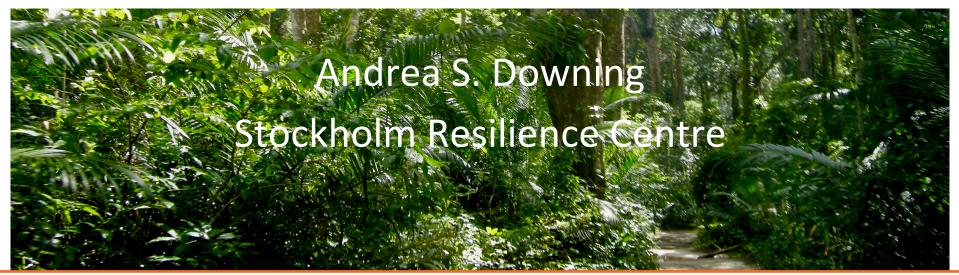


Advancing the biodiversity agenda through systems thinking



Stockholm Resilience Centre Sustainability Science for Biosphere Stewardship







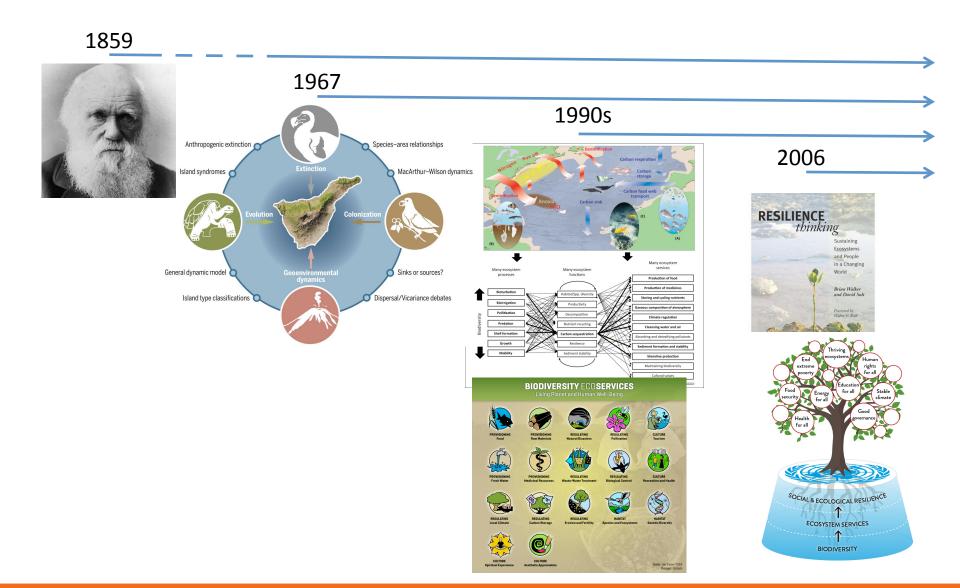
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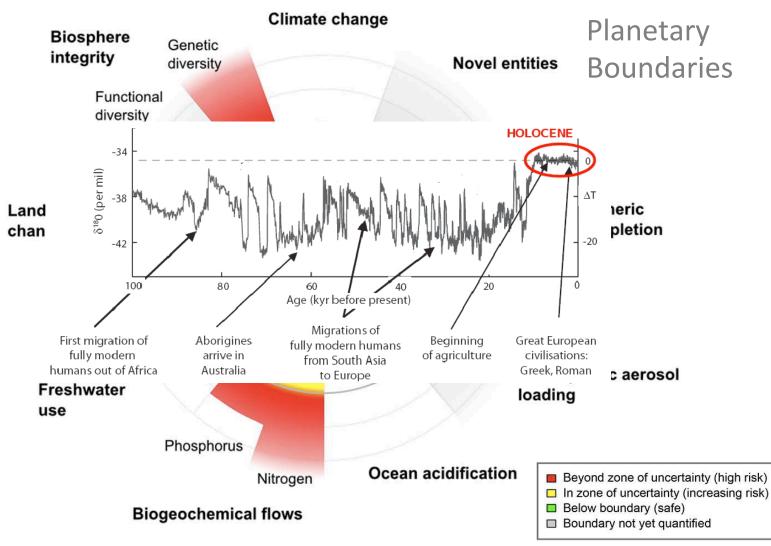
Reflexions

