

Biodiversity Information Management In Support to National Report Preparation

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Outline:



- Guidelines for the Fourth National Reports and Information Requirements
- ACB's Biodiversity Information Management (BIM) in support to the Preparation of the Fourth National Report (4NR)
- Challenges, Related Ongoing Initiatives and Next Steps



Guidelines for the Fourth National Reports



- Assess the progress towards the 2010 target
- Reflect the current status and trends in biodiversity and actions taken to implement the Convention at the national level and to consider as well as further efforts that still need to be done.
- Should enable the conference of the parties to:
 - Facilitate the decision-making process of the Convention
 - Identify gaps in and define future priorities for the programme of work of the Convention in order to ensure full implementation of the three objectives of the Convention
 - Facilitate the exchange of information among Parties concerning the experience of implementation of the Convention



Guidelines for the Fourth National Reports



Report Structure

- Executive Summary
- Chapter I Overview of Biodiversity Status, trends and threats
- Chapter II Current status of NBSAP
- Chapter II Sectoral and cross-sectoral integration or mainstreaming of biodiversity considerations
- Chapter IV Conclusions: progress towards the 2010 target and Implementation of the strategic plan
- Annex I Information concerning reporting Party and preparation of national report
- Annex II Further sources of information
- Annex III Progress towards targets of the Global Strategy for Plant Conservation and Programme of Work on Protected Areas

Annex IV - information on national indicators (optional)

Guidelines for the Fourth National Reports



Status and Trends of biodiversity:

<u>Location:</u> Where are the biodiversity resources?

<u>Size/Trends:</u> What are the size and trends of exploited biodiversity resources?

<u>Products derived:</u> How many products are derived from biodiversity sources that are sustainably managed (Target 4.1)?

<u>Management:</u> How much of the areas are managed consistent with the conservation of biodiversity (Target 4.1)?

Data, information and indicators are needed to assess status and trends of biodiversity (From BDI

Worskshop, Siem Reap, Cambodia)







ASEAN Centre for Biodiversity

ACB will facilitate cooperation and coordination among ASEAN Member Countries, and with relevant national governments, regional and international organizations, on the conservation and sustainable use of biological diversity and the fair and equitable sharing of benefits arising from the use of such biodiversity in the ASEAN Region.











ASEAN Centre for Biodiversity

Technical Components

- Policy Development and Coordination
- Human and Institutional Capacity Building
- Public Awareness
- Digital Knowledge Management
- Networking and Partnership

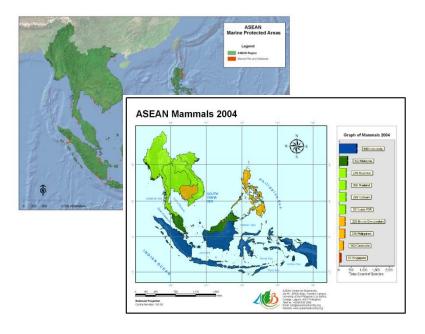


ASEAN Centre for Biodiversity: Biodiversity Information Management Component





Biodiversity Information Sharing Service (BISS)



Clearing House Mechanism



Communities of Practice and Networks







ACB Activities

- ACB aims to strengthen the knowledge management capacity of the AMCs to assist them in their national reports to different Conventions or multilateral environment agreements (MEAs) including CBD.
- Some of ABC's BIM related activities include:
- (1) Workshops on data and information sharing and harmonization
- (2) National Consultation Workshops for the Preparation of the 4th National Reports
- (3) Workshops on biodiversity indicators and Data Validation
- (4) Regional CHM and the national CHMs
- (5)Biodiversity Information Sharing (BISS)
- (6) Framework and Networks for knowledge sharing





