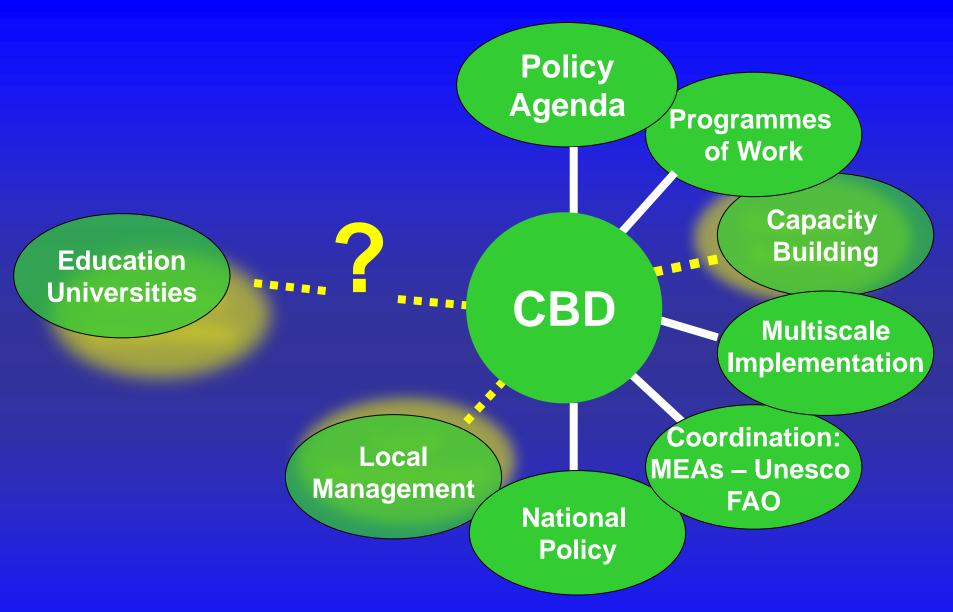
The Value Chain of the CBD Implementation



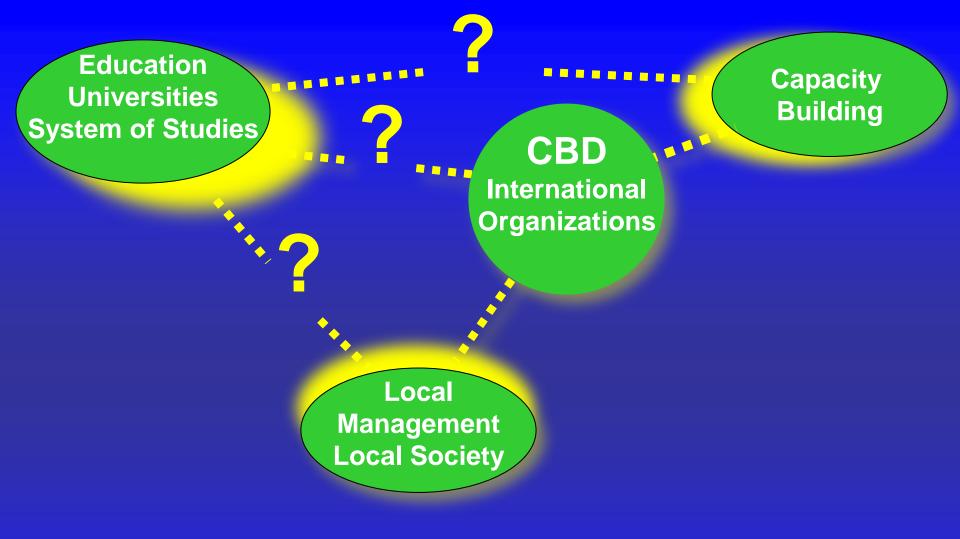
Who are the actors of this long term process?

Education is a fundamental element in the value chain of the CBD implementation. Universities are the only institutions: (1) time by time present at local level, (2) with a long lasting and very appropriate mission – education and research (3) with the largest and most suitable human resources and target – researchers, teachers, students, young people who represent the future of a country.