- The importance of biodiversity
- Systems thinking
- Transformations

Biodiversity evolving

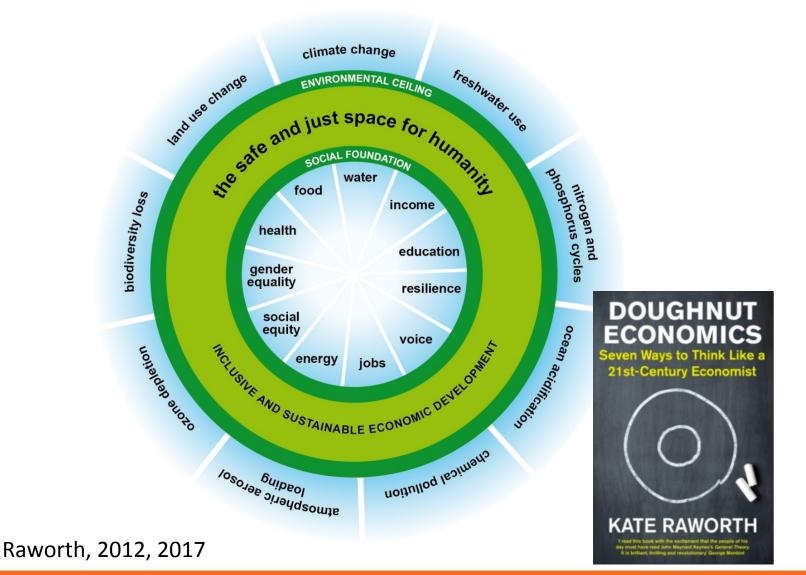


Biodiversity in sustainability

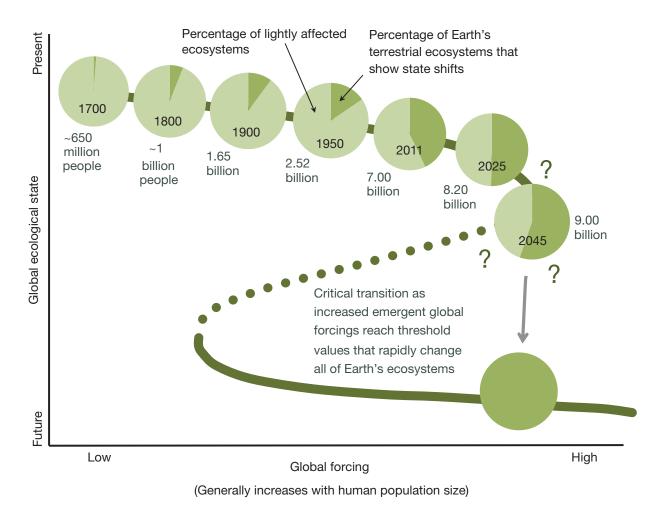


Rockström et al. 2009; Steffen et al. 2015

Biodiversity in sustainability



Where are we going?



Barnosky et al. 2012

The global context



2020: THE NECESSARY, DESIRABLE, & ACHIEVABLE TURNING POINT TO SAFEGUARD OUR CLIMATE

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 2017, 11:30AM – 1:00PM MEDIA EVENTS ZONE, BONN ZONE & LIVE STREAM VIA UNFCCC



Expect to be challenged to act. Expect to be inspired. Expect to leave on a mission.

Christiana Figueres (@CFigueres), Former Executive-Secretary of the UNFCCC and Convener of Mission 2020

Johan Rockström (@JRockstrom), Director of the Stockholm Resilience Centre

Kevin Anderson (@KevinClimate) Zennström Professor, CEMUS, Uppsala University: Chair of Energy and Climate Change, Tyndall Centre, University of Manchester

Moderated by **Mary Robinson** (@MRFCJ), President of the Mary Robinson Foundation for Climate Justice, Former President of Ireland, Former UN High Commissioner for Human Rights

#2020DONTBELATE // #COP23

This event is made possible by Mission 2020, the Stockholm Resilience Centre, CEMUS (Uppsala University), and the Leonardo DiCaprio Foundation, **RSVP to Monique Nardi, MNardi@Mission2020.Global**

Transformations



"What if we don't change at all ... and something magical just happens." #80913688

Transformations



Agency

Goals

Leverage points

Earth biomes that regulate planetary resilience





The polar regions regulate global temperature, regional climate systems and ocean circulation. Melting faster than anticipated.