1. Workshops on data and information sharing and harmonization

- •ACB aims to promote digital knowledge management capacity among AMS and other stakeholders by harmonizing biodiversity data and information; strengthening knowledge sharing between and among AMS and ASEAN; and correcting gaps and shortcomings.
- •ACB continued its work on harmonizing biodiversity data and information in the region through the conduct of the following sub-regional and regional workshops:
 - Sub-regional Workshop on Mechanism for Biodiversity Data Sharing and Harmonization (Hanoi, Viet Nam, 11-14 March 2008; Luang Prabang, Lao PDR, 9-11 June 2008).
 - "Regional Technical Workshop on Mechanism for Biodiversity Information Sharing and Harmonization" (Chiang Mai, Thailand, 23-28 November 2008)



2. National Consultation Workshops for the Preparation of the 4th National Reports

- The AMS national workshops are envisioned to contribute largely to the ASEAN 2010 Biodiversity Assessment Report by identifying suitable indicators that ASEAN Member States (AMS) can relate to and which they have available information that they can share.
- Serve as venue for the AMS to consolidate their available information and to draft their country reports which is expected to be submitted in 2009 to the Secretariat of the CBD, as required. The national workshops would have a flexible approach in choosing the indicators based on their priorities, capabilities, and data availability apart from the set of minimum standard indicators identified in the Siem Reap, Cambodia
 workshop.



3. Biodiversity Indicators

- An important tool for monitoring the status and trends of biodiversity at various levels and assesses progress at the global level towards the 2010 target and effectively communicates trends in biodiversity
- Biodiversity indicators listing is in "Annex I Provisional framework of goals, targets and indicators to assess the progress towards the 2010 Biodiversity Target" of the Guidelines for the Fourth National Report





3a. Workshops on biodiversity indicators

 Workshops on Biodiversity Indicators and Database Uses and Applications and BI Calculation, Interpretation and Communication Siem Reap, Cambodia, 25-27 August 2008 and Bangkok, Thailand, 18-20 November 2008

 These workshops are envisioned to contribute largely to the 4NR and ASEAN 2010 Biodiversity Assessment Report by identifying suitable indicators that ASEAN Member States (AMS) that are relevant and has available information that can be shared.







3a. Biodiversity Indicators Analysis of the Cambodia WS for the ASEAN Region, according to country relevance.

	Goals / Targets Goal 1. Promote the conservation of the biological diversity of ecosystems, habitats and biomes	Indicators	BR	KH for com ple tion	ID	LA	MY	PH	SG	тн	VN	MM	Total
	Target 1.1 At least 10% of the world's ecological regions effectively conserved	Surface area to total land area (Wetlands, terrestrial, marine PAs)	X		x	x	X	X	X	x	x		8
		Surface forest cover area protected	X		X	x	X	X	X	X	X		8
		total area	X		X	X	X		X	X	X		7
		% of forest PAs	X		X	X	X			X	X		6
۱		% of marine PAs	X		X		X	X		X			5
		No. of gazetted PAs effectively managed	X				X		X				3
	122	No. of rangers	X						X	X			3
		No. of Investments in PA	X							X			2
۷		Score card	X		X		X			X			4
	The safe of the Brooms	Quality of database	X				X						2







3a. Biodiversity Indicators Analysis of the Cambodia WS for the ASEAN Region, according to country relevance.

Goals / Targets	Indicators	BR	КН	ID	LA	MY	РН	SG	тн	VN	MM	Total
Target 1.2 Areas of particular importance to biodiversity protected	PAs designated as Ramsar Sites, Key Biodiversity Areas, Important Bird Areas, Man and Biosphere, World/ASEAN Heritage Sites sustainably managed	X		X	x		x	x	x	x		7
	No. of areas outside PAs sustainably managed			X	X	X	X				1	4
Goal 2. Promote the con-	servation of species dive	rsity										
Target 2.1 Restore, maintain or reduce the decline of populations of species of selected taxonomic groups	nEx-situ conservation program implemented: zoological / botanical gardens, etc	X		x		x	X	x	x	x		7
122	In-situ conservation program implemented: Re-introduction, recovery, population	X		X		x	X	X	X	X		7
	Proportion of national flora in cultivation	X		X		X		X	X	X		6







