

China Releases National Biodiversity Conservation Strategy and Action Plan (2023-2030)

The government of China has approved the *China National Biodiversity Conservation Strategy and Action Plan (2023-2030)*, which was recently released by the Ministry of Ecology and Environment of China, as an important step to comprehensively enhance China's biodiversity governance, as well as a concrete action by the presidency of the fifteenth Conference of the Parties to the Convention on Biological Diversity (COP15) to continuously promote the implementation of the Kunming-Montreal Global Biodiversity Framework (KMGBF).

This is the fourth edition of China's NBSAP, updated to meet China's biodiversity conservation needs in the new era and align with the goals and targets of the KMGBF. This new NBSAP sets forth biodiversity conservation targets for 2030 and 2035 in China, with the vision of building a beautiful China where humans live in harmony with nature. To comprehensively support the implementation of the strategic targets, NBSAP delineates 27 priority actions and 75 priority projects in four priority areas, including biodiversity mainstreaming, addressing threats of

biodiversity loss, sustainable use and benefit-sharing , and modernization of biodiversity governance capabilities, to provide guidance for various departments and regions in further strengthening biodiversity conservation.

Under the leadership of the China National Committee for Biodiversity Conservation, China will continue to intensify efforts in biodiversity conservation, and dedicatedly promote the implementation of NBSAP, making its contribution to global biodiversity governance and the implementation of KMGBF.