



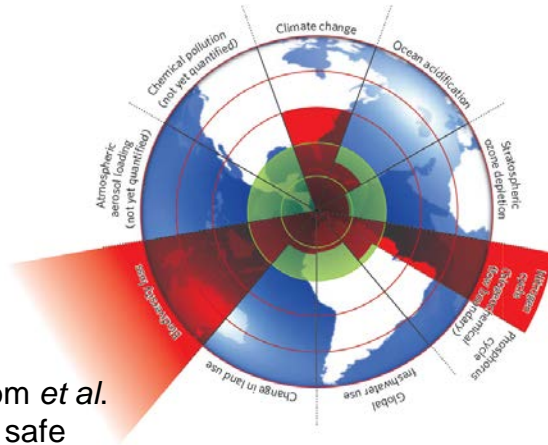
In the run-up to 2020: IUCN's engagement

Bogis Bossey Dialogue for Biodiversity

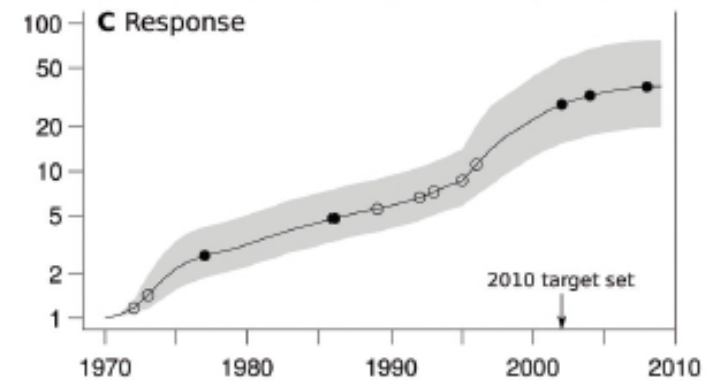
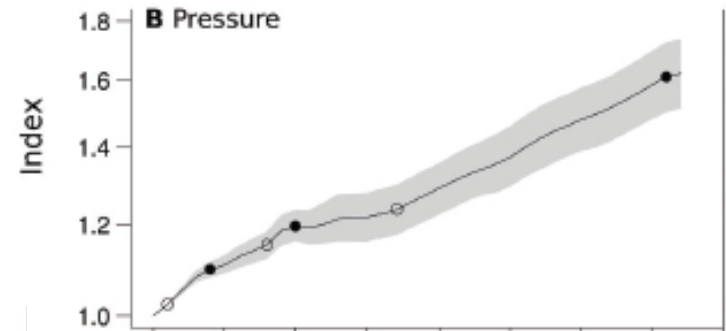
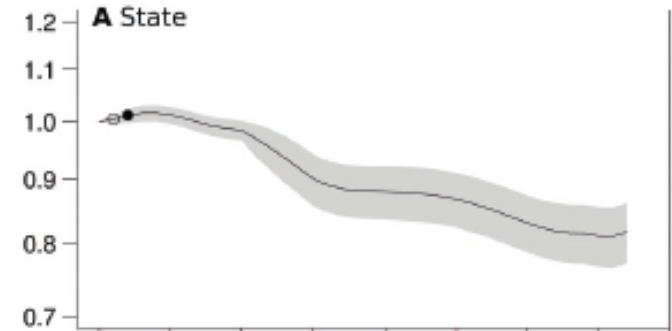
Sonia Peña Moreno

Coordinator, Global Biodiversity Policy and Governance
IUCN Headquarters

November 14, 2017



Rockström *et al.* (2009) A safe operating space for humanity



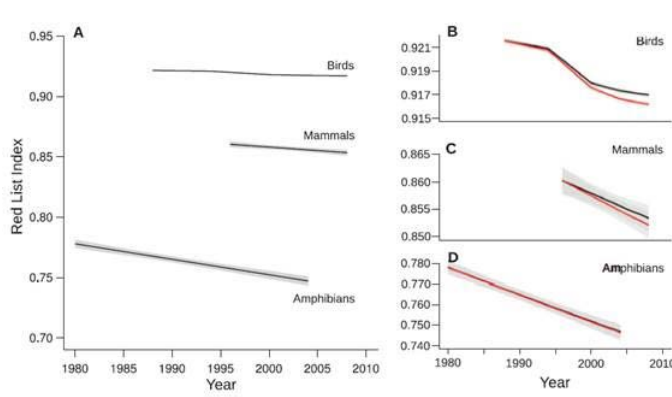
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Quarter of mammals 'face extinction'

By Corinne Podger
 BBC science correspondent

Almost a quarter of the world's mammals face extinction within 30 years, according to a United Nations report on the state of the global environment.