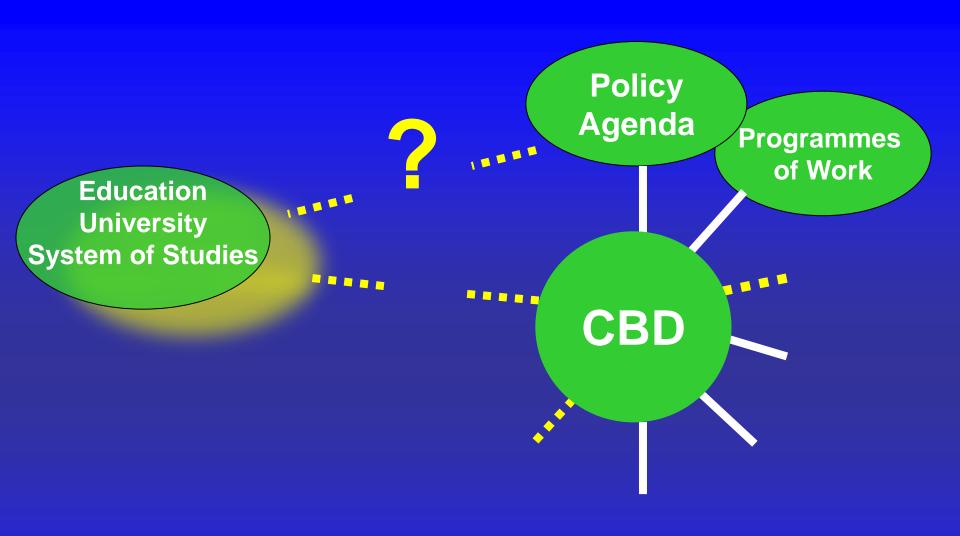
Universities are of paramount importance because they play a key role for capacity building and public awareness – which are the milestones for good governance and effective policy making.



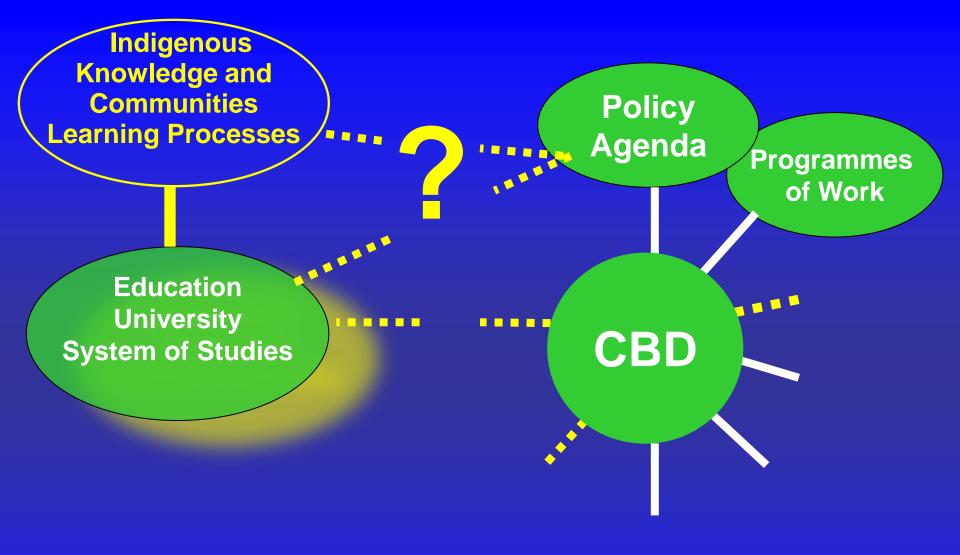
In the reality the results of our analysis pointed to the complex implementation processes of the CBD policy agenda and programmes of work, highlighting weaknesses and gaps with respect to capacity building, local management and overall education.



In particular we identify (1) the gap of communication and knowledge between the university system of studies and the International Organizations – among them the CBD,(2) the gap between education and capacity building, (3) the very limited role universities play in disseminating and linking the CBD policy agenda and programmes of work to the local context to which they belong.



How to takle these challanges? The key point is to bridge the gap of coordination, communication and knowledge between universities and the CBD policy agenda and programmes of work. So far only very few academic activities are linked to the CBD policy framework. In addition these activities are individual initiatives and not expression of an ordinary system of studies



How to takle these challanges? The key point is to bridge the gap of coordination, communication and knowledge between universities and the CBD policy agenda and programmes of work, combining formal and informal education, academic perspectives and indigenous knowledge and science.

The Cooperation Mission of the International University Network on Cultural and Biological Diversity

On the base of this analysis the Research
Centre of Developing Studies of the University of
Rome Sapienza has developed a methodology and
innovative strategy designed for addressing CEPA –
Communication, Education and Public Awareness – and capacity
building challenges. As a result the CBD Secretariat and Sapienza
University have signed a Memorandum of
Understanding and Cooperation.

