<u>Agenda Item 2:</u> Review of implementation of the Kunming-Montreal Global Biodiversity Framework, including means of implementation

Documents

<u>CBD/SBI/2/2/Rev.1</u> - Review of implementation of the Kunming-Montreal Global Biodiversity Framework, including means of implementation

<u>CBD/SBI/5/2/Add.1/Rev.1</u> - Analysis of national biodiversity strategies and action plans revised and updated aligned with the Kunming-Montreal Global Biodiversity Framework

<u>CBD/SBI/5/2/Add.2/Rev.1</u> - Analysis of Targets established by Parties aligned with the Kunming-Montreal Global Biodiversity Framework

<u>CBD/SBI/5/2/Add.3</u> - Summary of key findings from regional and subregional dialogues on national biodiversity strategies and action plans

<u>CBD/SBI/5/3</u> - Pilot open-ended forum for voluntary country review of implementation at the fifth meeting of the Subsidiary Body on Implementation

FAO Statement

Thank you Chair,

FAO would like to congratulate those Parties who have submitted their national targets and updated or revised their NBSAPs.

Overall, FAO recognizes the progress made in linking national targets to the elements of the KMGBF related to the sustainable use of biodiversity, particularly those targets that link directly to food and agriculture.

FAO notes however, that several Parties have not yet submitted their national targets or updated their NBSAPs in alignment with the KMGBF. FAO reiterates its commitment to assist countries in these efforts.

Since COP15, FAO has provided support to countries,

- at the global level, through capacity-building and awareness-raising activities, in particular with agrifood stakeholders;
- at the regional level, by assisting with the development of regional biodiversity strategies and actions plans; and
- at the national level, by facilitating the engagement of agrifood stakeholders in national target-setting processes, for example by providing financial and technical assistance for Target 10 and other relevant targets, providing technical reviews of draft targets or NBSAPs, providing tailored advice on indicator use at the national level, and building the capacity of negotiators.

FAO has provided support to over 40 countries for the development and implementation of NBSAPs, and commits to continue and increase support to countries, at their request.

Several countries have already requested technical and financial support from FAO and in response to these requests, FAO will launch an Agri-NBSAPs Support Initiative during the high-level segment in two-weeks' time, with the aim to accelerate the integration of biodiversity into agrifood sectors to achieve the KMGBF.

Thank you Chair.