

Preparatory Webinar for the IAC on Capacity-building to support the implementation of the Nagoya Protocol

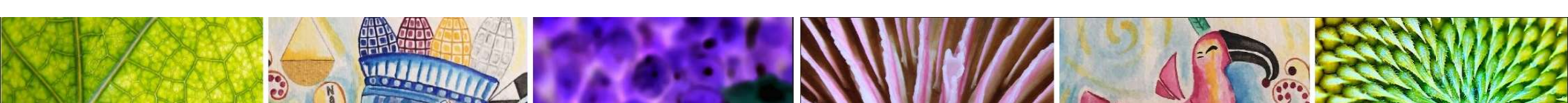
Secretariat of the Convention on Biological Diversity
9 May 2023



UNITED NATIONS DECADE ON
**ECOSYSTEM
RESTORATION**
2021-2030

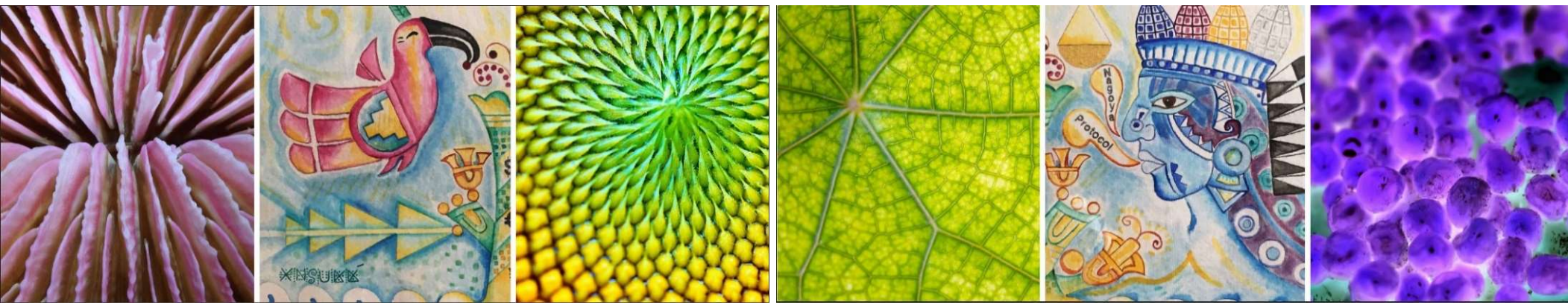


Convention on
Biological Diversity



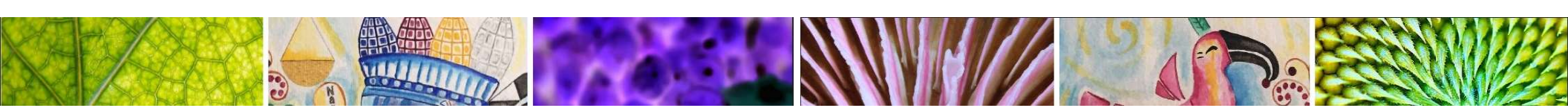
Agenda

Time	Agenda Item	Who
8:00-8:15	Welcome remarks, objectives and agenda for the webinar	Tauko & Kristina
8:15-8:25	Overview of COP 15 and COP-MOP 4 outcomes related to ABS capacity-building and awareness raising	Tauko
8:25-8:50	Overview of the Kunming-Montreal GBF and guidance from the long-term strategic framework on capacity-building and development	Erie
8:50-9:00	Mainstreaming gender in access and benefit sharing instruments - Gender Plan of Action	Bianca
9:00-9:15	Q&A (15 mins)	Kristina
9:15-9:30	Key findings and recommendations of the evaluation of the strategic framework	Kristina
9:30-9:45	Capacity-building priorities from first assessment and review of the NP	Bea
9:45-10:00	Proposed structure and key elements for inclusion in the action plan	Kristina
10:00-10:30	Q&A and discussion (30 mins)	Regina
10:30-10:40	Wrap up and next steps Closure of webinar	Regina Tauko



Overview of COP 15 and COP-MOP 4 outcomes related to ABS capacity-building and awareness raising

Tauko Shikongo



UN-Biodiversity Conference 2022

7 – 19 December in Montreal, Canada

Three concurrent meetings:

- COP-15 (Convention)
- COP-MOP-10 (Cartagena Protocol)
- COP-MOP-4 (Nagoya Protocol)

<https://www.cbd.int/conferences/2021-2022>



Adoption of the Kunming-Montreal Global Biodiversity Framework an its associated decisions:

Kunming-Montreal GBF (15/4)	GBF Monitoring Framework (15/5)	Mechanisms for planning monitoring, reporting and review (15/6)	Resource mobilization (15/7)	CB&D and T&SC (15/8)	DSI (15/9)
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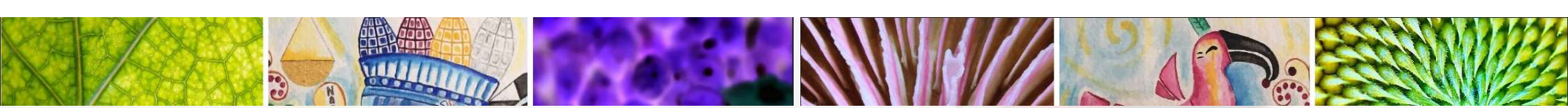
KUNMING-MONTREAL GLOBAL BIODIVERSITY FRAMEWORK

2050-VISION

A world of living in harmony with nature where:
“By 2050, biodiversity is valued, conserved,
restored and wisely used, maintaining
ecosystem services, sustaining a healthy
planet and delivering benefits essential for
all people.”



GBF included 4 Goals & 23 action-oriented targets to be achieved by 2030



The Kunming-Montreal Global Biodiversity Framework

GOAL C

Benefits from the use of genetic resources, DSI and TK associated with GR are shared and substantially increased

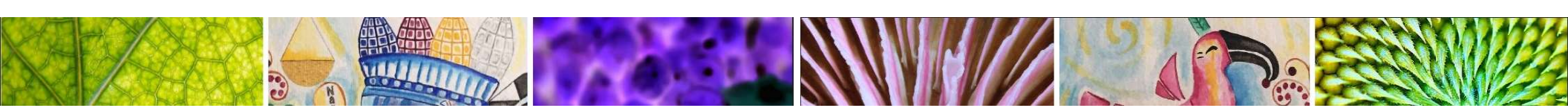
T.13. Effective measures (legal, policy administrative and **capacity-building**) are in place for the fair and equitable sharing of benefits that arise from the utilization of genetic resources and from digital sequence information on genetic resources, as well as TK associated with GR

Support implementation of the Nagoya Protocol

COP-MOP 4 (and COP 15) adopted the following decisions related to supporting the implementation of the Protocol:

- ABS Clearing-House (NP-4/4)
- Capacity-building and awareness raising (NP-4/7)
- Financial mechanism and resources (NP-4/8)
- Enhancing the implementation of the Nagoya Protocol in the context of the KM-GBF (NP-4/5)
- Capacity-building and development and technical and scientific cooperation (15/8)



