drift for transition

Sustainability transitions management

accelerators, multipliers, disruption and innovation

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Bogis-Bossey, 12-10-2017



Dutch Research Institute For Transitions

Institute of Erasmus University Rotterdam, the Netherlands

Academic education, research, consultancy and activism

30 employees

Founded in 2004

mission

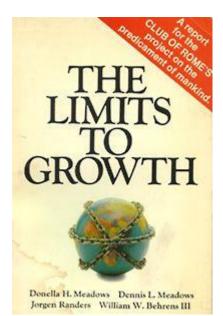
Guiding and accelerating sustainability transitions



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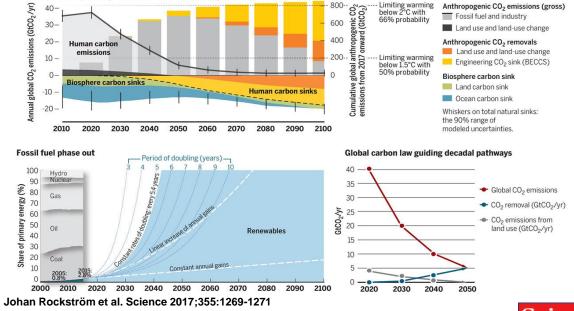


Urgency or persistency?



A global carbon law and roadmap to make Paris goals a reality

Decarbonization pathway consistent with the Paris agreement



Science

Biodiversity and transition

- Biodiversity loss is a 'symptom of unsustainability': it is caused by unsustainable production and consumption
- Efforts to decrease biodiversity loss are often addressing symptoms rather than root causes
- (Similar to climate change) a regime has developed around this based on understanding impacts and reducing these
- The effects are so far not significant and sometimes even have become part of the problem in sustaining current practices by making them less bad

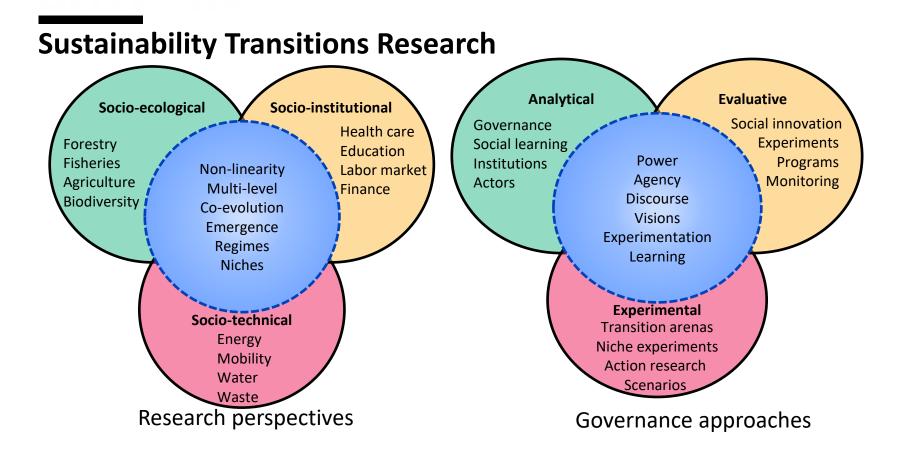


Transitions?

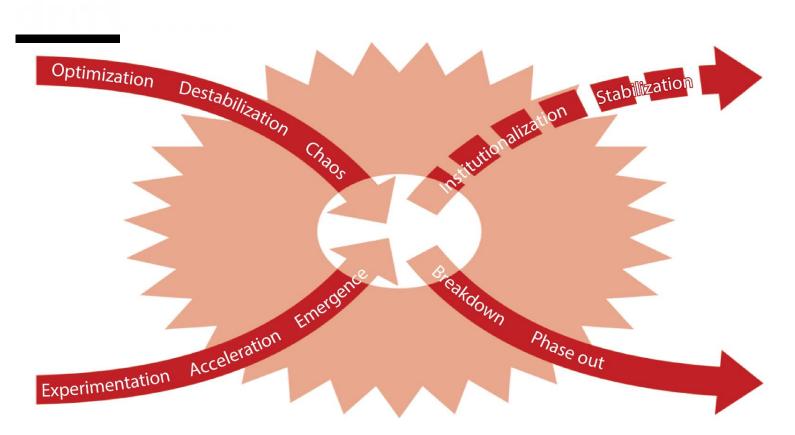
A process of structural, non-linear systemic change in dominant *cultures, structures and practices* (regime) in societal subsystems that takes place over a period of decades (Rotmans et al, 2001, Grin et al, 2010)

culture:	shared values, paradigms, worldviews, discourses
structure:	institutions, economic structures, physical infrastructures
practices:	routines, behavior, action, lifestyles

Transitions emerge as responses to persistent problems but in turn lead to establishment of new regimes that over time get locked-in and create a new persistent problem







Loorbach D, et al. 2017. Annu. Rev. Environ. Resour. 42:599–626



Transitions happening?