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Hoffmann *et al.* (2010)

Butchart *et al.*, Science (2010)

No Plan B, No Planet B



Back in 2010...



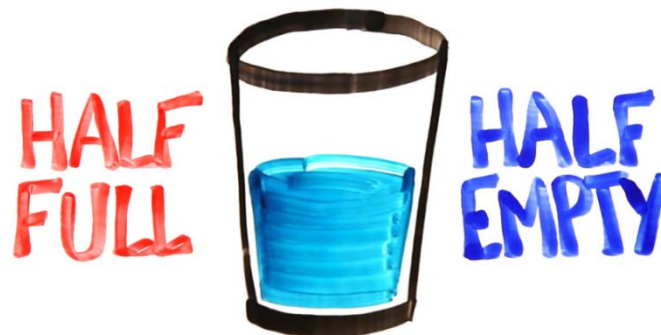


IUCN's response to the adoption of the Strategic Plan 2011-2020

- Immediate brainstorming on the ways to contribute to the Plan
- Creation of a Council Task Force
- Launch of the IUCN Aichi Targets Champions & call for contributions
- Embedding the Strategic Plan in IUCN's Programme of work (including reporting against ATs)
- WCCs in Jeju (2012) & Hawai'i (2016): adoption of various Resolutions and Recommendations; numerous Forum Workshops; high-level dialogues and events ...

Fast forward to 2017

- **Encouraging progress** towards meeting some elements of most Aichi Targets
- But **generally insufficient** to achieve them
- However, the **state of biodiversity would be much worse in the absence of conservation actions** to date
- Still, **urgent and effective action** needs to be taken to reduce the pressures on biodiversity and to prevent its continued decline
- The **conservation imperative** remains



An evolving global policy context

- New (and very significant) commitments made
- Mainstreaming & integration imperative
- Increased Involvement of different sectors still needed
- Science & data needs
- Limited public outreach



SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS



Global Biodiversity Outlook 4

A mid-term assessment of progress towards the implementation of the Strategic Plan for Biodiversity 2011–2020



Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction

2015 - 2030

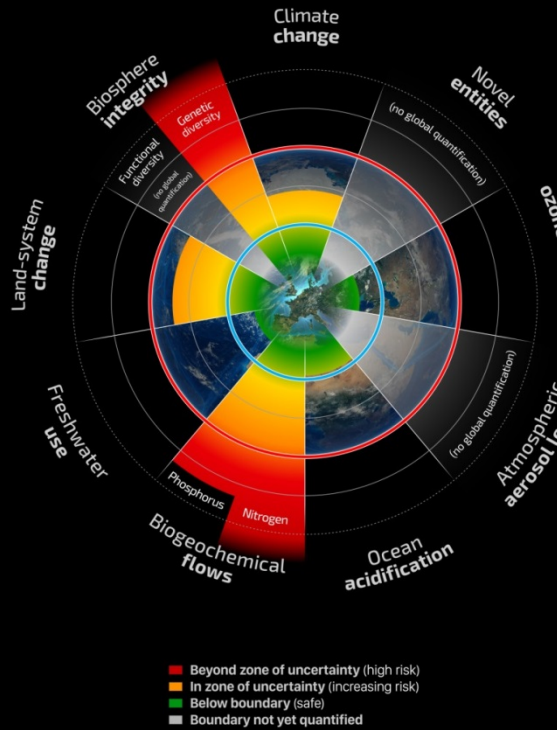


PARIS 2015
UN CLIMATE CHANGE CONFERENCE
COP21-CMP11



Planetary Boundaries

A safe operating space for humanity



Source: Steffen et al. Planetary Boundaries: Guiding human development on a changing planet. Science, 16 January 2016.

