



Convention on Biological Diversity

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Conference of the Parties to the Convention on Biological Diversity Sixteenth meeting

Cali, Colombia, 21 October–1 November 2024 Item 11 of the provisional agenda*

Resource mobilization and financial mechanism

Submission from the Plurinational State of Bolivia regarding Target 19, paragraph (f), of the Kunming-Montreal Global Biodiversity Framework

Note by the Secretariat

- 1. On 18 July 2024, the Secretariat of the Convention on Biological Diversity received a note verbale dated 18 July 2024 from the Embassy of the Plurinational State of Bolivia to Canada by which the Embassy forwarded a proposal from its Government to include a subitem under item 11 of the provisional agenda of the sixteenth meeting of the Conference of the Parties.
- 2. According to rule 9, paragraph (d), of the rules of procedure for meetings of the Conference of the Parties to the Convention on Biological Diversity, the provisional agenda of the meeting may include any item proposed by a Party and received by the Secretariat before the provisional agenda is produced. The provisional agenda was issued by the Secretariat on 7 July 2024. Since the submission from the Plurinational State of Bolivia was received after that date, the Secretariat was not able to incorporate the proposed subitem into the provisional agenda; however, it reflected the proposal from the Plurinational State of Bolivia in the subsequently issued annotated provisional agenda (CBD/COP/16/1/Add.1, para. 66).
- 3. The proposal from the Plurinational State of Bolivia is reproduced in the annex to the present note, in the form and language in which it was received by the Secretariat.

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^{*} CBD/COP/16/1.

Annex

Proposal for new agenda items on the provisional agenda for the sixteenth meeting of the Conference of the Parties to the Convention on Biological Diversity

The Plurinational State of Bolivia is submitting this written proposal pursuant to rule 9 of the rules of procedure of the Conference of the Parties to add the following subitem to the item 11 of the provisional agenda of the sixteenth meeting of the Conference of the Parties, which will be held from 21 October to 1 November 2024 in Cali, Colombia.

Item 11. Resource mobilization and financial mechanism

Road map for the operationalization of financial resources for Article 19 paragraph (f) of the Kunming-Montreal Biodiversity Framework and its outcomes "Enhancing the role of collective actions, including by indigenous peoples and local communities, Mother Earth centric actions and non-market-based approaches including community based natural resource management and civil society cooperation and solidarity aimed at the conservation of biodiversity

Rationale: The Convention on Biological Diversity has expressed that biological diversity is being significantly reduced by certain human activities and recognized the importance of the provision of new and additional financial resources for the conservation of biological diversity and sustainable use of its components for the benefit of present and future generations.

Taking into account Article 20 of the Convention on Biological Diversity and in particular Art. 20.1, which established that developed country Parties shall provide new and additional financial resources to enable developing country Parties to meet the agreed full incremental costs to them of implementation measures which fulfil the obligations of the Convention. Also, considering Target 19 of the Kunming-Montreal Biodiversity Framework establishing that substantially and progressively increase the level of financial resources from all sources, in an effective, timely and easily accessible manner, including domestic, international, public and private resources, in accordance with Article 20 of the Convention.

The Plurinational State of Bolivia considers that under Target 19 paragraph (f), finance must be provided for the following Mother Earth-centric actions and non-market-based approaches for the conservation of biological diversity:

- (a) Recognition of Mother Earth as a living being and subject of law;
- (b) Development of policy instruments for protecting, managing and restoring nature without the commodification of its environmental functions;
- (c) Integration of cosmobiocentric approaches of Living Well in balance and harmony with Mother Earth in countries' policies, programs and projects;
- (d) Facilitates the epistemological parity between western-world modern science and eastern-world ancestral science strengthening inter-scientific dialogue among them;
- (e) Promotion of economic growth along with mechanisms of reciprocity for wealth redistribution, avoiding individuals' economic accumulation and inequities;
- (f) Development of educational process related to the living well in harmony with Mother Earth civilizational horizon;
- (g) Interventions for the promotion of respect to all forms of life in the planet, avoiding artificial and synthetic life and transhumanism;
- (h) Promotion of peoples and nature's communities of life for the peaceful coexistence of all living beings in the totality of Mother Earth;

- (i) Implementation of actions for strengthening the role Indigenous Peoples and local communities, women, girls and youth in the fulfilment of the objectives of the Convention on Biological Diversity;
- (j) Implementation of joint mitigation and adaptation actions linked to sustainable development and poverty eradication, contemplating equity, common but differentiated responsibilities and non-market approaches to address climate crisis;
- (k) Promotion of sustainable patterns of consumption and production, being aware of the limits of Mother Earth;
- (l) Development of jurisdictional, integrated and socioecological approaches for the management of ecosystems, including protection of environmental functions, sustainable production systems and eradication of poverty;
- (m) Enhancement of Indigenous Peoples and local communities' participation in the management of systems of life and ecosystems, recognizing social, economic, juridic, political and cultural plurality, among other aspects.

Finally, it is important to consider that at the last Conference of Parties, the Member States have adopted the Decision 15/7 on resource mobilization, where the need was established to quick-start immediate mobilization of resources to achieve the 2030 targets of the Kunming-Montreal Global Biodiversity Framework.