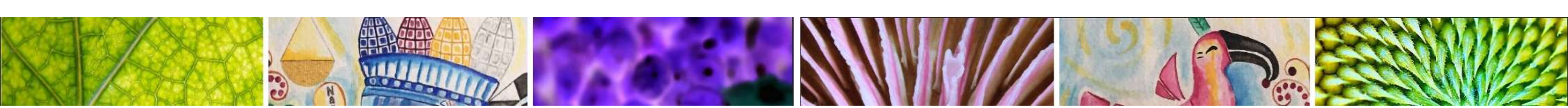


Support implementation of the Protocol

Capacity-building and awareness raising (NP-4/7)

Requests to the ES:

- Revising the strategic framework for capacity-building and development to support the effective implementation of the NP
 - ✓ Taking into account the findings of the evaluation
 - ✓ In line with K-M GBF and LTSF
 - ✓ Incorporating elements of the awareness-raising strategy
- Meeting of the **IAC** on capacity-building **(20-22 June 2023)**
- **SBI-4** to consider revised framework **(May 2024)**
- Outcomes to be considered by **COP-MOP-5 (Q4/2024)**
- Facilitating the implementation of the awareness-raising strategy through capacity building and development activities and by encouraging the use of the CEPA toolkit in related projects

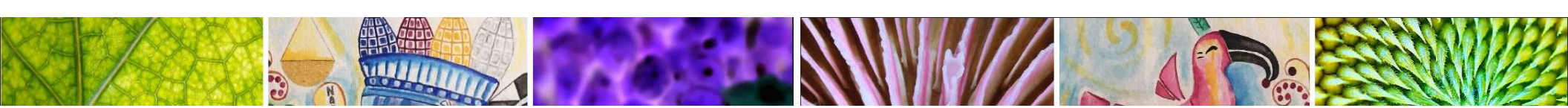


Support implementation of the Protocol

Capacity-building and awareness raising (NP-4/7)

COP-MOP urges Parties, other government and relevant organizations to:

- (a) Expand their efforts to build and develop the capacities of developing country Parties, in particular the least developed countries and small island developing States among them, and Parties with economies in transition to implement the Nagoya Protocol, taking into account the priority areas identified in the annex to the decision and in the K-M GBF;
- (b) continue to make available information on capacity-building and development needs, initiatives and resources and share best practices and lessons learned on ABS Clearing-House;
- Encourages Parties, other Governments, relevant organizations and other stakeholders to continue to implement awareness-raising activities and to make information on awareness-raising tools and resources available through the ABS Clearing-House;

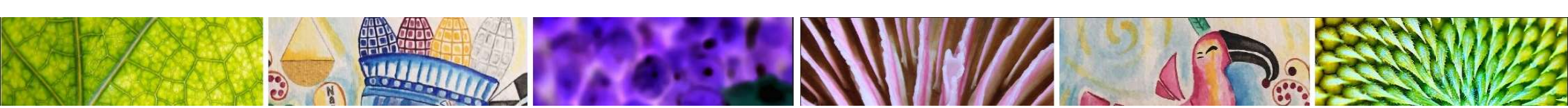


Specific priorities for continued capacity-building

Annex (NP-4/7)



- Developing ABS legislation
- Compliance with domestic legislation
- Participation of IPLCs and development of community protocols
- Raising awareness
- Capacity-building and development related to the measuring and reporting of both monetary and non-monetary benefits
- Strategic ABS communication at all levels
- Integration of gender concerns



Support implementation of the Protocol

Financial mechanism (NP-4/8)

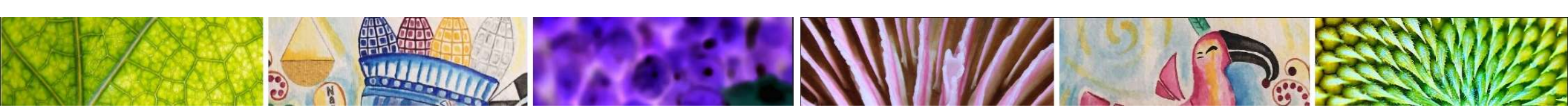


COP-MOP 4 :

- Urges Parties to prioritize ABS projects in STAR allocations under GEF 8
- Encourages Parties to incorporate ABS activities in projects developed under other programmes under GEF
- Encourages Parties to cooperate at regional and subregional level to request GEF-support for joint projects
- Invites NP Parties to participate actively in the sixth review of the effectiveness of the financial mechanism under the CBD

The eighth replenishment of the GEF Trust Fund includes an objective relating to the effective implementation of the NP.

→ 82 million USD (representing 1.5 %) of the Fund have been allocated to effectively implement both Protocols under the CBD