Biodiversity Indicators Analysis of the Cambodia WS for the ASEAN Region, according to country relevance. (click link to view full document)

Goals / Targets	Indicators	BR	КН	ID	LA	MY	PH	SG	TH	VN	ММ	Total
Target 2.2 Status of threatened species improved	National list of threatened species (flora & fauna): Redbook, CITES appendix I Proportion of species threatened with extinction	X		X	x	x	X	x	X	x		8
	IUCN Red List Index: Birds Only; Regional and National application under development	x		x	x	X		X	x	X		7
Goal 3. Promote the conse	ervation of genetic resourc	es										
Target 3.1 Genetic diversity of	Data on crops, livestock, etc.											
crops, livestock and of												
harvested species of trees, fish and wildlife and other valuable species conserved, and associated indigenous and local knowledge		x		x	X	x	x		X	X		7
maintained	Laboratories: Germplasms, Genebanks Access & Benefit Sharing:	X		x		x	x	x	x	X		7
SAFET SOR BROOMINGOUS	Regulations (MTA, PIC), Plant variety certificates issued	X		X		X	X	X	X	X		7





3b. Biodiversity Indicators Data Validation

 In 25-27 August 2008, the "Regional Workshop on Biodiversity Indicators and Database Uses and their Applications" was held in Siem Reap, Cambodia, the AMS agreed on the processes for assessing available data to be used in coming up with a set of national and regional biodiversity indicators.







3b. Biodiversity Indicators Data Validation

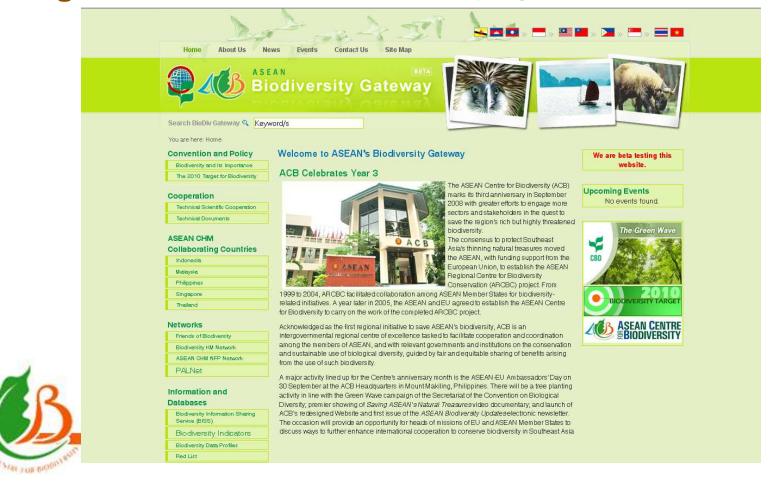
 It was also agreed that ACB will handle the extraction of data from global databases and visit AMS to validate data and information availability and determine the value of information for national level use.







4. Regional CHM: chm.aseanbiodiversity.org









National CHMs: http://chm.pawb.gov.ph/











Convention and Policy

What is Biodiversity and Why is it Important?

The 2010 Target for Biodiversity

Cooperation

Technical Scientific Cooperation Technical Documents

ASEAN CHM Collaborating Countries

Indonesia

Malaysia

Philippines

Singapore

Thailand

Networks

Friends of Biodiversity Biodiversity KM Network ASEAN CHM NFP Network **PALNet**

Information and Databases

ASEAN Database

Biodiversity Indicators

Biodiversity Data Profiles

Directories

Documents

Red List

Biodiversity Projects

Geo-referenced Biodiversity Data

and Maps

ASEAN Country Websites

Multilateral Environment

Agreements (MEAs)



The ASEAN PAs...