The CBD Secretariat "designates University of Rome 'Sapienza' as a 'University Focal Point' of the Convention for implementing, disseminating and main-streaming the objectives, policy agenda and programme of work of the CBD, in particular in developing countries, promotingcooperation activities, establishing and coordinating networks with other universities and concerned..... institutions".

The operative initiative of this strategy:

International University Network on Cultural and Biological Diversity

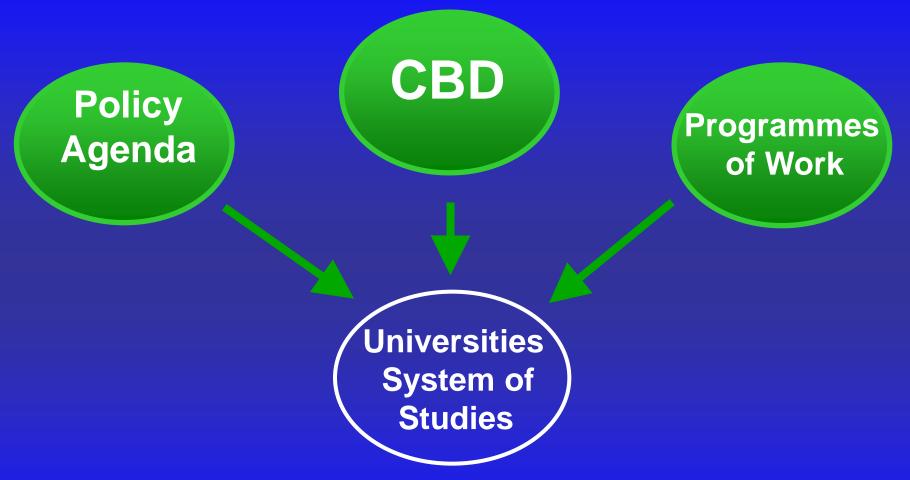
Established in accordance with the CBD Secretariat, and focused on the universities of developing countries and South-South-North collaboration

The International University Network on Cultural and Biological Diversity

The University Network aims at:

- (1) introducing a new paradigm of relationships between international conventions and universities, giving an operative contribution to the CBD Secretariat
- (2) allowing universities to bridge the gaps previously highlighted and play a fundamental role as local social drivers opened to society, local/indigenous communities, experts, policy makers
 - (3) offering a transdisciplinary scientific contribution through the internalization of the CBD and associated programmes of work (among others, UNEP, UNESCO and FAO) in the academic system of studies

Biodiversity is a tool for education. Education should be a fundamental tool for the CBD implementation



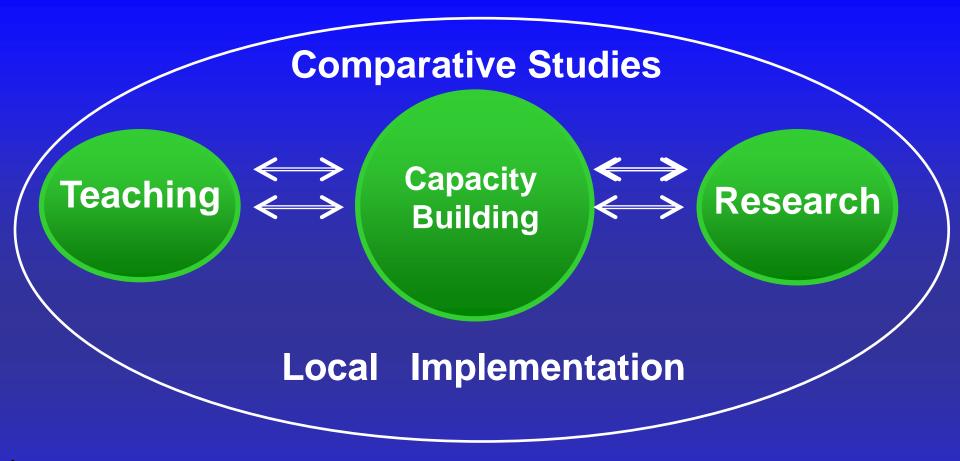
(4) disseminating and introducing the CBD policy agenda and programmes of work in the universities system of studies, bridging the gap between academic and institutional policy perspectives

The International University Network on Cultural and Biological Diversity

The University Network aims at:

- (5) translating the CBD policy agenda and programmes of work in new contains for courses and academic programmes with the involvement of representatives of communities and experts
- (6) institutionalizing these programmes in the academic system of studies
 - (7) offering a coordinated international platform of information, knowledge, research questions and research/teaching programmes in order to develop and reply transdisciplinary academic studies, initiatives and curricula linked to the ongoing CBD and related organizations policy agenda and programmes of work

Matching Scientific with Policy-Management Perspectives



(8) developing joint research/teaching/capacity building initiatives and events in order to strengthen local capacities, exchange and compare local experiences and case studies at international/national multi-scale level, achieve high standards of advanced studies, link universities to the local implementation of the CBD, provide tools to grow a critical mass of experts

IPBES

Intergovernamental Science-Policy Platform on Biodiversity & Ecosystem Services

<u>UNEP – UNDP – UNESCO – FAO</u> <u>MEAs (CBD – Rio Conventions......)</u>



Want to understand the latest trends?