Support implementation of the Protocol

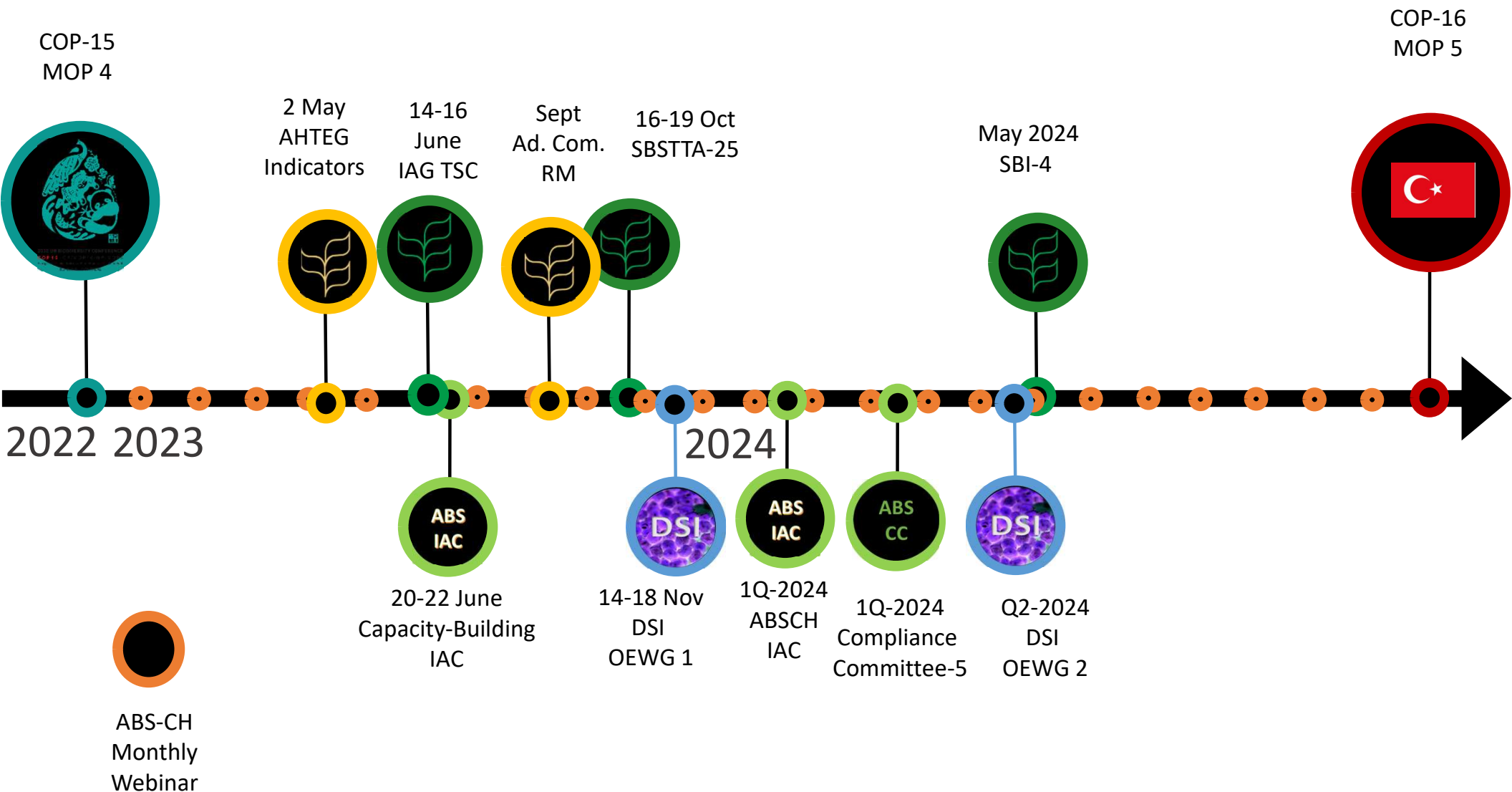
Global Biodiversity Framework Fund

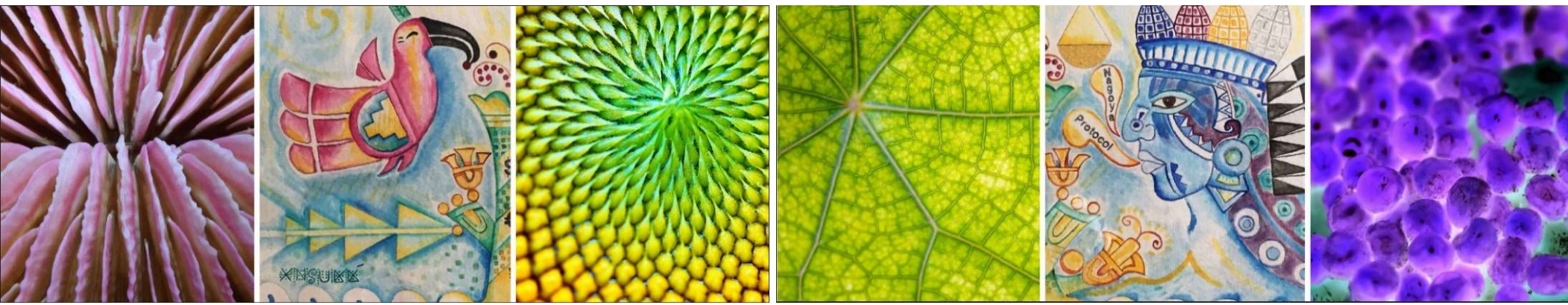
(15/7)

- Special trust fund to support implementation of the KM-GBF
 - Under GEF but with own equitable governing body
 - Easy, simplified and efficient access to resources
- Document prepared with key elements and consultations are under way – notification [2023-041](#)
- Parties encouraged to review and share views with their GEF Focal Points
- Important that funding be made available for Goal C and T.13
- Need support for global and regional projects
- Council meeting **26-29 June** in Brasilia, Brazil



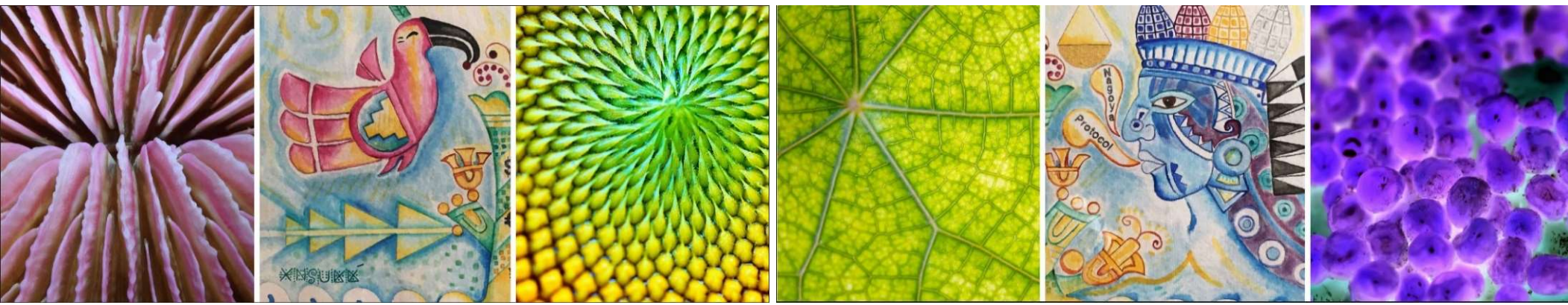
Roadmap to COP 16 and COP-MOP 5





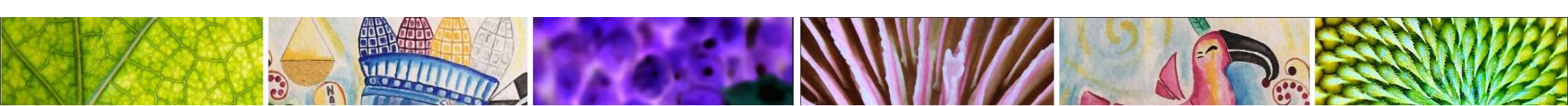
Overview of the Kunming-Montreal global biodiversity framework and guidance from the long-term strategic framework on capacity-building and development

Erie Tamale



Mainstreaming gender in access and benefit sharing instruments - Gender Plan of Action

Bianca Brasil



TARGET 23

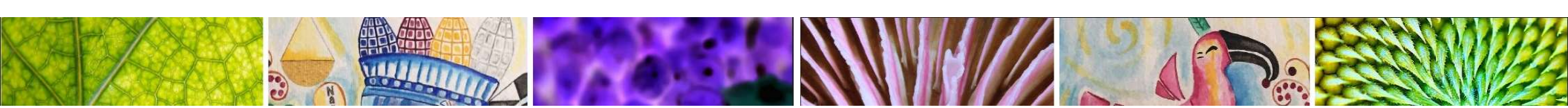
What: Ensure gender equality in the implementation of the framework

How: through a **gender-responsive approach** where

Outcome: all women and girls have **equal opportunity and capacity** to contribute to the **three objectives of the Convention**, including by recognizing their **equal rights and access to land and natural resources** and their **full, equitable, meaningful and informed participation and leadership** at all levels of action, engagement, policy and decision-making related to biodiversity.