Design: GIZ/USA

Protected Planet Report 2016

How protected areas contribute to achieving global targets for biodiversity



Living Planet Report 2016
Risk and resilience in a new era

Logos: WWF, ZSL, Living Planet Index, and the Living Planet Report logo.

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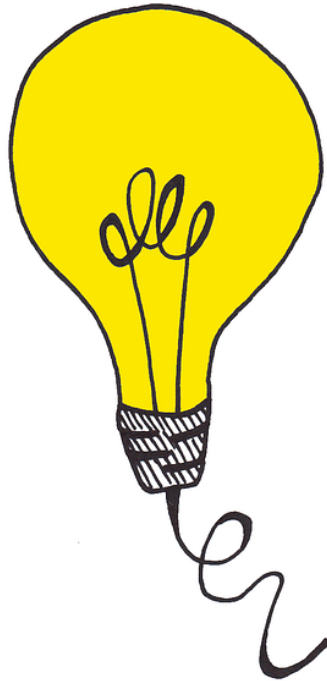
Endangered species

Humans creating sixth great extinction of animal species, say scientists

There are success stories!

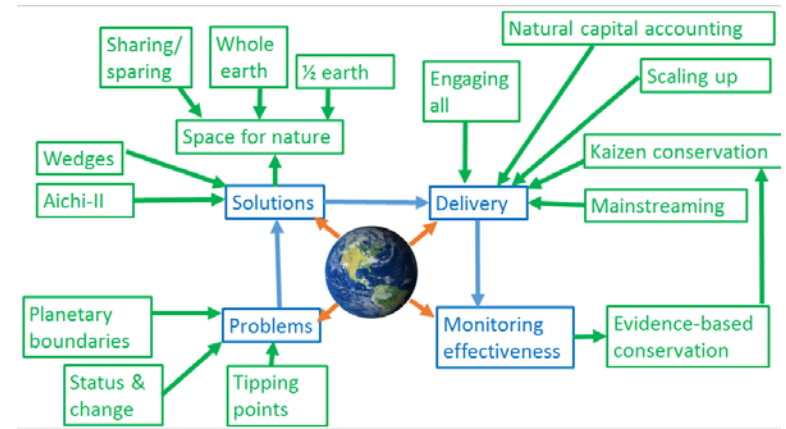


What can we do better this time?