The World's rainforests act as carbon sinks, provide moisture feedback, are banks for genetic diversity and generate oxygen. In rapid decline but the rate has slowed somewhat.

The ocean's marine systems act as a heat conveyer, carbon sink, a bank for genetic diversity and generates oxygen. In rapid decline





The world's temperate organic systems (such as permafrost) act as carbon & methane sinks and generate oxygen. Faster than anticipated thawing of permafrost & methane release

Temperate forests act as carbon sinks, regulate rainfall patterns & generate oxygen Relatively stable but concern over rate of deforestation in Russia and severe warming impacts on disease.

Tropical savannah systems play a role in moisture feedback , regional rainfall patterns and act as carbon sinks. They remain relatively stable.

Photos: World Wildlife Fund, breakingenergy.com, saguidedtours.com, Sierra Club Pennsylvania, Projectaware.com, Duncan Greene/Wired UK.



Goals





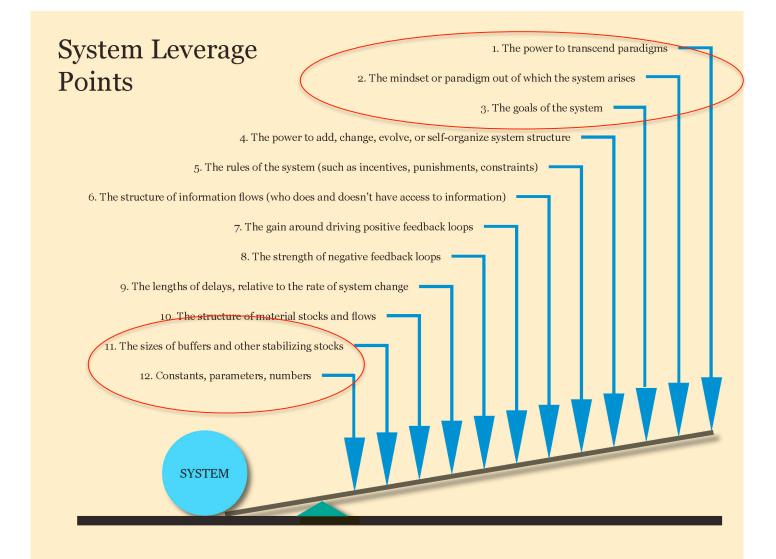
Goals

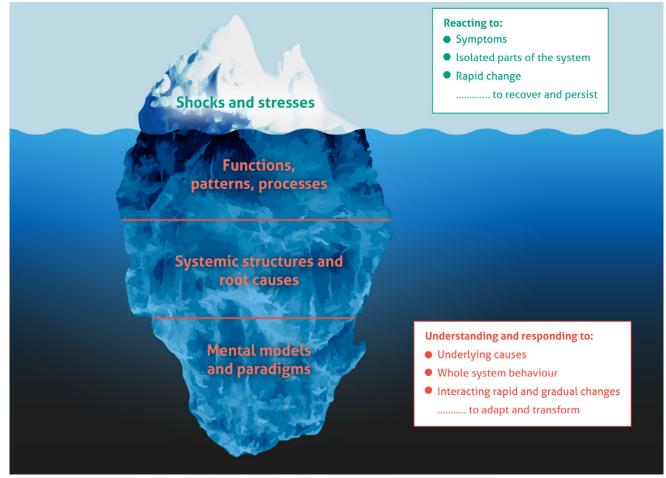


Olsson et al. 2017

Tone Bjordam

Leverage points





The complexity iceberg. A complexity lens helps us to see below the surface and move beyond consideration and immediate reactions to surface level shocks and stresses to understand: 1) Functions, patterns, processes 2) Systemic structures and root causes 3) Mental models and paradigms.

Reyers et al. 2017

Reflexions

- The importance of biodiversity?
- Systems thinking?
 - Connections
 - Feedbacks
 - Emergent properties
 - Lags
- Transformations?
 - Goals
 - Agency
 - Leverage points

Thank you!

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