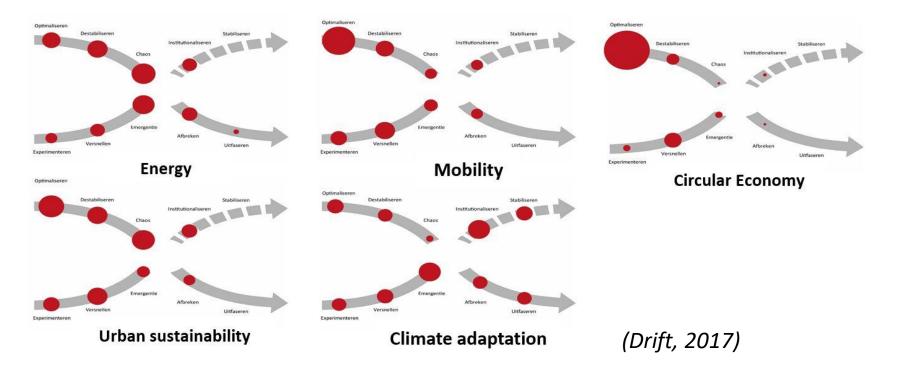








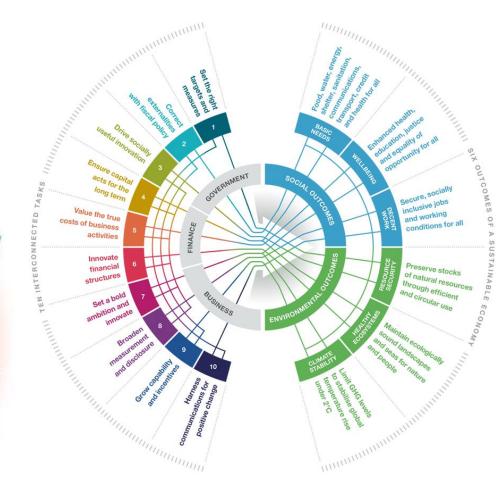
Mapping transition dynamics (Dutch government)





Landing zone...?





Transition governance principles

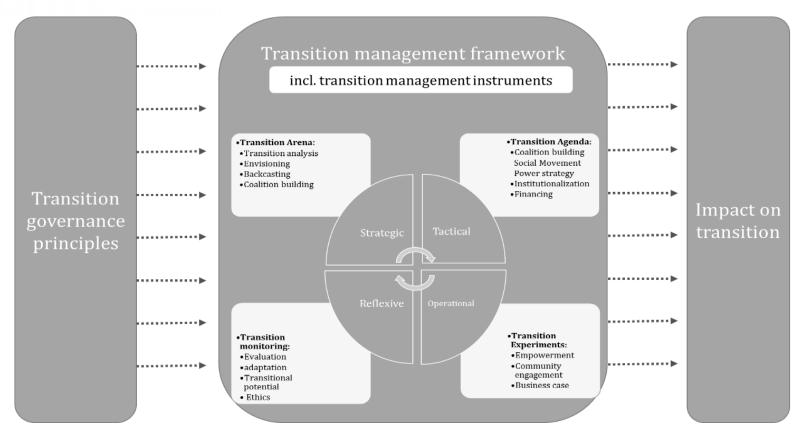
- **Content dictates process and vice versa:** *transition as objective*
- **Multi-level approach:** *engage with dynamics across societal levels*
- **Selective participation:** *differentiate between change agents and incumbents*
- **Back casting scenarios:** *envisioning and scenarios as instruments for change*
- Adaptive strategy: multiple goals and solution pathways
- Learning-by-doing and doing-by-learning: *experimenting and reflexivity*