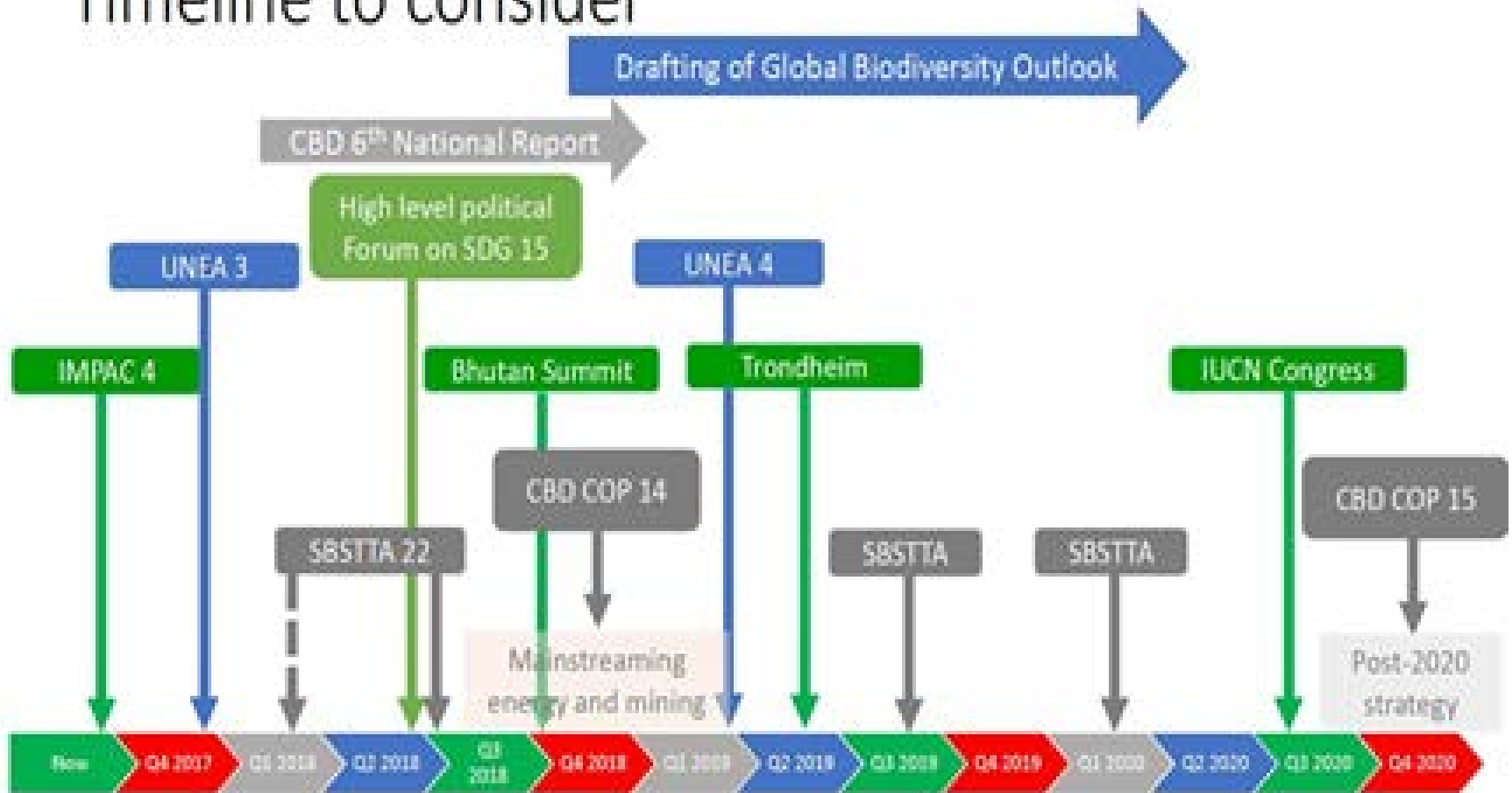


Numerous ongoing initiatives

- ***Safeguarding space for nature, securing our future: developing a post-2020 strategy***
- ***A Cambridge Conference on the post-2020 biodiversity strategy***
- ***Rethinking Biodiversity Governance***
- ***Global Commons***
- ***Nature needs half***
- ***Forests, Agriculture, Biodiversity, Land, and Energy (FABLE) project***
- ...



Timeline to consider



Some initial thoughts

The post-2020 Global Biodiversity Framework

- Alignment/ mutual supportiveness with the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development + tracked against contributions to SDGs
 - What must be done for biodiversity conservation to achieve the SDGs?
 - What are the synergies and trade-offs (intact nature delivering ecosystem goods and services, biodiversity conservation and delivery of SDGs)?
 - How can the SDGs be implemented in a biodiversity “conscious manner”?
 - What is missing in the SDG targets vis-à-vis biodiversity-sustainable development links?

Some initial thoughts

- Long-term Vision for biodiversity conservation = call to action
- A Mission statement for 2030 = overall *science-based target* (quantified and measured through implementation)
 - 2° C equivalent?
 - Time-bound (to the SDGs)
 - Positively framed
 - Focus on implementation (urgent and effective action...)
- Strategic Goals provide logical structure, but is there something missing?
- Increasing commitments, sense of responsibility and accountability
- Are there lessons to be learned from the UNFCCC process and the adoption of the Paris Agreement? (this is not envy!)
- How can synergies across all biodiversity-related MEAs be enhanced?

IUCN's engagement

- 2016 World Conservation Congress
 - Resolution 096 “***Safeguarding space for nature and securing our future: developing a post-2020 strategy***”
 - Resolution 050 “***Increasing marine protected area coverage for effective marine biodiversity conservation***”
 - IUCN Programme 2017-2020
 - The Hawai'i Commitments



Preparations for the next WCC

- The next IUCN Congress **will take place in 2020**
- **Regional Conservation Forums** will be held in 2019 in all Regions
 - Discussions around policy motions to be proposed to WCC for adoption
 - Consultation on IUCN's Programme of work for next quadrennium
 - Contributions to IUCN's developing position on the post-2020 biodiversity framework

IUCN Programme regions and offices location