IPBES will perform regular comprehensive assessments at various scales, as well as on thematic issues and new topics identified by science.



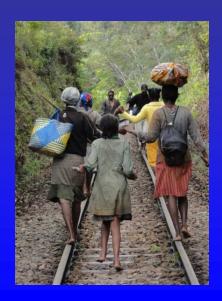
Want to understand the scientific needs of decision makers?

IPBES will identify and prioritize key scientific information needed for policymakers and catalyze efforts to generate new research.







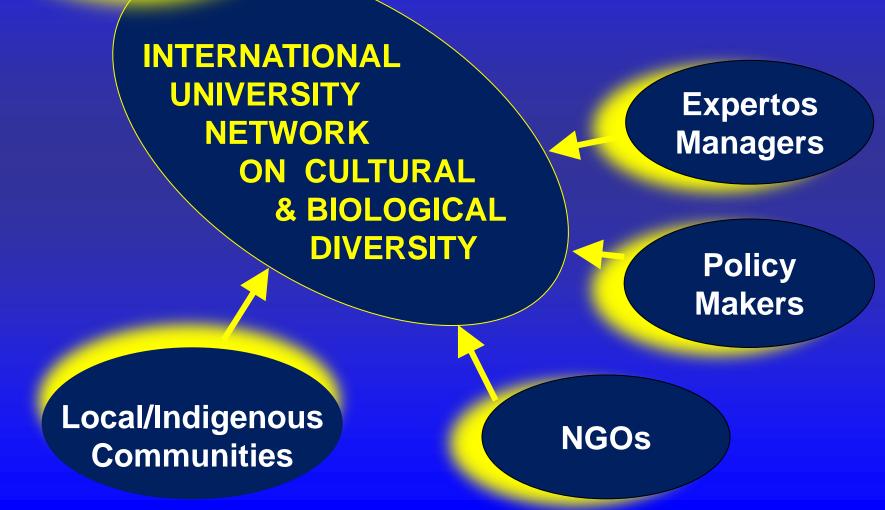


(9) designing innovative curricula/initia tives taking into account the local context



CBD POLICY implementation

How to tackle these challenges?
An innovative learning platform of dialogue,



Pilot case for the implementation of the IUNCBD Network: University of Antananarivo – Madagascar Research/Teaching Programme Biodiversity Policy & Management

Genetic Resources – Medicinal Plant: Local Communities, Benefit Sharing and Value Network Analysis within the context of the CBD and the Nagoya Protocol





The Research/Teaching Programme "Genetic Resources – Medicinal Plant:
Local Communities, Benefit Sharing and Value Network Analysis within
the context of the CBD and the Nagoya Protocol
integrates:

(1) academic/scientific perspectives

(2) Policy Perspectives
CBD, Nagoya Protocol:
"Utilization of Genetic
Resources and Traditional
Knowledge ...Prior Informed
Consent of the Country of
Origin and Local
Communities Mutually
Agreed Terms"



(3) Local Context and
Multiscale Implementation:
Partenership with the NGO
MAT: Management of
Forest Areas and Research
Action with Malagasi Students



How to interpret and applly binding principles and provisions taking into account....



Complex Balance Comparative Studies

Madagascar

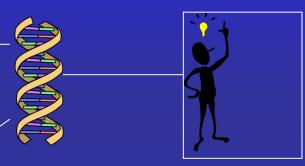


Other Universities in Africa, Latin America, Asia?



What is the fondamental role of High Education and
Universities in this arena?
Linking Policy to Education-Research-Science-Capacity
Building and Society
Protection and promotion of Cultural and
Biological Diversity









Biodiversity & Society: Education, Capacity Building, Science, Economy, Policy.....
Knowledge Generation...Drivers.....

"I believe that the great part of miseries of mankind are brought upon them by false estimates they have made of the value of things."

Benjamin Franklin,







Thank you



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