Geo BISS Database



Site Map

Calendar of Events

		Aus	g 20	008		
S	M	т	W	т	F	S
					1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31						
	F	ull 0	ale	nda	r	

ASEAN Red List



Biodiversity Information Portal

http://chm.aseanbiodiversity.org



4. Regional CHM and National CHMs

... CHM provides a common gateway to information; an enabling platform to link and share experiences among biodiversity stakeholders...

...and therefore assist countries in the planning, preparation, consolidation and discussion of strategic documents like the national reports, NBSAP and its implementation; and enhance the overall implementation phase of the Convention on Biological Diversity





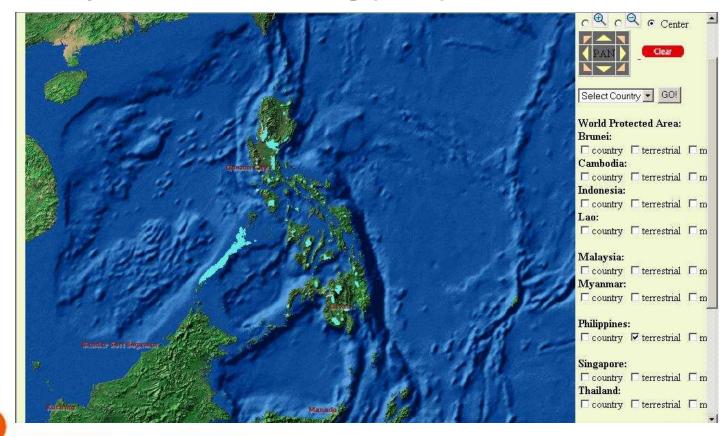
- Contains PA and species information some of which were originally linked to global data sources
- Currently being redesigned to be a dynamic and map-based platform
- Will be expanded to harmonize with the WDPA data structure