Transition governance mix: top-down, bottom-up and phase-out

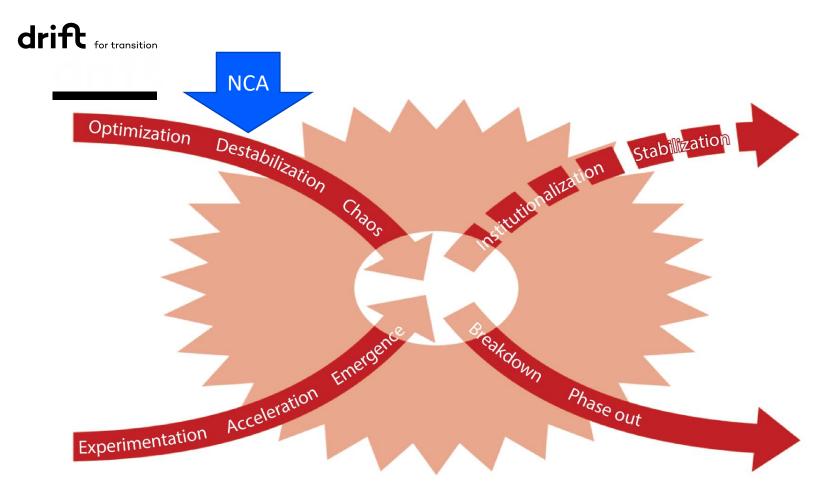
Changing the rules Adjusting and Pricing externalities, changing subsidies, learning setting transformative goals, prohibitions **Building the new** Managing phase-out Finding, connecting and empowering Fossil fuels, waste incineration, niches, new practices, technologies, ... industrial meat production, ...

Transition management framework

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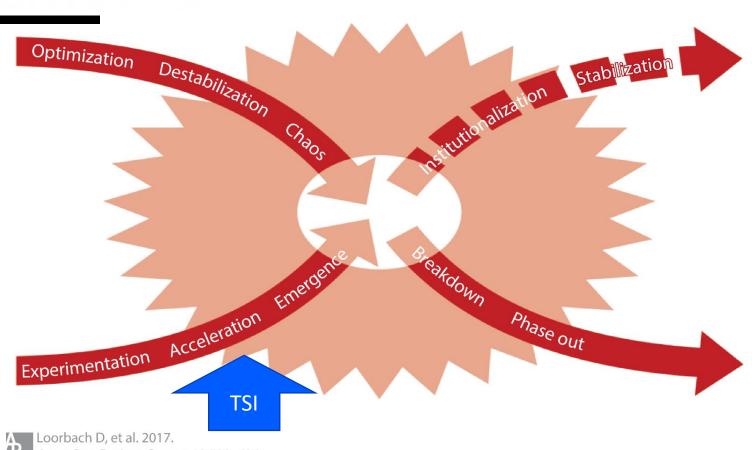


(adapted from Wittmayer & Loorbach, 2016)



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or transition





$\bullet I_{\bullet}C^{\bullet}L^{\bullet}E^{\bullet}I \quad {\rm Local\ Governments\ for\ Sustainability}$





P R O G R A M A C I D A D E S SUSTENTÁVEIS

* work in progress - please do not cite or distribute *

A Manifesto for Transformative Social Innovation

Version 11.09.17

A manifesto is a published verbal declaration of the intentions motive, or views of the tota issue, bet lan individual, argung publical party or government. A manifesto usually acceptant a previously published option or public consensa or promotes a new idea with prescriptive notions for carrying out changes the author believer schould be made. It offen to political or artistic in nature, but may present an individual's life stance.³ https://cww.ideadu.or.with/Manifesto

Purpose

This is a mainfesto on transformative social innovation towards more sustainable, just and resilient societies. It has been written by people that are studying and/or working on social innovation and transformative change (see p. 9). It is written for activists, entrepreneurs, policy-makers, critical intellectuals and other engaged individuals who are interested in understanding and contributing to cocial change. The aim of this document is to units those peoples to identify complementarities, differences, common insights and challenges. The purpose of doing so is to formulate a common call for action to create focus and momentum for collaboration. To this end, this mainfeets also deliberates what we mean by 'transformative' and 'social' innovation, what it has to offer and what sets it apart from other types of change or innovation.

The manifesto is inspired on insights and examples as studied in the <u>TRANST</u> research project. This includes experiences and insights from 20 transional networks and 100 limitities across 25 countries that contribute to transformative social innovation in different ways (see overview on p. 9). We extertain no illusion of having reach-made solutions or final answers to global challenges, neither do we claim that our ideas and experiences will call an end to all structural power inequalities. We do, however, maintain that there exist a multitude of well-considered and demonstrably viable responses to these societal challenges, which provide constructive survers and alternatives to the policical turnoil of our times. At <u>TRANST</u> final conference Learning for <u>Lhange</u> (14-15 Supenharent Roltersham), there will be a gathering of researchers, activities, entrepresences, nod toper individuals who share an interest in social change. The Manifesto will be used as an entry point to share, compare and deviate out be discussed on the delights and challenges of transformative social innovation.

