

Participate in WG2020-3

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Target 16. Ensure that people are encouraged and enabled to make responsible choices and have access to relevant information and alternatives, taking into account cultural preferences, to reduce by at least half the waste and, where relevant the overconsumption, of food and other materials.

Objective:

Unsustainable consumption underlies each of the main direct drivers of biodiversity loss. Reaching the 2050 Vision will require that the use of biological resources does not exceed the capacity of the Earth to generate them. This will necessitate action across society, with governments having a particularly important role to play in creating an enabling environment for actions by the private sector and individuals.

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Component:	Indicators (Headline in bold)
Reduce waste and overconsumption – Sustainable	16.0.1 Food waste index
consumptions patterns can be achieved in two main ways.	(15.4.2 Recycling rate)
First, by improving efficiencies and reducing waste from	
current consumption patterns. Significant efforts are already	
ongoing to improve efficiencies and reducing waste,	
including by promoting circular economy approaches;	
however, the aggregated demand for resources continues to	
increase, and therefore the impacts of their use remain well	
above safe ecological limits. Therefore, the second important	
action will be putting in place measures and tools to reduce	
the overall demand for resources.	
People have access to relevant information and	16.0.2 Material footprint per capita
alternatives – In addition to various measures and tools, to	
reduce the overall demand for resources, public access to	
relevant information and alternatives will be crucial in	
reducing overconsumption and steering people towards the	
use of more durable and sustainable goods and materials.	

Further explanation of target elements

Responsible choices – Responsible choices are critical for eliminating unsustainable consumption patterns, and begin by ensuring people everywhere understand and appreciate the value of biodiversity.

Encouraged and enabled – This could include promoting changes in consumer preferences for the amount and type of resources which are consumed, promoting the use of goods from sustainable sources, support for biodiversity friendly business practices, developing national procurement policies that are in line with the objectives of the Convention on Biological Diversity, and the development of methods to promote science-based information on biodiversity in consumer and producer decisions.

Linkages

Objectives of the CBD – conservation of biological diversity and sustainable use of the components of biological diversity

Drivers of biodiversity loss – (all) land/sea use change, direct exploitation, climate change, pollution, invasive species

GBF targets

Reducing threats to biodiversity – T4 species recovery, T5 trade, harvest and use, T6 invasive species, T7 pollution (esp. plastic waste), T8 climate/ecosystem-based approaches

Meeting people's needs – T9 sustainable management of wild species & customary sustainable use, T10 managed/productive ecosystems, T11 nature's contributions to people, T12 green and blue spaces

Tools and solutions – T14 biodiversity values, T15 businesses, T18 harmful incentives, T19 means of implementation (esp. capacity-building), T20 traditional knowledge & education, T21 equitable participation and rights over resources

Sustainable Development Goals

- Goal 2: End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture
- Goal 6: Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all
- Goal 12: Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns
- Goal 14: Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development

Goal 15: Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss

GBO-5 pathways

Essential for the achievement of all transitions to sustainable pathways identified in GBO-5

Click here to for more information on the First draft of the post-2020 global biodiversity framework