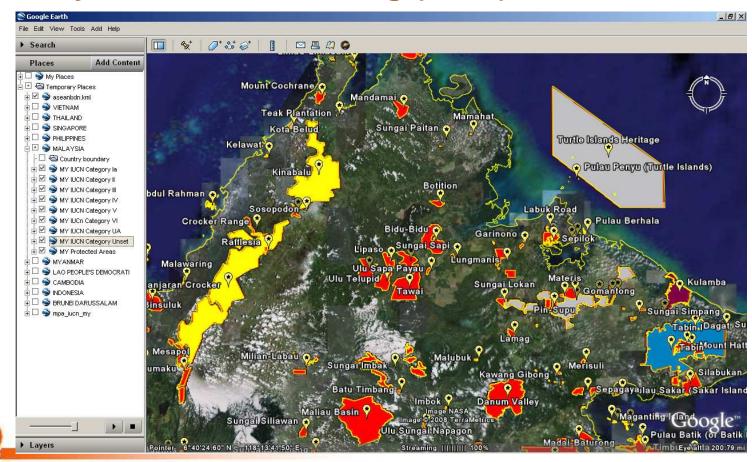








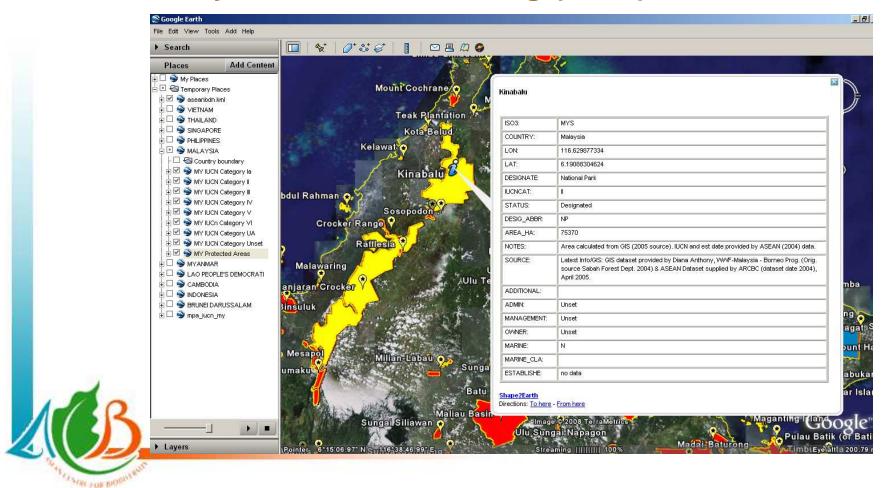








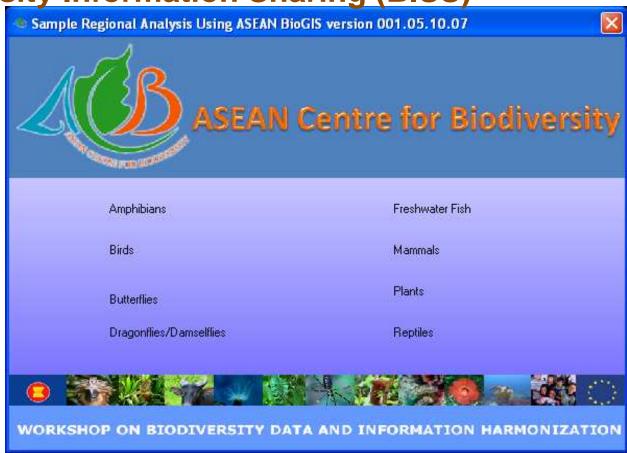














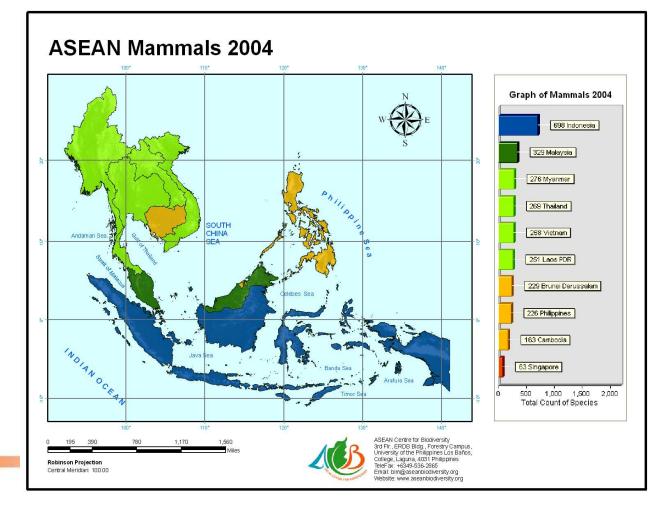






Biodiversity Information Sharing (BISS)

Total Species Count





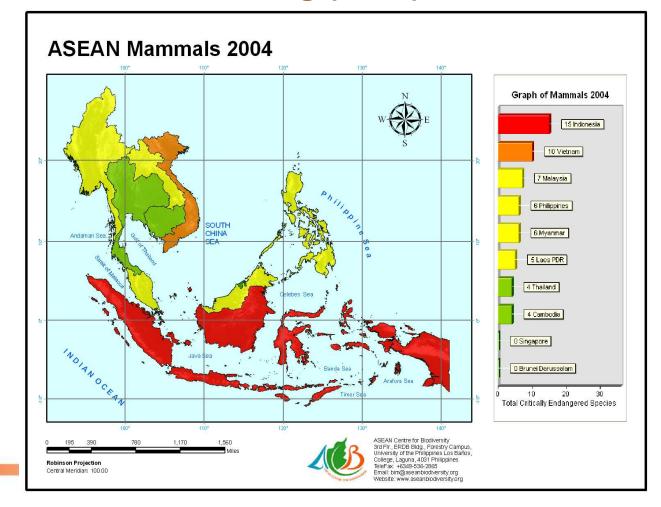






Biodiversity Information Sharing (BISS)