Short Summary of Manifesto

In these times of transition and uncertainty people long for new positive futures. They often look to established institutions and traditional leaders but these seem to be unable to break away



SHAReable













- 1. Social innovation alone is not enough: we need transformative change to make a difference.
- Social innovation is just as much about shaping the new as it is about rediscovering the old.
 Experimenting with alternative social relations is crucial for transformative change.
- Social and material change are intimately intertwined.
- Changing relations between civil society, state & market is a form of social innovation in itself.
 Transformative social innovation is inherently political.
- 7. Social innovation should never be misused as an excuse to dismantle necessary public services.
- Translocal empowerment is a promising response to the challenges of globalisation.
 Social innovation is about fostering a sense of belonging, autonomy and competence.
- Social innovation is about fostering a sense of belonging, autonomy and competence.
 Transformative change requires physical & mental space for learning and experimentation.
- Transport and inclusive decision-making is a necessary condition for transformative change.
- 12. Transformative change requires alternative narratives and theories about the world.
- 13. Transformative change requires alternative and diverse economies.
- 14. More mutual recognition and strategic collaboration is needed for transformative change.
- 15. Balancing paradoxes is key to transformative social innovation.



RÉSEAU

SOLIDAIRE

INTERCONTINENTAL

L'ÉCONOMIE SOCIALE

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DE PROMOTION DE









Co-operative Housing International A Sector of the International Co-operative Alliance



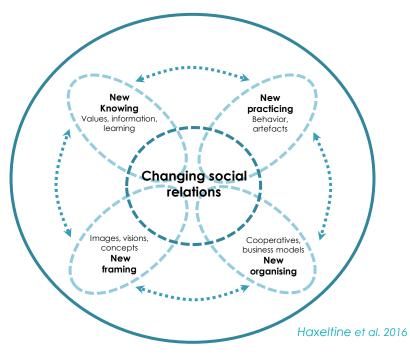


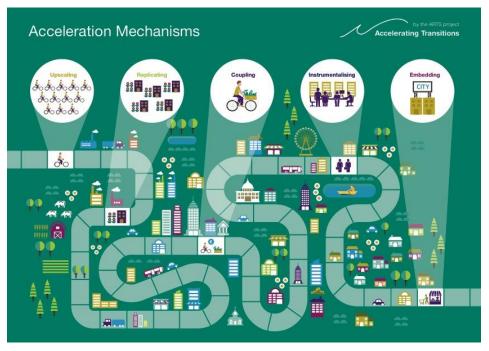






Translocal diffusion of transformation





www.transitsocialinnovation.eu

www.acceleratingtransitions.eu

Enabling factors for sustainability transitions

- A strong and shared narrative that includes a framing of persistent unsustainability and revolutionary long-term direction
- A diverse niche-regime frontrunner network of individuals that are able to diffuse, translate, and operationalize the narrative within their own contexts
- A diverse set of alternative practices, technologies, business models, and initiatives that can be presented as building blocks for the transition
- An open end reflexive process of engagement, knowledge development, and learning in which adaptation, exchange, and selection take place



CBD in transition

Build a positive and inspiring narrative on biodiversity, resilience and transitions

Rethink 'developing' versus 'developed' countries

Engage with other domains, sectors and regions on sustainability transitions

Develop shadow governance tracks supporting desired transitions

Broaden actor networks, policy instruments and intervention repertoire

for transition



Transitions to Sustainable Development New Directions in the Study of

John Grin, Jan Rotmans and Johan Schot In collaboration with Frank Geels and Derk Loorbach To Transition Governance Panarchy in the New Transforma

Inaugural lecture 31 October Prof.dr. Derk Loorbach

For more information and publications: loorbach@drift.eur.nl www.drift.eur.nl www.twitter.com/drk75

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Optimise ("Top Down")

What needs to be organised/changed?

- Legal, policy, regulations
- Institution coordination /strength
- Implementation
- Data
- Roles and responsibilities

optimalisatio

Future / Vision What is the end goal?

- Economy

- International networks
- Planetary boundaries
- New ways of working
- Big picture and crazy ideas

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Build ("Bottom Up")

What needs to be built/developed?

- Capacity
- Expertise
- Stakeholders
- Dialogue
- Platforms

Phase Out

What isn't working / needs to go?

- Resources
- Infrastructure
- Interests
- Practices