KM-GBF “package”

- Monitoring Framework
- Mechanisms for planning, monitoring, reporting and review
- Resource mobilization
- Capacity building and development and technical and scientific cooperation
- DSI
- New programme of work – article 8j
- Engagement with subnational governments
- Long term strategic approach on mainstreaming
- **Gender Plan of Action**

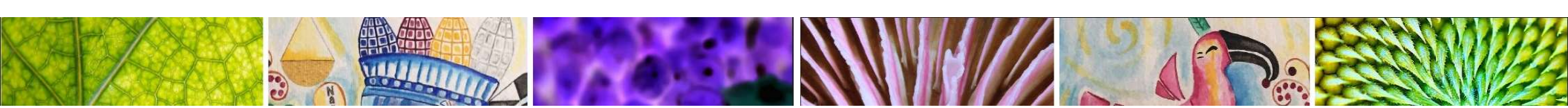


Gender Plan of Action

Purpose: Support and promote the gender responsive implementation and mechanisms associated with the framework

Expected Outcomes:

1. Equal opportunity and capacity to contribute to the 3 objectives of the convention
2. Biodiversity policy, planning and programming decisions address need and human rights of all people particularly of women and girls
3. Enabling conditions are created to ensure gender responsive implementation



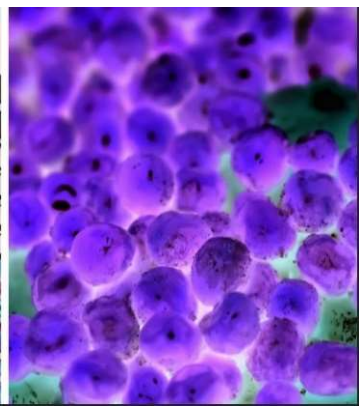
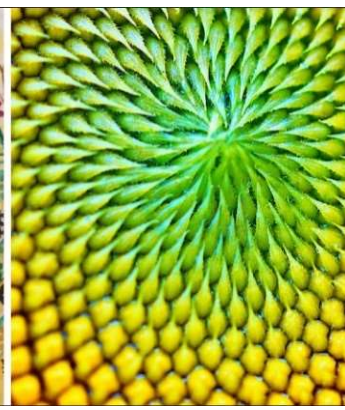
ABS consideration

Outcome 1: Equal opportunity and capacity to contribute to the three objectives of the Convention

1.3 – Ensure gender equitable access in relation to access and benefit-sharing instruments, as appropriate

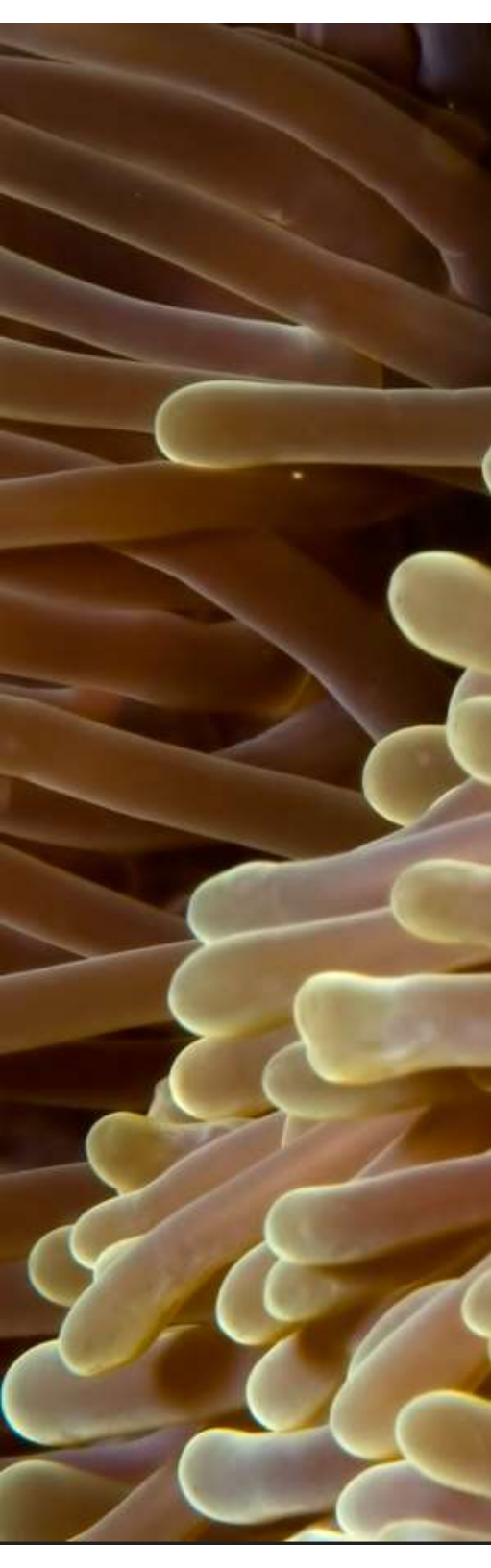
Q&A





Key findings and recommendations of the evaluation of the strategic framework

Kristina Taboulchanas

A close-up photograph of sea anemone tentacles, showing their thick, fleshy, and slightly curved structure. The tentacles are a mix of light yellow and pale orange colors, with some darker spots. They are densely packed and appear to be in a natural, slightly undulating state.

Background

- Mandate for the evaluation of the Strategic (SF) Framework comes from decisions NP-1/8 and NP-3/5
- IAC (at 4th meeting) provided inputs by reviewing the preliminary findings and providing recommendations
- SBI 3 considered the evaluation and made recommendations to the COP-MOP
- COP-MOP 4 agreed to revise the SF

Executive Summary of the Evaluation

[CBD/SBI/3/16](#)

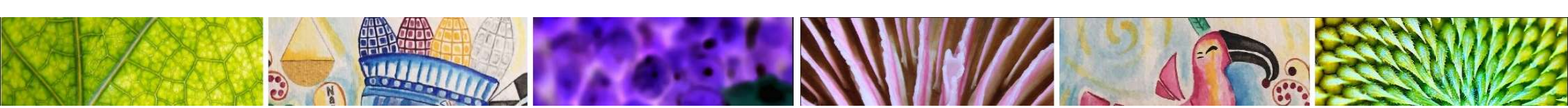
Purpose of the evaluation

- Assess the Strategic Framework's guidance and contribution in helping foster a strategic, coherent and coordinated approach to capacity-building and development for the effective implementation of the Nagoya Protocol

Specific objectives

- (a) To take stock and review progress made in the implementation of the SF
- (b) To review the relevance and effectiveness of the SF
- (c) To propose options and recommendations for further improvement of capacity-building

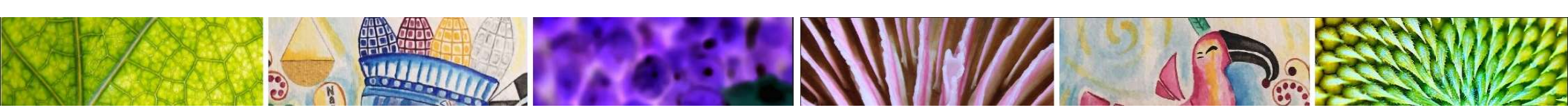




Key Findings

Uses, effectiveness and relevance of the SF:

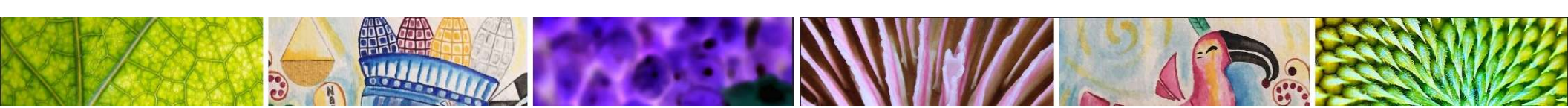
- SF primarily used as a **reference document** to guide CB&D programming and project design
- Main strength: **appendices on indicative measures and activities**
- SF succeeded in **providing common language and roadmap** for building necessary capacities to make NP operational
- Main elements (purpose, 5 key areas, measures/activities) continue to be relevant



Key Findings

Coordinating mechanism and role of SCBD:

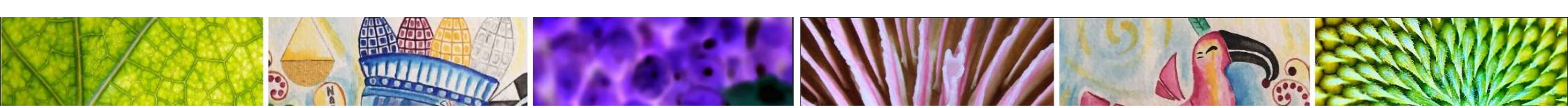
- IAC meetings contributed to foster collaboration among different stakeholders to work together towards common goals
- Secretariat considered effective in its role to promote and coordinate the implementation of the SF by collecting and providing information through the ABS-CH and facilitating capacity-building activities at the regional and international levels



Key Findings

Elements to be considered in the revision of the SF:

- Priority areas: Capacities to negotiate MAT (key area 3), of IPLCs and relevant stakeholders to implement the NP (key area 4), of countries to develop endogenous research capabilities (key area 5)
- Emerging CB needs: DSI and links to ABS and strategic communication on ABS
- Other: important to mainstream gender considerations into CB interventions
- Preferred CB approaches: Regional and national CB approaches, training of trainers, sharing of country experiences and lessons



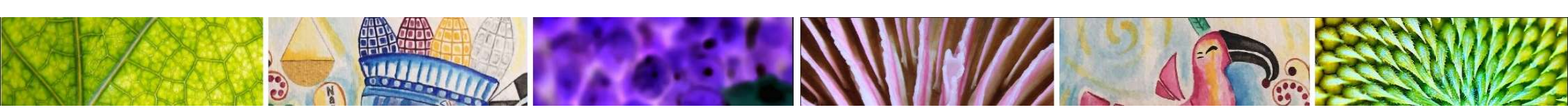
Key recommendations

General improvements

- Use simple direct language and avoid redundancies
- Take greater advantage of assessment and review exercises to assess the framework
- Ensure links to SDGs
- Adopt gender considerations as a cross-cutting theme

Improving coordination mechanisms

- Expand the membership of the IAC and enhance engagement
- Increase the publication of CB information to the ABS-CH
- Encourage greater synergies with other relevant international instruments
- Foster high-level coordination among donors, funding agencies, other key stakeholders



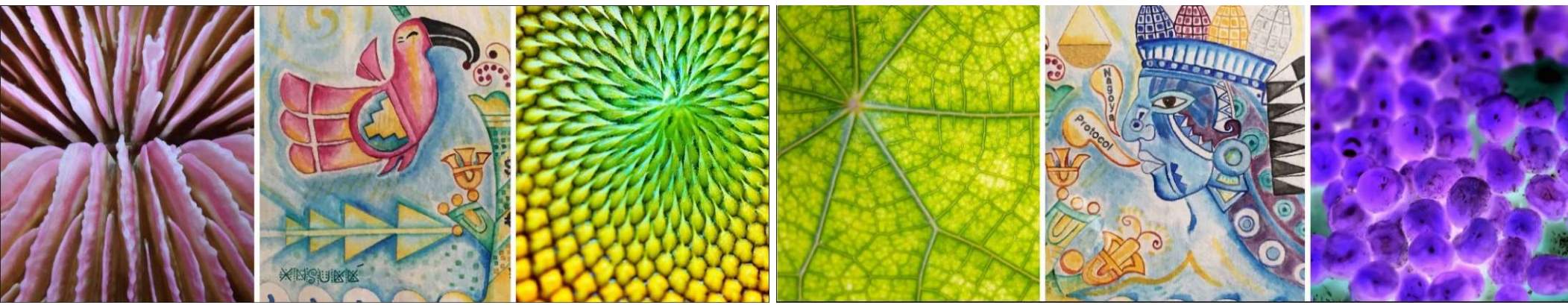
Key recommendations

Improving the role of the Secretariat

- Enhance communication efforts to promote revised SF
- Play an active role in showcasing ABS experiences and capacity-building lessons
- Continue to facilitate the uploading and use of relevant capacity-building information to the ABS-CH

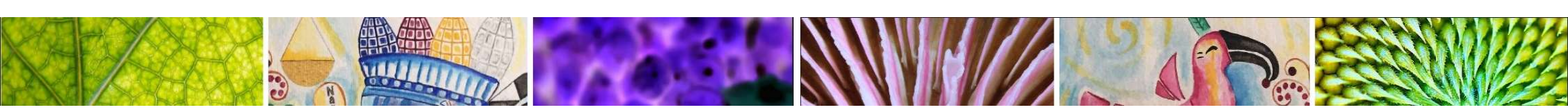
General recommendation to improve ABS capacity-building

- Address practical sustainability questions in project designs
- Build ABS into broader biodiversity-related capacity-building and development projects
- Continue to adopt a tailored country-specific approach
- Give due consideration to the establishment of interim measures in less advanced countries
- Enhance South-South cooperation



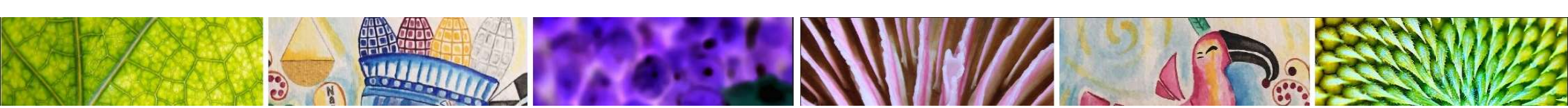
Capacity-building priorities from first assessment and review of the Nagoya Protocol and the KM GBF

Beatriz Gomez



Assessment and review of the Protocol

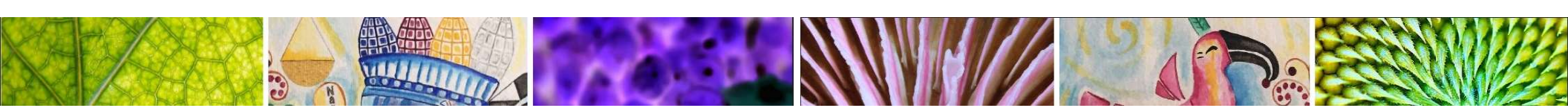
- COP-MOP 3 (Nov. 2018)- decision NP-3/1
 - Based on the submission of information, the interim national reports, national reports under the CBD, NBSAPs, the ABS Clearing-House
- Next review will be in COP-MOP 6 (2026)
 - First national report is due by 28 February 2026
 - Work is underway to make it available in the ABS-CH
 - Need CB support from partners



Assessment and review of the Protocol

General conclusions for capacity-building

- Many countries still need to adopt ABS measures and establish institutional structures
- Support to the development of ABS measures is a priority
- General capacity-building and awareness-raising of institutions, relevant stakeholders and IPLCs is still required
- Developing countries and countries with economies in transition rely heavily on projects and initiatives to make progress in implementation.
 - Need for financial resources
 - Need for global and regional CB projects