Total Critically Endangered Mammals



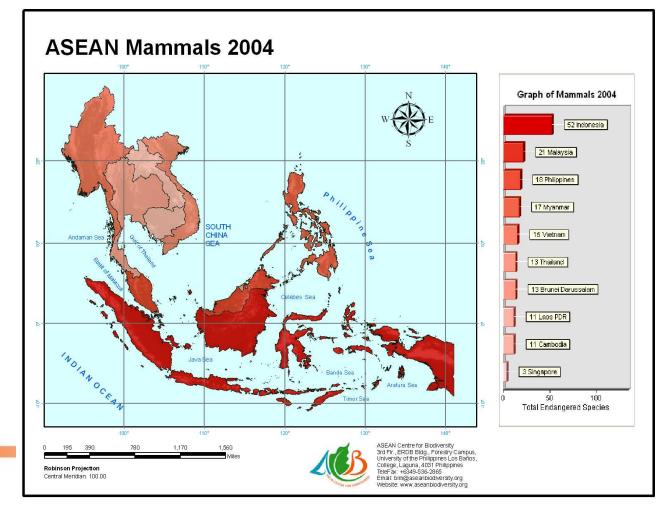














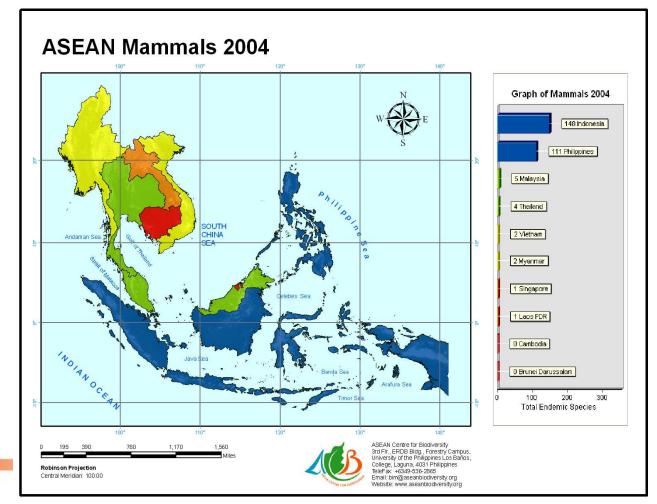






Biodiversity Information Sharing (BISS)

Total Endemic Mammals







6. Framework for Biodiversity Information Sharing and Networks for knowledge sharing or Communities of Practice(CoP) - Ongoing preparations

 CoP for the CHM National Focal Points and Website Administrators

Protected Area Learning Network (PALnet)



Challenges







- Information in the AMS reside in various agencies and may not be in a readily useful format
- Gathering of information remains a challenge
- AMS have varying levels of consolidation of biodiversity data
- Data sharing remains an issue for most AMS



Ongoing Initiatives



- Ongoing work on Biodiversity Indicators and validation and verification of data availability via ACB's National Contact Points
- Partnership with UNEP WCMC ACB to serve as regional node for WDPA. AMS have commitments to update PA data
- Partnership with WorldFish on OBIS and with **GBIF** on Biodiversity Information links
- Internal redesign of the BISS from static content to dynamic map-based application
 - Establishment of the Biodiversity Information **Network including the CHM Focal Points**

Next Steps







- ACB's will serve as the ASEAN hub for protected area information
- ACB will strengthen its link with the AMS and the global WDPA of UNEP WCMC to facilitate the updating and monitoring of the terrestrial and marine PA networks
- ACB will consider the data needs identified in the previous PA Gap Analysis Study in the current re-design process of BISS.
- BISS and the regional CHM will be the main locations of relevant PA and species information that will be useful for national and regional reports on biodiversity









Conserve biodiversity.. Save humanity!

www. aseanbiodiversity.org



Thank you....