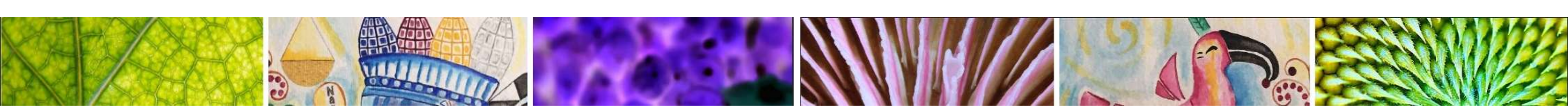


Assessment and review of the Protocol

Priority: ABS measures

Challenges:

- Cross-cutting nature of the Protocol requires:
 - the participation IPLCs and relevant stakeholders (e.g. different business sectors and the scientific community)
 - coordination among different institutions and ministries (e.g. science, agriculture, trade,).
- Legislative process is time-consuming and challenging.
 - Developing ABS measures that support benefit-sharing while avoiding unnecessary complexity and with limited human resources
- Uncertainty with shared genetic resources and ATK



Assessment and review of the Protocol

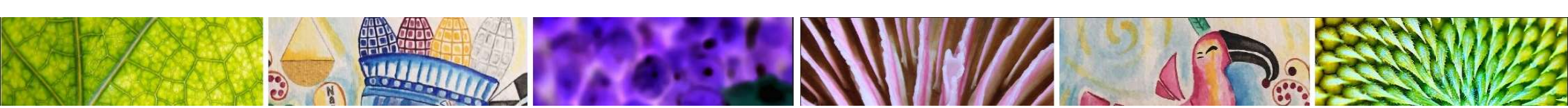
Priority: ABS measures

Capacity-building initiatives could support:

- mechanisms to facilitate coordination and participation of different groups and institutions
 - special considerations under Article 8 of the Protocol
- development of interim measures
- regional approaches to support harmonized implementation of the Protocol including on Art 11 (transboundary coop)
- Publication of information on the ABSCH, including on ABS procedures

SCBD

Global/regional support

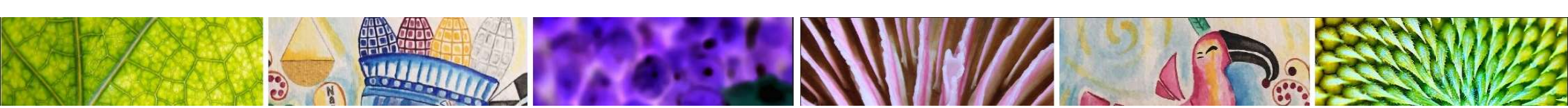


Assessment and review of the Protocol

Priorities: compliance and monitoring

Challenges:

- Not all countries have adopted measures as users of genetic resources
 - Compliance with domestic legislation or regulatory requirements (Articles 15 and 16).
- Lack of understanding of the system for monitoring the utilization of GR through the ABS-CH
 - Checkpoints: functions and options for designation
- Publishing information in the ABS-CH is key to facilitate the monitoring system



Assessment and review of the Protocol

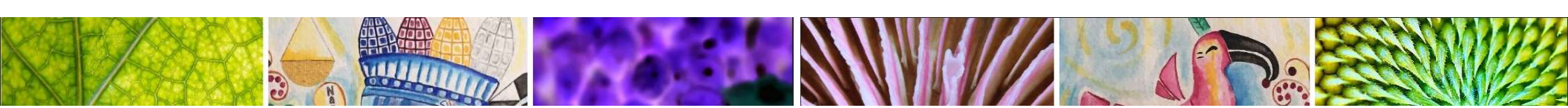
Priorities: compliance and monitoring

Capacity-building initiatives could support:

- Building capacity on compliance and monitoring the use of GR, including checkpoints
- Development of online permitting-systems including interoperability feature with the ABS-CH
- Parties to publish information in the ABS-CH

SCBD

Global/regional support

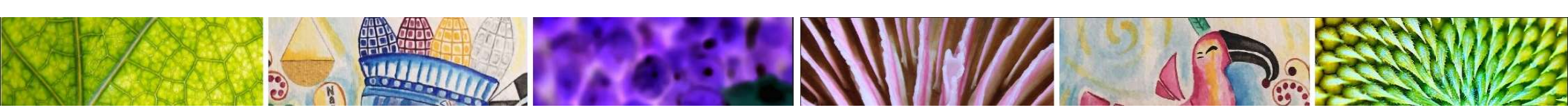


Assessment and review of the Protocol

Priority: IPLCs

Challenges:

- determining how the concept of “IPLCs” applies at the national level;
- clarifying the rights IPLCs over GR and ATK;
- identifying the different groups of IPLCs and understanding the way they are organized;
- linking traditional knowledge with the holder/s of such knowledge.



Assessment and review of the Protocol

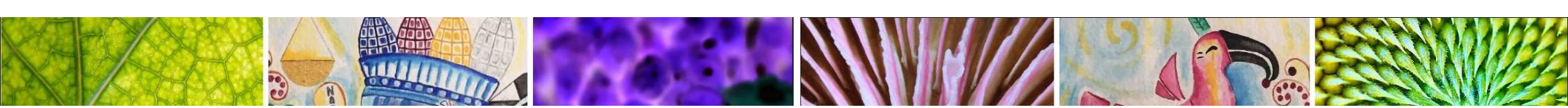
Priority: IPLCs

Capacity-building initiatives could support:

- The capacity of Parties and IPLCs
- National mechanisms for the participation of IPLCs
- Coordination and institution building within and among IPLCs
- IPLCs in developing MAT, community protocols and model contractual clauses

KM GBF emphasis on IPLCs

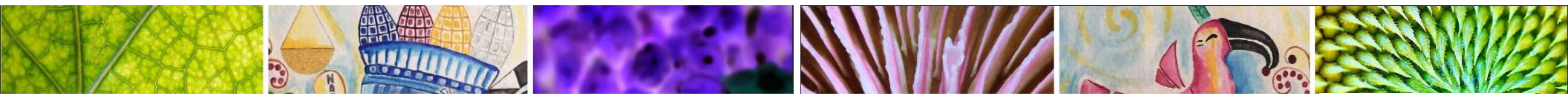




Assessment and review of the Protocol

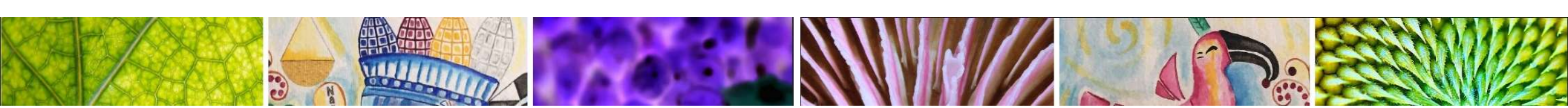
Other areas for capacity-building

- Strategic communication to enhance awareness about the Protocol;
- Negotiation of MAT
- Endogenous research capacities, understanding the value of GR and promotion of partnerships and technology transfer



Opportunities

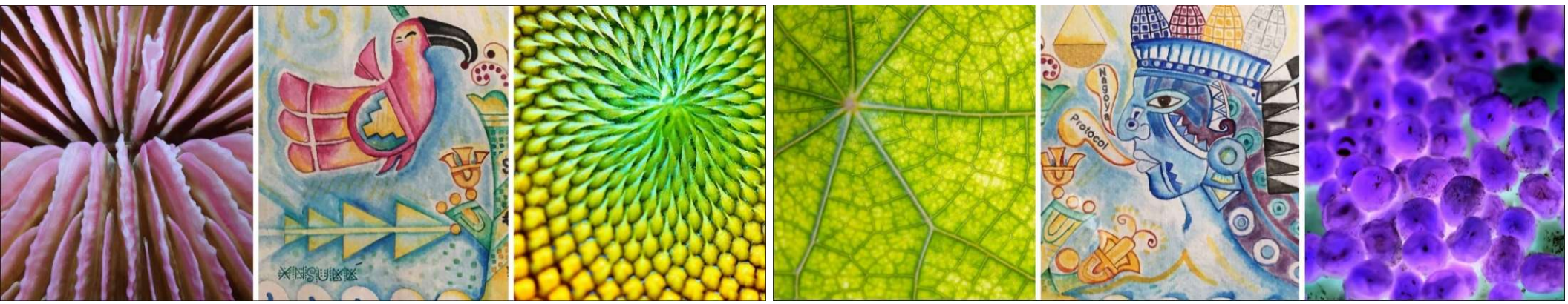
- Kunming-Montreal Global Biodiversity Framework
 - Target 13 and Goal C (CBD, NP, ITPGRFA)
 - NBSAPs process
 - New funding opportunities
 - Progress is measured through information published in the ABS CH (indicators)
 - Headline indicators: monetary and non-monetary benefits
 - AHTEG to develop methodology
 - Potential need of CB support



NBSAPS

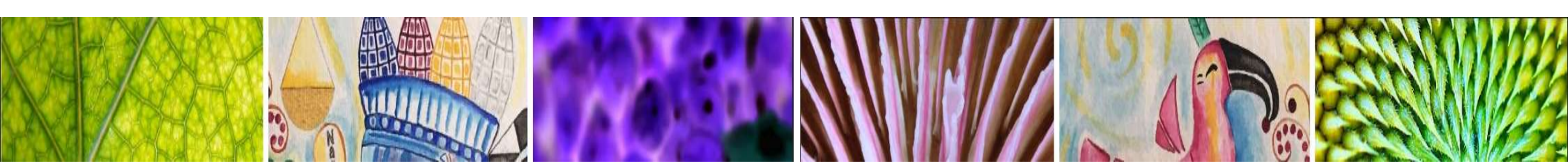
Considerations for setting their national target:

- Non-Parties to the NP- Ratification
- Parties to the NP
 - Is my country complying with all the obligations under the Nagoya Protocol?
 - Are the measures in place effective (do they lead to benefit-sharing)?
 - What do I need to do or change to increase the benefits being shared?
- ITPGRFA (ratification, measures)
- Capacity-building measures for ABS for genetic resources, DSI and ATK



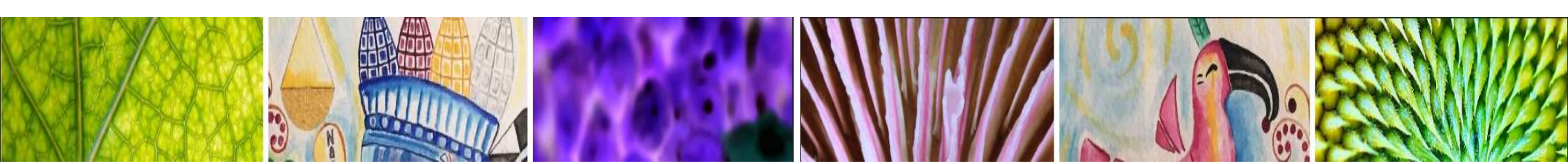
Proposed structure and key elements for inclusion in the action plan

Kristina Taboulchanas



Key considerations for the revision

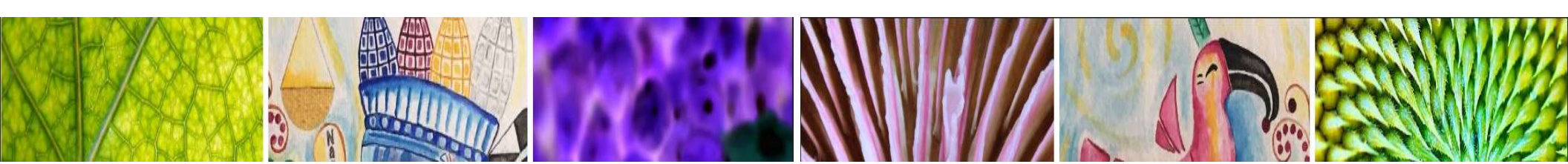
- From strategic framework to capacity-building and development action plan for the Nagoya Protocol
- Inextricably linked to Goal C and Target 13 of the Kunming-Montreal GBF and thematic plan under the LTSF
- Structure will maintain key elements of the strategic framework
- Purpose: guidance to Parties, IPLCs and other relevant stakeholders, the financial mechanism of the Protocol and capacity-building provider organizations
- **Action plan for all:** guidance will be expanded to include specific actions for Parties that are considered primarily “users” of GR, IPLCs, research and business communities
- Integrate gender considerations as a cross-cutting theme



Key considerations for the revision

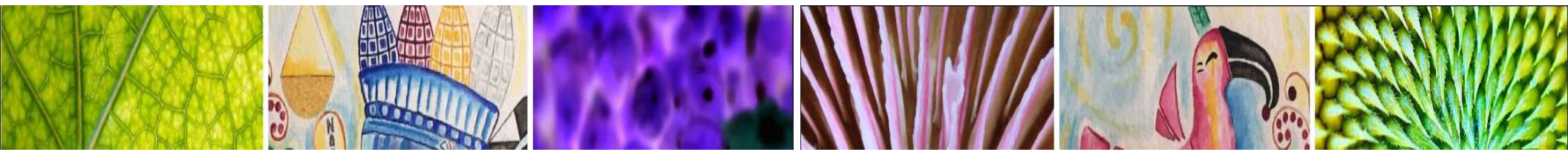
Incorporate concepts for inclusion (from LTSF):

- definition of capacity-building and development
- different levels where capacity-building occurs and types of capacities
- Notion that capacities need to not only be developed but also used, maintained and retained (sustainability dimension)
- Incorporate a results-based approach (Theory of Change)
- Avoid negotiated text being re-negotiated (i.e. concepts, principles and appendices)
- Incorporate awareness raising as part of capacity-building and development interventions
- Link to tools such as capacity planning matrix, stakeholder mapping
- Action plan and all related information should be made available in a user-friendly "one-stop-shop" (through ABS-CH)



Proposed draft structure and key elements

- Introduction (what it is, who it is for, why it is needed, and how to use it)
 - Links to Kunming-Montreal GBF, LTSF and SDGs
- Theory of change and results-chain for the action plan
- Principles (from LTSF)
- Implementation
 - Priority areas for capacity-building and development (5 key areas +?)
 - Target audiences and potential roles and contributions of different stakeholder groups
 - Designing capacity-building interventions (strategies, tools and activities, sustainability)
 - Coordination, synergies, cooperation and sharing of experiences
 - Resources for capacity-building and development
- Role of the Secretariat
- Review of action plan



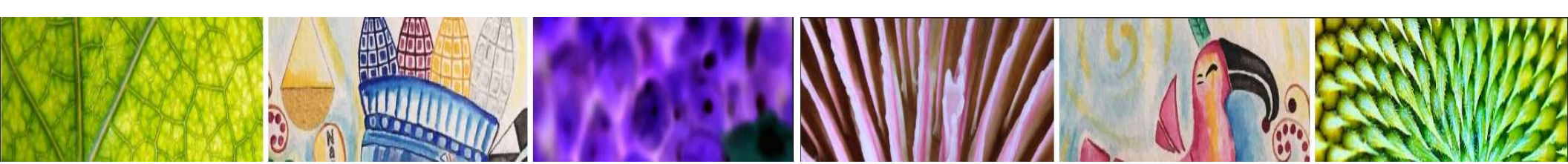
Requests for inputs from the IAC

The ES is seeking your input on the following topics:

1. Emerging issues

Questions for online forum: the evaluation identified DSI and strategic communication on ABS as emerging issues for capacity-building development.

- a. Can you expand on the types of capacity-building and development (technical and functional) that are needed related to these topics and provide a rationale?
- b. What capacity-building and development activities would you suggest and why are you proposing those?
- c. Can these needs be addressed under the existing key areas (i.e. DSI under key area 5) if not what do you suggest?
- d. Are there other emerging issues that should be considered? Please elaborate

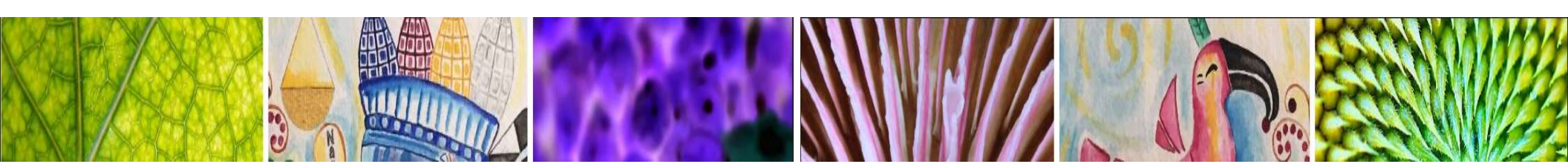


Requests for inputs from the IAC

2. Target audiences and potential roles and contributions of different stakeholder groups

Questions for online forum:

- a. In your view who are the key target audiences or beneficiaries for capacity-building and development for the effective implementation of the Nagoya Protocol and why?
- b. The IAC has expanded its membership to include the research and business community and representatives from women and youth groups. Can you please share your views and rationale on the roles these groups can play in capacity-building and development?
- c. During the evaluation, the IAC suggested that capacity-building and development measures for indigenous peoples and local communities be separate from other stakeholder groups given their distinct characteristics and needs. In your view what capacity-building and development measures would be most beneficial to IPLCs and why?



Requests for inputs from the IAC

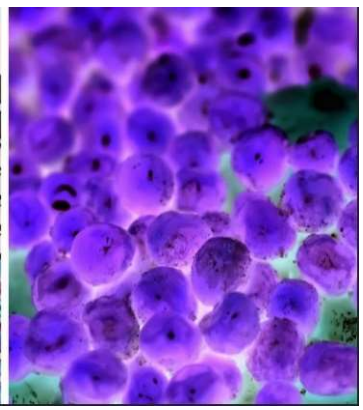
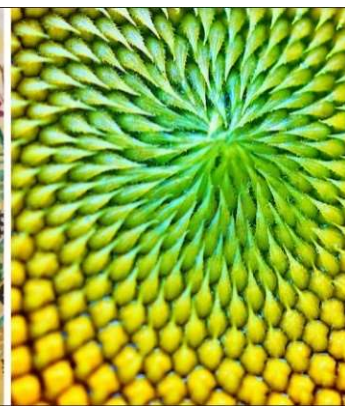
3. Structure of the capacity-building and development action plan for the Nagoya Protocol

Questions for online forum: what are your views on the proposed outline of the structure presented in the webinar?

- a. Are any important elements missing?
- b. Do you have suggestions on indicators and/or methodologies for measuring capacity-building and development?
- c. Do you have any other suggestions to improve the structure and content proposed in the outline?

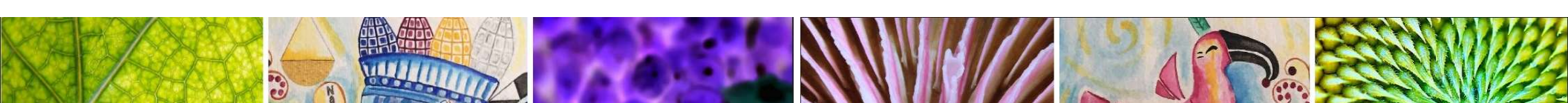
Q&A and discussion



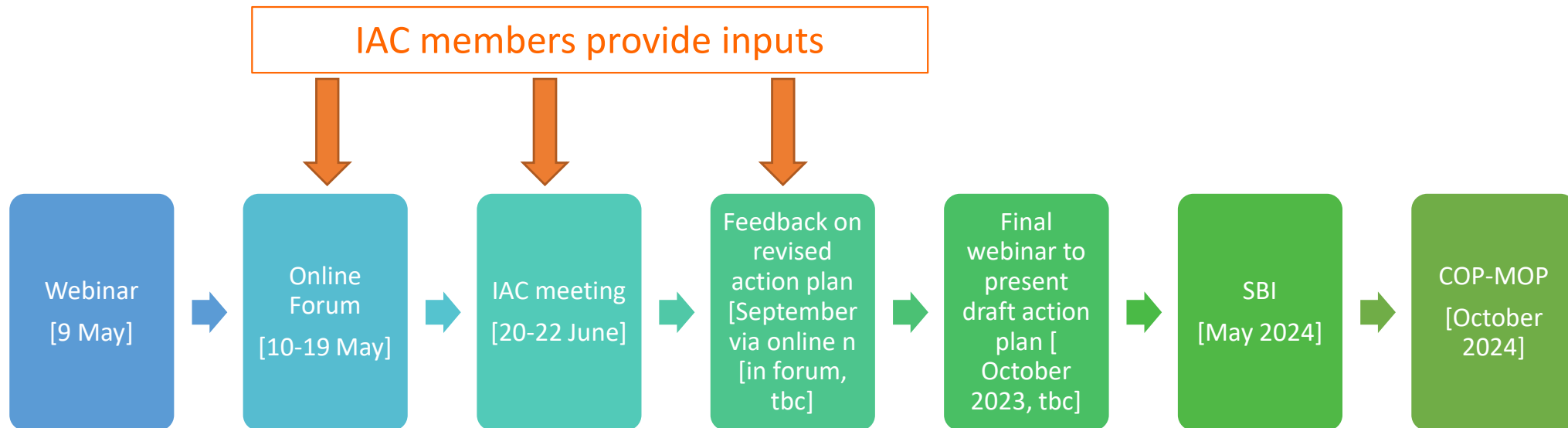


Wrap up and next steps

Regina Kipper



Timeline for revision of action plan



Where to find resources and documents

- Online forum: Access details will be shared by e-mail
- IAC documentation: <https://www.cbd.int/meetings/NP-CB-IAC-2023-01>

ANNOUNCEMENT:

ABSCH Q&A WEBINAR

24 May 2023

09:00 EST

**Community Protocols
and Customary Laws**





Thank you

For more information on ABS and the Nagoya Protocol click:

www.cbd.int/abs

Visit the ABS Clearing-House at: www.absch.cbd.int

